CIVIL ACCOUNT CODE

Volume I

EIGHTH EDITION

(SECOND REPRINT)

Embodying all corrections issued to Eighth Edition (First Reprint) up to end of December 1934



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PREFACE TO THE CIVIL ACCOUNT CODE,

EIGHTE EDITION (SECOND REPRINT)

Fig. edition is exertially a reprint of the first reprint of the Crui Account Code, Eichth Edition with such editions and alterations as have been introduced through the correction slips issued up to date. The opportunity has been taken however to make the following changes.

- 11 Corrections of a verbal nature which were necessitated by the changes in the designations of certain posts etc. have been made wherever necessary.
- 2) The 'S' forms to 12, 126 127 127A 128 129 151 152, which vere printed on pages 217—226 of the Dighth Edition First Reprint. have now here numbered in the G A C forms series as Nos 24, 21 22, 22A, 23, 24A, 20 and 20A respectively; the number which they previously bore in the 'S' series being-indicated in the top of each form
- (3) C rtain forms in the Book of Account Forms have been brought on to the C Λ C Forms series and have leen numbered in the present reprint as C Λ C Forms Nos 1Λ, 1Β, 10, 1D, 2Λ, 2B 10C 1±Λ 10Λ 10B 31B and 31C and the consequential additions and corrections to the several articles in the Cole rendered necessary by this transfer-base also be a carried out—ade Articles 47 47Λ 52, Clause 1 of Article 98 Appendices 81, and 8B and the criticles newly introduced in this reprint namely. Articles 50 1, 50 Δ, 50 B, 74 Λ and 187 Λ.
- (4) As the posts of the Inspector General of Irrigation and of th Agreemental Advicer to the Government of India have been abolished necessary amendments have been made in the following Articles—

Article 59 Article 100 (d) Art clo 104, Rule 4, Art clo L59 (d) (m) (2) and (3) and Rule 6 of A ηcadix 5

The Table of contents and the I dex have also been brought up to date

F PURDON

Auditor Concret on Inly

New Delete.

The 15th Jenuary, 1935

PREFACE TO CIVIL ACCOUNT CODE, VOLUME I, EIGHTH EDITION (REPRINT).

1 This edition is merely a reprint of the eighth edition of the Civil Account Code, Volume I, with such additions and alterations as have

heen introduced through the correction slips

2 The preface to the eighth edition has been reproduced separately
for purposes of reference

M F. GAUNTLETT,

Auditor General

27th May 1925.

PREFACE TO CIVIL ACCOUNT CODE, EIGHTH EDITION, VOLUME 1

1. This edition of the Civil Account Code is divided into two volumes --

Volume 1 -- Instructions to Officers generally in dealing with Treasuries (corresponding to Part I, Volume I, of the seventh edition)

Volume II -- Treasury Procedure (corresponding to Part II, Volume I, of the seventh edition)

The departmental regulations and the procedure relating to andit and accounts which had heeu described in Volume II of the seventh edition of the Civil Account Code have now heen incorporated in two separate publications, viz. "Audit Code" and "Account Code".

- 2 Volume I is intended primarily for officers of all Civil Departments, including the Public Works and Forest Departments, the special rules relating to which are embodied in the department of occount codes viz, the Public Works Account Code oud the Forest Account Code, respectively Volume II describes the procedure observed in Treasuries in respect of transactions with the public and with all deportments, Civil, Militory, Railway or Posts and Telegraphs The Audit and Account Codes deal with the entire work of a Civil Account Office, including that relating to the Public Works and Forest Departments, and ecrtain chapters of these Codes are also applicable to other account offices subordinate to the Auditor General
- 3 Volume I of the eighth edition is primarily a reproduction of the seventh edition of the Civil Account Code, Volume I, Part I, with such alterations as hove since heen introduced through lists of corrections or are considered otherwise necessary
- 4 The following important alterations have been made in this Volume -
 - (a) All revisions of rules and additions necessitated by the smalga mation of the Civil and Public Works Account Offices and by the recent introduction of the revised system of Public Works Accounts
 - (b) Removal from this Code of all portions dealing with the rules which are now under the administrative control of the Controller of the Currency
 - (c) Revision or rearrangement of-
 - (i) Chapter 6. Contingent Charges,
 - (ii) Chapter 8, Loans and Advances,
 - (iii) Chapter 16, Local, Municipal and Cantonment Funds.
 - (iv) Chapter 17, Sanction Powers of Government,

- (v) Chapter 28, Service Funds (transferred from Part II of Volume I of the seventh edition)
 - (vi) Appendix BBBB, Sundry rulings relating to Contingent Charges of the seventh edition
- (d) Removal from Appendix BBBB of the seventh edition, of ruling (k) and incorporation of the complete rules regard ing the supply of articles for the public service in a separate appendix
- (e) Omission of the rules regulating the grant of Exchange Compensation Allowance as these rules have become inoperative it present
- (f) Transfer from the hody of the Code to separate appendices of the rules relating to Gruin Compensation Allowance and Income Tax Deductions.
- (g) Deletion of Appendix D "List of treasuries which Issue and Cash Bills" of the seventh edition and its substitution by a separate publication. List of Treasuries and Sub treasuries in India, which will be supplied only to officers in charge of Treasuries and Sub treasuries and some other officers.
- (h) Renumbering of all chapters articles append ces and forms and consequent revision of the Index

5 As a revision of this Code will be necessary in the near future in view of the Constitutional changes the preparation of a fuller index and of reference tables comparing the new rules and appendices of the eighth edition with those of the seventh edition and vice versa, has been considered unnecessary. Such a concordance has however been prepared in respect of the forms and further to facilitate reference all rules appendices and forms of the eighth edition which have under gone revision other than that of a textual nature have been marked by an actuals.

M F GAUNTLI TT

Auditor General

December 28th 1920

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[C A Code Vol I Sth Edn ('nd Rep.) No 50 dated the 1st July 1936]	
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CIVIL ACCOUNT CODE

AOPTIME 1

INSTRUCTIONS TO OFFICERS GENERALLY IN DEALING WITH TREASURIES.

Intraductory Nates

1 The Gavernar General in Canneil wha is the custadian of the Public Accaunt, may, acting under Rule 16 of the Devalutian Rules and with the previous sanctian of the Secretary of Stata in Canneil, issue Treasury Orders prescribing the pracedure to be followed in the payment of maneys into and in the withdrawal, transfer and disbursement of moneys fram, the Public Account, and for the custody of maneys standing in the Account. These Treasury Orders are repraduced in Appendix 8C

These Treasury Orders, seeing that they are issued ultimately under Section 45A at the Government of India Act, have statutary autiliarity in their application to provincial transactions anly. In their application to Central transactians, they should be regarded as executive arders issued by the Governor General in Council, which can be modified by that authority without the previous sanctian of the Secretary of State in Council.

No. 83.

Page 1, Para 2 of the Introductory Notes-

In lines 3 and 4 for the words "(or into any branch of the Imperial Bank of India)" substitute "for into the Bank as defined in Treasnry Order 2 (a))".

(C A Ocde, Vol. I, 8th Fdu (2nd Pep) No 83 dated the 2nd September 1935

the Lode (2) the orders issued of the Jovenium and (3) the rales pertained to audit and accounts framed by the Auditor General which should be followed by all officers dealing with the treasures (or the Bank). The financial rules of the Provincial Overnments and the subsidiary rules issued by them under the Treasury Orders will be found in the Codes Manuals Regulations or orders of the Governments concerned

3 In this Code -

(a) Local Government means, where the rules apply to a Gover nor's province, the Governor in Council or the Governor acting with Ministers and in the case of a province or administration other than a Governor's province, a Chief Commissioner, or the head of a minor administration. The local Governments of Governors' provinces are also called Provincial Governments and other local Governments are also called minor local Governments are

(b) Head of a Department, for the purpose of the rules in this Code, means—

- (1) an authority declared to be such with reference to Rule 2 (10) of the Supplementary Rules made by the Governor General in Council under the Fundamental Rules if the declaration is made in general terms and not with reference to certain specified rules only, and
- (2) any other officer declared to he such either by the authority making the rules or by any authority to whom the power of declaration is delegated by or under the rules
- (c) The Bank means the Imperial Bank of India or any branch of the Imperial Bank of India
- (d) Treasury includes a sub treasury
- (e) The term 'Deputy Controller of the Currency' includes also the Accountants General Madras and Burma

4 Heads of Departments under the Central Government have been anthorised to declare any Gazetted Officer subordinate to them to be the "Head of an Office" for the purpose of the rules in this Code

Audit Obj

Cheques

CHAPTER 1-GENERAL PRINCIPLES AND RULES

Receipt of Money 7 Check of Receipts 8 Payment of Money Issue of Puplicates of Documents 16 Responsi Check of

Defalcations and Losses Remissions of and Abandonments of Claims to Revenue Ernsures and Public Works Expends

er I---

No 87.

No 8

Page 3, Article I -

١,

Substitute the following for this Article -

1 All transactions to which any officer of the Government in his official capacity is a party, must, without any reservation, he brought to account Moneys received by h m as dues of Government or for deposit in

with Artic's I A

- Treasury Order 7 rnment is not anthorised

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Revenue

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Code ,

67, dated lat Augus

If a Government servant receives in his official capacity moneys which are not Government dues, the deposit of which in the enstedy of Government has not been anthorised by Government, he must open an ac count with a hank for their deposit. Accounts under this rule may be opened with a branch of the Imperial Bank of India with a Post Office Savings Bank or, with the approval of the Government of India with any other bank

Government servant will be personally responsible that they are expended in strict conformity with the rules and regulations governing the fund to which the moneys appertain and that a precise record of all the transactions of the and is kept in a form complying with the regulations of the fund

1 B With the sanction of the Governor General in Council under Trea sury Order 7 the appropriation of departmental receipts to departmental ex pentitute has been specially suthonsed in the following cases --

(a) In the case of the Posts and Telegraphs Department, to the extent provided in Article I of the Posts and Telegraphs Initial Account Code, Volume I-General Account Code .

(b) In regard to moneys received on account of the service of animons

permit the eipts tem n) in very travelling ed by the abnormal

es diet-money of witnesses, etc , in Civil, Revenue and Criminal Cases,

to permit the ry, which are ut money . ers at the time by Jail Spper sımılar sums

f thu Code or

(c) I

No. 157.

Page 4, Article 2-

Substitute the following for this Article -

- "2 Departmental receipts may ordinarily be realised in legal tender coir or currency notes only Government Currency notes of all denominations are now universal legal tender irrespective of the circle of their issue and are received by all Government Officers in payment of Government dues or it settlement of other transactions."
- [C A Code Vol I, 8th Edn (2nd Rep.), No 157, dated the 1-t October 1936; treated by Government omcers the contract and

1 For the acceptance of cheques od local banks see Articlo 6

3 Officers of Government receiving money on behalf of Covernment must give the payer a receipt

X 4 No department may require that funds pertaining to it be kept apart from the general treasury balance, or be received for safe custody and lept out of account or be received at all except under ordinary rules

If for special reasons, Government or Collectors of Districts when so empowered direct the cash chest of another department to bo lodged in the treasury for safe custody the fact should be reported for the information of the Accountant Central and a register kept in the treasury in which the receipt and return of the clost should be duly acknowledged the key or keys of the chest must not be kept by the treasury.

Norz—Local Governments may delegate to the Collectors of Districts the power to authorise the deposit of cash chests of other Government Departments in the treasury for safe custody subject to the condition that the Accumiant Gentral will bring to notice of the local Governments any case in which the pural museum appears to have be a improperly granted

2 Bullion jewellery and other valuables coming into the bands of a Government officer in his official capacity may be received in the treasury for safe custody at the discretion of the District Officer

5 Any person paying money into a Government treasury with present with it a memorandum (chalan), which will show distinctly the nature of the payment and the person or officer on whose account it is made, and will thus contain all the information necessary fortype preparation of the receipt to be given in exchange. Receipts for sums less than Rs 500 do not require the signature of the Treasury Officer, but only of the Accountant and the Treasure, except receipts for cash and chiques (other than pre andit cheques issued by the Accountant General) paid for service stamps which should always be signed by the Treasury Officer, see Article 98

Nore.—The above rule in so far as it relates to the signing of receipts for runs of less than Rupees 500 by the Accountant and the Trensurer, does not apply to sub treasures in central areas. See Article 270(b)

T Printed forms should be sopplied by the treasury, which may, with and vantage be himpard. They should be presented in duplicate from copy will be returned to the tenderer duly signed as a recept and the other retained in the treasury for record.

2 Duplicate children are not required when remittances are made to a treasury

2 Duplicate culturs are not required when remittaces are made to a treasury for obtaining Remittance Transfer Receipts and Sub Treasury Cash Orders or when such remittances are necompanied by Remittance and Pass Books in which the Treasury Officer is required to acknowledge receipt of the remittance.

Officer is required to acknowledge receipt of the remutance of the memorand of the first of the memorandum must, except when otherwise provided, be presented to the

GENERAL PRINCIPLES AND RULES.

Measury Officer, who will enface it with an order to the Bank to receive the money

No. 16.

luctory Notes-

or "administration" in line 5 add "and in P., His Excellency the Governor of the Governor General)".

in (2nd Rep.), No 16, dated 1st April 1935.]

will be accepted in payment of Govather transactions Such cheques must wever, a cheque has been cleared the ayment has been received and conse granted when n cheque is tendered nly will be given in the first instance. at in this manner so desires, a formal

husiness is conducted by a_branch_of ques an banks which bave clearing

payment receipt will be sent my past to his address after the cheque bas been cleared I In the event of such a cheque being dishonoured by the hank concerned on

presentation, the fact will be intimated at once to the tenderer, but Government cannot accept any hability for loss or damage which may possibly occur as a result of delay in intimating that the cheque has been dishonoured

2 Certain special arrangements will be necessary when Government dues which have to be paid by certain fixed dates are paid by cheque, and persons disiring to make such payments in this manner without risk must take precautions to ensure that their cheques reach the treasury at the latest on the day before the date on which the payment is to be made Cheques received on the last day of payment of Government dues will be hable to be refused, and those recoved later will not be accepted.

' Check of Receipts

7 It is ardinarily the duty of the Revenue Department concerned and not of the Audit Department, to see that the dues of Government are regularly paid into the treasury. Detailed rules are given in Chapter 2.

Payment of Money at a Treasury

8 (a) A Treasury Officer has no general authority to deal with demands presented at the treasury, his authority to make payments heing strictly limited by the pravisians of Treasury Orders 15 to 21, ar the rules in the Civil Account Code and the Government Securities

If a dema 1 I is presented at a treasury which is I to above or 18 not provide? covered by a sper "

O' at the d e Treasury thority ry Officer Substitute the following for this Article -

"2 Departmental receipts may ordinarily be realised in legal tender con or currency notes only Government Currency notes of all denomination are now universal legal tender irrespective of the circle of their issue and are received by all Government Officers in payment of Government dues or it settlement of other transactions "

[C A Code Vol I 8th Edn (2nd Rep.) No 157, dated the let October 1936 treated by Government others mae marcious and

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Note—Local Governments may delegate to the Collectors of Datricts the port to authorise the deposit of each cheats of other Government Departments in the treasury for safe cuvedy subject to the condition that the Accuminate General will bring to notice of the local Governments any case in which the per- I mission appears to have been improperly granted

2 Bullion jewellery and other valuables coming into the hands of a Government officer in his official capacity may be received in the treasury for safe custody at the discretion of the District Officer

5 Any person paying men present with it a memorandum nature of the payment and the made and will thus contain all the information necessary for the pre

reasury will listinctly the account it is

Rece pts for sums less

No 190

Page 4 "Article o-

Put c fullstop cfter the word Trensurer" in line 7 and substitute th following for the rest of the Article --

'Receipts for the price of service postage stamps realised in each of cheques (other then pre udit cheques issued by the Accountant Genera should be given only in mechine numbered form No 18 A (see Art 98)"

[C A Code Vol I 8th I'dn (2nd Rep.) No 190 dated the 1st August 193"]

No. 85.

Pages 4 & 5, Article 5, Rule 3-

Indi

ds "In places

under this Article (2) Insert the tellowing a see

4 Wi en money is paid by a private person into a treasury located in the same place a the departmental officer concerned in the payment the chalans should be initialled by the departmental officer to whose account the money is to be credited. Otherwise the chalans should be tendent in inclusion on account the money in the chalans are considered in the chalan the chalan should be tendered in triplicate one copy of the chalan being forwarded by the treasury to the departmental officer

- measure Officer who will enface it with an order to the Bank to receive the money

To. 16.

tory Notes-

"administration" in hise 5 add "and in his Excellency the Governor of the lovernor General?"

(2nd Rep.) No 16, dated 1st April 1935]

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payment receipt will be sent my post to his address after the cheque has been cleared

1 In the event of anch a cheque being disbonoured by the bank concerned on presentation, the fact will be intimated at once to the tenderer, but Government cannot accept any liability for loss or damage which may possibly occur as a result of delay in intimating that the cheque has been disbonoured

2 Certum special urrangements will be necessary when Government dues which have to be paid by certum fixed dates are paid by cheque, and persons distingt to make such payments in this manner without risk must take procrutions to causin that their cheques reach the treasury at the latest on the day before the date on which the payments is to be made Cheques received on the last day of pryment of Government dues will be hable to be refused, and those received later will not be accepted.

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Payment of Money at a Treasury

- 8 (a) A Treasury Officer has no general anthority to deal with demands presented at the treasury, his anthority to make payments being stretty limited by the provisions of Treasury Orders 15 to 24, or the rules in the Civil Account Code and the Government Securities Manual II a demand of any Lind is presented at a treasury which is not provided for by the rules referred to above, or is not covered by a special order received from the Account Office, the duty of the Treasury Officer is to decline payment for want of authority A Treasury Officer has no authority to act under an order of Government sanctioning a payment, unless it is an express order to him to make the payment; and even such special orders should, in the absence of urgency, be sent through the Accountant General.
- 1 Grants in and to local bedies relagions charitable or educational institutions, etc., contributions to public exhibitions and fairs, and compensation to Govern ment servants for accedental losses, etc., ametioned by the local Government al. 14 be debursed at the treasury only under the authority of the Pracipal Auditor, but when such expenditure is anticismed by subordinate authorities under the powers delegated to them, the Treasury Officer may make disbursements on the authority of such sanctions.
- 2 Educational scholarships sanctioned by Local Government under the suf-q of the Accountant General, Central Revenue, may be disbursed by the σ of the Accountant General.

and for me dental enarges such as leading, unloading, deli-

very, cranary, haratre "harfage, demurage, etc.

(g) Receips for pay and a "canness of non-comm supped officers and one of the Mayor's or the Indian Army and those of the Impedian Corps in Balla" van when serving in such capacity or for the pin of a misspect of service as soon a non-minus ord officers or widness when they are not serving the jovernment in any other capacity.

(h) Receipts for pensions and allowances paid by Government to the heirs of deceased non-commissioned officers or rolders in respect of service in His Majesty's Army or in His

Majesty's Indian Army

(1) Receipts for any payment of money without consideration, such as receipts for Grant in Aid bills, and for fees paid to Barristers at Law.

(1) Receipt given by an opium cultivator or his representative or by a lambarder or khattadar for money paid to him by Government as an advance for the cultivation of opium

(k) Receipt for advances made by Government under the Agriculturists' Loans Act, 1884 (Act XII of 1884)

(1) Receipts for payments made by or on behalf of Government

in Indian States
(m) Receipts for payments made on account of discharges of Post

Office 5 year Cash Certificates

(n) Receipts given by or on behalf of any society registered under the Co operative Societies Act or by any officer or member of any such society and relating to the business

of the society

(o) Receipts given by the officers of the Indian Posts and Telegraphs Department in respect of sums paid to them by Government as advances for the purchase of railway

tichets che the second of the second of the second of the late and the second of the late and the second of the late and the late second of the late and late second of the late se

(2) All cheques, Remittance Transfer Receipts and Supply bills, are exempt from stamp data

(3) (See also the list of exemptions in Schedule 1 of the Stamp

12 The following documents do not come under any of the exemptions mentioned above, but are chargeable with stamp duty under the general rules —

(a) Receipts Jother than the receipts mentioned in Article 11 (1) (f)], drawn by a Railway Company, including a Company to which a State Railway has been leased, or by a Mumer pality.

Nore.—This rule applies also to receipts drawn for claims, the adjustment of which may be made through account current.

L23GO

- (b) Receipts signed by a Government officer as Chairman of a Mumicipality
- (c) Receipts [other than those mentioned in Article 11 (1) (1)] drawn on account of Cantonment and other Local Funds
- (d) Receipts for advances taken by Government officers, other than officers of the Indian Posts and Telegraphs Department in respect of sums paid to them by Government as advances for the purchase of railway tickets
- (e) Receipts for amounts of emigrants' money orders
- (f) Receipts for refund or repayment of deposits other than those covered by Article 11 (1) (n)
- (a) Receipts on Acquittance Rolls of Establishments
- (h) Receipte drawn by the Accountant General or the Treasurer of Charitable Endowments on account of interest on Mu nicipal or Port Trust debentures kept in his custody as ordinary Trust Funds or Charitable Endowments
- 13 The following general instructions regarding the preparation and form of conchers should also be observed -
 - (a) Printed forms of vouchers in English should be adopted as much as possible, but when, from any circumstance, a vernacular voucher is unavoidably necessary, a bi lingual form should be used A specimen which will serve as a general guide is given as Form 27 for deposit youthers, and may be obtained from the local Accountant General
 - (b) When the use of a purely vernacular account or voucher is unavoidable, a brief abstract should be endorsed in English under the signature of the preferring officer stating the amount, the name of the payee, and the nature of the pay
 - (c) All vouchers must be filled in and signed in ink. The amount of each voucher should, as far as whole rupees are concern ed, be written in words as well os in figures. The amount of annas and pies may always, however, be written in figures after the words stating the number of rupees hut in case of there heing no annus or pies the word "only" should he inserted after the number of whole rupees and care should he taken to leave no space for interpolation as in the following examples-"Rupees twenty six only" "Rupees twenty five, 4|11"
 -)(d) All corrections and alterations in the total of a voucher should he attested by the dated initials of the person signing the receipt as many times as such corrections and alterations are made any in the orders of payment must be attested in the same way hy the Treasury Officer No document bearing an erasnre can be accepted, and payment of such .

vouchers should be refused by the Treasury Officer and a fresh youcher called for Corrections and alterations in orders of payment drawn by treasury officers on the Imperial Bank of India and its branches should be attested by their full signature

- (e) The correct head of classification should be recorded on each souther by the drawing officer, the classification in the budget being taken as a guide. This classification should also show whether the expenditure is voted or non-voted
- (f) Charges against two major bends should not be included in one voucher, but the Treasury Officer will not take exception to a voucher on this ground unless the items require different action from him, such as entry in different regis ters. This order does not apply to the allowances of an officer, or of an establishment, as in such eases the whole of his allowances even if belonging to two or more maior heads of account, should be drawn on a single bill if they are chargeable wholly to Central or Provincial Revenues
- (a) Unless the local Government has expressly authorised at in the ease of any specified office, no payment may be made on a voucher or order signed by a clerk instead of by the head of an office, although in the absence of the latter the clerk he in the habit of signing letters for him Nor may any moneys he paid on a voucher or order signed with a stamp When the signature on a voucher is given by a mark or seal or thumh impression, it should be attested by some known person Vernacular signatures must always he transliterated

1 The head of an office may authorise any gazetted officer serving under him to sign a bill, voucher or order, for him communicating the name and the specimen signature of the officer to the treasury. This will not, however, relieve the head of the office in any way, of his responsibility for the accuracy of the bill or for the disposal of the money received in payment.

(h) Bills requiring previous countersignature should be returned

No. 198

Page 12, Article 13, Clause (1)-

Substitute the following for the second sentence of this clause :-

The position in regard to endorsements on a bill is that (a) one endorsement in favour of another party is admissible, that (b) the party to whom the and that (c) " Thus, in all, one is to the

- messenger for collection only. [C A, Code, Vol. I, 8th Edu (2nd Rep.), No. 198, dated the 1st December 1937] under Article 9, it is not possible for the dates of pay ment to be noted by the payers, the dates of actual pay ment should be noted by disbursing officers on the does ments under their initials, either separately for each pay ment or by groups as may be found convenient

- (1) When the drawing officer requires payment to be made through some other person he must specifically endorse an order to pay to that specified person A cound-or intermediate endorsement on a bill is not permissible
- (m) In cases in which the endorsement on a bill is unauthorised, incomplete or otherwise irregular, Treasury Officer should refuse payment of the hill and return it to the person who presents it with a memorandum explaining why payment is refused
- (n) When payment is desired wholly or partly in Remittance Transfer Receipt a formal application for Remittance Transfer Receipt should accompany the bill and the manner in which payment 19 desired should also be in diented in the drawer's receipt on the bill

Norr-Tiese instructions are intended primarily for bills and vouchers possible at treasuries but as far as possible they should also be observed in pre pitting vouciers for payments made departmentally

14 A Treasury Officer must not honour a claim which on the face of it is disputable, he will request the elimant to refer the question to the Accountant General (vide Treasury Order 17)

Nor may he undertake correspondence for an officer making a claim to any special allowance, but will request him to address the Accountant General either direct or through his own official superior

- 15 It must be remembered that the Treasury Officer has to satisfy not only himself but also the Account Department that the claim is valid, and has further to prove that the payee has actually received the sum charged Careful attention must therefore be given to the rules regarding the completion of vonchers referred to in Article 13 The Treasury Officer must have sufficient information as to the nature of every payment he is making and is without excuse if he accepts a voucher which does not formally record that information
- 1 The Treasury Officer before paying any bill of a Covenanted Civilian must see that the deductions on account of the Indian Civil Service Provident Fund have bren made

to him the amount entered on the note

² Treasury Officers when cashing bills for Survey Officers and others at a distance from the treasury should furnish a note explaining the amount of eash and transfer receipts (if any) issued and any deductions or alterations in may be made in the bill presented. The note should be in bilingual. important that the guard or messenger who receives the money that the mount statel agrees with the actual cash or drafts de and when that person is unable to read, the Treasury Officer should

The following for	m is recor		_			
Bills presented						 000
Bills presented						 000
Bills presented	for sundr	es			••	 000
					TOTAL	 000
Paid in each			000			
Paid in draft	••	••	600			
					TOTAL	 000
			† Dedu	etions	(if any)	
t[Explanatio	n.]					_

Signature of Messenger

Treasury Officer.

3 Any deductions made by the Treasury Officer reducing the net amount claimed on a bill should be explained in a memorandum signed by the Treasury Officer to be given to the presenter

Issue of Duplicates or Copies of Documents

16 No Government officer may issue daplicates or copies of receipts granted for money received, or duplicates or copies of hills or other documents for the payment of money which has already been paid, on the allegation that the originals have been lost. If any necessity arises for such a document, a certificate may be given that on a specified day, a certain sum on a certain account was received from or paid to a certain person. This prohibition extends only to the issue of duplicates on the allegation that the originals have been lost, and does not apply to cases in which, by existing rules, duplicates are prepared and tendered with the originals. In the case of a bill or deposit repayment voucher passed for payment at a treasury but lost before encashment or payment, the officer who drew the original bill or voucher should ascertain from the treasury that payment has not been made on the original before he issues a duplicate, which should bear distinctiv on its face the word "duplicate" without me are well.

Responsibility for Overcharges

17. The responsibility of drawers and payers of hills is thus stated in the Recointion introducing the present system of account (F. D. No 2189, dated 20th April 1865, paragraph 34)—

The privilege of drawing pay abstracts or bills for salary, allowances, or centingent expenses will be restricted to responsible officers, and the drawer of the bill will be held answerable for any overcharge. The responsibility of the countersigning officer will be that which attaches to all controlling officers, and which brings them under liability to make good any loss arising from their culpible neglegence. The Tressury Officer who makes payments without presented will be responsible for checking any palpable errors and (in the cive of churge of office, or of rate of ralary of paretted officers) for passing the new rate with reference to the orders directing the change. In abort, the responsibility for an overcharge will rest primarily with the drawer of the bill, and (falling

18---20].

14

recovery from him) the overcharge will be recovered from the Treasury Officer or the countersigning officer, only in the event of culpable negligence in either of them

Norr—The Treasury Officer is required under the above ruling to examine the accuracy of the authmetical computations in a bill

Check of Charges

18 Every charge comes up for andit or disposal by the Accountant General, who, if the charge is irregular or is in excess, proceeds to remove the irregularity or recover the excess through the Treasury Officer, issually however, issuing a warning slip to the officer concerned, and, f anything more is due (unless the amount be insignificant) informs the officer accordingly, leaving him to prefer the additional claim or not as he thinks proper. The extent to which charges should be audited is prescribed by the Auditor General

Audit Objections and Recoveries

18 A Every Government servant must attend promptly to all objections and orders communicated to him by the Audit Officer

19 Objections and orders which arise out of the examination by the Accountant General of the treasury accounts are communicated to the Treasury Officer by letters audit memoranda, or periodical objection statements. To these the carbest attention should be given, and under standing orders, the Treasury Officer should return the objection statement or audit memorandium within a fortnight or send a letter explaining the cause of delay.

Note—The fact that some of the objections are still under reference is no reason for keeping back the statement. Such cases can be extracted for subse-

quent explanation

- 20 When the Accountant General disallows a payment as unauthorised the Trensury Officer is bound not only to recover the amount disallowed without listening to any objection or protest (unde Trensury Order 28) but to refuse to pay it in figure till the Accountant General authorises the payment to he resumed, that no warning slip has heen received by the officer retrenched or that, being received, it has been answered, are frets with which the Treasury Officer has no concern. And the Accountant General mast remember that he is responsible for seeing that Treasury Officers earry on his instructions.
- 1 If an officer from whom a recovery is ordered, has meintime been transferred to matther district, the Treasury Officer should, without delay, pass on the order of recovery to the other treasury
- 2 A Treasury Officer must not when a retrenchment is ordered, enter into any correspondence with other the Accountant General or the Officer placed under retrenchment, it is his duty simply and promptly to carry out the orders he has received, and to leave the person aggreed to refer the case to Government through the proper channel.
- 3 Representations and protests against retreschinests ordered by the Accountant General will not ordinarily be considered by the administrative authorities if sub-mitted later than three months from after the date of receipt of the intimation by the aggreed offeer. This provision does not remove from the Treising Office the duty of enforcing immediately recovery of a retrenchment order under rule 2 above.
- 4 Recoveries are not ordinarily made at a rate exceeding one third of pay, indices the offeer affected has an receiving or taking the excess acted contriry to orders or without due justification. For the purpose of this rule, "pay" includes Sterling Overseas Pay.

- 5 A register should be maintained at the treasury for recording all retrench ments ordered by the Account Office It should contain columns specifying the name and office of the person from whom the recovery is to be effected, the nature and amount of the over payment, and the method by which the over payment has ocen adjusted
- 6 If considered desirable, the recovery of a sum retrenched from a pay bill need only be made from the next pay bill and of a sum retrenched from a travelling allowance bill, from the next payment of travelling allowances , but retrenchments of travelling allowances must be recovered in each or from pay bill when the officer concerned does not, within a month, present a travelling allowance claim from which they can be recovered

Cheques

- 21 Cheque hooks required by Disbursing Officers authorised to draw on treasuries and sub treasuries, should be obtained by them direct from the head treasury concerned, cheque books required for use on the B Imperial Brik-of-Judia, either at a local head office or a branch also being obtained from the Treasury Officers and not from the banks Treasury Officer will supply a cheque book only on receipt of the printed requisition form which is inserted in each book towards the end and never more than one cheque hook on a single requisition. The requisi tion should be signed by the Dishnrsing Officer
- 1 Cheques from books obtained from a particular treasury should not be drawn on other treasuries or sub treasuries of other districts
- 2 This article does not apply to officers of the below who receive their supplies

Ng. 126

Page 15, Article 22-

Insert the following after the word "sub treasury" in line 2 of this

Article — ", except by the offices using cheque perforating machines,"

[C A Code, Vol 1, 8th Edition (2nd Reprint), No 185, dated the 1st June 1937.]

- -- ...asury Omeer with ...om me disbursing officer con eerned has a drawing account
- 23 All cheques should have written across them in words, at right angles to the type, a sum a little in excess of that for which they are granted thus " under thirty rupees " will mean that the cheque is for a sum not less than Rs 20 but less than Rs 30, and similarly "nnder eight hundred rupees" will mean that it is for less than Rs 800, but not less than Rs 700 No abbreviations such as "eleven handred" for "one thousand one hundred " should be used The amount should be written in the manner prescribed for vouchers in Article 13 (c) In drawing or eashing a cheque, it should be remembered that a common form of fraud consists in altering the word one into four by prefixing an f and changing the e into an r, the figure being easily altered to correspond. The word twenty, if written earelessly, has also sometimes been changed into seventy. The drawer of a cheque in which these words occur should

23-A -- 261 GENERAL PRINCIPLES AND RULES.

therefore so write as to make the fraud impossible and the treasury should examine the words and corresponding figures with special care

Nore 1-The cross entry is not necessary if the amount in words is typed per forated by a special cheque writing machine

Note 2 -All cheques should be written in Calcutta Stationery Office Registra tion ink obtainable from the Controller of Printing and Stationery

Norz 3-Article 13 (d) applies mutates mutandes to corrections and altera tions in cheques

- 23-A (a) Cheques drawn in favour of Government officers and departments in settlement of Government dues should always be crossed " Ale payee only-not negotiable "
- (b) In the absence of a specific request to the contrary from the payee cheques drawn in favour of corporate hodies, firms or private persons should always be crossed. Subject to any instructions received from the pavee, a cheque should be crossed " & Co " with the addition of the words "Not negotiable" hetween the crossing Where the payee is helieved to have a banking account further precautions should be adopted where possible by crossing the cheque "specially" & Co '') by quoting (mstead of by the "general 'erossing " the name of the bank through which the payee will receive payment and by adding the words "A|c payee only Not negotiable" These instruc-tions regulding the method of crossing of cheques are applicable in all cases where the use of crossed cheques is prescribed
- 24 No advice of the issue of any ebeque need be sent to the treasury. As a general rule, cheques should not be issued for a sum less than Rs 10 unless this is permissible under the provisions of any law or rule having the force of law , but ebeques of the Military Department drawn for payment elsewhere than at the station where the military disbursing officer himself is located, may be for a sum not less than Re 1 In the erse of the Postal section of the Indian Posts and Telegraphs Department the lowest sum for which a cheque may he issued is Rs Cheques may, however, be drawn by the Audit Officer, Indian Stores Department for sums of Re 1 and upwards for pryment of bills at his headquarters and elsewhere I Cheques of the Military Department will be payable at any time within three months after the month of issue : thus, a cheque bearing date any time in January is payable at any time up to 30th April All other cheques remain current for three months only counting from the date of issue

25 When an officer is authorised to draw cheques on sub treasuries, he should give notice to the Treasury Officer, from time to time, of the probable amount of his drawings on each sub treasury in order that funds may be provided as far as possible. Cheques drawn on subtreasuries should be distinguished by different numbers and letters from those drawn against the head treasury.

26 (a) Every cheque in favour of a Government officer must be made payable to order only, but when the payee is not in Government employ, the drawer may, at his request, make the cheque payable t bearer. Treasury Offirers will therefore each cheques payable to " A.

or hearer", except when A B is a Government servant. If a cheque payable to a person not in Government employ "or hearer" or payable to such person or to such person or order" is presented the Treasury Officer may decline to pay it if he is unable to satisfy himself of the identity of the person claiming payment or, in the case of a cheque payable to order, of the completeness of the chain of endoisement if any, by which such person has become the holder of the cheque

- (b) Ordinarily a cheque payable to order is not cashed by tha Treasury Officer unless it is receipted by the payee himself or other per son in whose favour it is regularly endorsed for payment. In special cases when the head of an office is unable himself to receipt cheques payable to his order, owing to his being absent on tour or for other causes and when he considers that strict compliance with the ordinary rule would cause inconvenience he may specially authorise in writing a subordinate Gazetted Officer to endorse for him cheques drawn in his favour by his official designation.
- I Where sub treasures are in charge of Indian offic als not acquainted with English bilingual cheques should be used and if these cheques are not used the raying officer is responsible for calling attent on to this rule
- 2 When a public officer sends a cheque to a treasury not for each payment but for ered to it is amount in the treasury accounts he must before endors up the same add the words "Recursed payment by transfer credit to." "Omission to do it a facilitate fracultural proper ation of money
- 27 If a Dishursing Officer be informed that a cheque drawn by him has heen lost he may address the Treasury Officer drawn on forward ing for signature a certificate in the following form. If after search through the lists of cheques paid the Treasuri Officer flads that the cheque has not heen cashed he will sign and return the certificate taking care to note the stoppage of the cheque a hoard showing the particulars of stopped cheques heigh hing up before the clerk concerned If the original cheque he presented afterwards the Treasury Officer will refuse payment and return the cheque to the person presenting it after writing across it. "Payment stopped." The Disbursing Officer will enter his account the original cheque as cancelled and may issue another

*Certified that cheque No dated for R

reported by the (Disburs ug Officer) to have been drawn by him on this treasury in favour of has not been paid and will not be

paid if presented bereafter

Treasury

he----19

Treasury Officer

by Government and that cheque is honoured on presentation to Government's hinkers payment shall be deemed to be made—

(a) if the cheque is handed over to the pavee or his authorised

(a) if the cheque is nanded over to the pavee or his authorised messenger on the date it is so handed over, or

28 If a cheque is issued by Government in payment of any sum due

(b) if it is posted to the pavee on the date when the cover con taining it is put into the post.

The rule applies mutalis mutandis to a cheque in payment of Government dues or in settlement of other trussctions received and accepted

in accordance with the provisions of Article 6

Note-Cheques marked as not payable before a certain date should not be charged to the accounts until the date on which they become payable.

Defalcations and Losses

29 With the exceptions noted below, any defalcation or loss of public morey departmental revenue or receipts stamps, opium stores, or other property discovered in a Government treasury or other office or department which is under the audit of the Accountant General, should be immediately reported to the Accountant General, even when such loss has been mide good by the person responsible for it. It, will usually be sufficient if the officer reporting the defalcation or loss to higher authority sends to the Accountant General either a copy of his report or such relevant extracts from it as are sufficient to explain the exact nature of the defalcation or loss and the circumstances which made it possible. When the mitter has been fully investigated, a further and complete report slould be submitted of the nature and loss was renderel possible and the prospects of effecting a recovery. The submission of such report does not debar the local nathorities from taking any further action which may be deemed necessary.

Exception 1—In the case of Customs Revenue (a) mistakes in assessments who are discovered too late to permit of a supplementary claim being made and (b) under assessments which are due to the interpretation of the law ly the local Customs authority being overruled by higher authority more than three months riter the reseasement was made need not be reported to the Audit Officer Such cases should knowever be examined by the Audit Officer at the time of much

Exception "-Petty cases that is cases involving losses not exceeding Rs 200 cm. and not be reported to the Accountant General naless there are in any case, in portant features which mer t detailed investigation and consideration.

Nore 1 -Losses or deferences concerning buildings, lands stores and equipment should be written off any value or commercial account that may be made tuned

NOTE 2.—In the case of departments where accounts have been separated from an it a special procedure for report of losses to Accounts and Andit Officers may be presented by departmental authority after consultation with the Anditor General

No. 59.

Pages 18-19, Article 29 A-

- (1) For the first sentence of this Article, substitute the following -
- "Heads of Departments should submit annually to the Principal Auditors concerned statements showing the remiss one of revenue and abandon ments of claims to revenue sanctioned during the preceding year by the local authorities in exercise of the discretionary powers vested in them and which are not mandatory under a specific provision in a strutte or statutory rule"
 - (2) Delete Note 1 under the Article and re number existing Notes 2, 3 and 4 as 1, 2, and 3
 - {C A Code, Vol I, 8th Edn (2nd Rep), No 49, dated the 1st July 1935]

F30-33-A.

GENERAL PRINCIPLES AND RULES.

Note 2—A local Government may make rules defining remissions and abun dominates of revenue for the purpose of this rule, and may, after consultation with its Public Accounts Committee, for monetary limits below which multivilar remis sions need not be included in the statements.

Norz 3-Where the administrative year does not coincide with the financial year, the figures of the former may, if this prove convenient to the departmental authorities, be given in the statements.

NOTE 4 -This rule does not apply to Enilways and Posts and Telegraphs Departments.

Erasmes

30 Erasures and over writings in any account, register, schedule, or each hook are absolutely forhidden, if any correction he necessary, the incorrect entry should be cancelled neatly in red ink, and the correct entry inserted. Each such correction, or any interpolation deemed necessary should be antibenticated by the head of the office setting his dated initials against each Special care should be talen by the Treasury Officer as regards all vouchers and accounts showing signs of alteration . and if such documents be frequently received from any office, the atten tion of the head of the office should be formally drawn to the irregularity [See Article 13 (d)]

Forest and Public Works Expenditure

- 31. When officers of other Civil Departments are authorised to incir charges on account of the Forest Department, they will do so as Forest Dishursers They can, therefore, obtain funds from the treasury for such expenditure in the manner laid down in the Forest Account Code.
- 32 Similarly, when an officer of another Civil Department is author.sed to mear charges on account of the Public Works Department against the grant for "Public Works", he will do so as a Public Works disburser He will obtain funds for such expenditure in one of the ways prescribed in the Public Works Account Code for the purpose, and pay the receipts realised into the treasury, and render accounts of receipts and expenditure in the manner laid down in that Code
- I This rule is not applicable to charges for construction (petty) and repair which are adjusted by the Accountant General against the budget grans of the departments concerned, side Appendix 5, Enling 3

33 Deleted

Adjustments between Governments

33-A. (1) The Government of India and the local Governments of Governors' provinces and the local Government of Coors are considered to be separate Governments for the purpose of this Article end the transactions under the local Governments directly under the Government of India (eg., those of Balnehisten, Della, etc.), and the Central transactions under the other local Governments are considered to be transactions of the · Government of India.

- (2) In the case of transactions concerning two Governments -
 - (a) Adjustments shall always be made in accordance with the rules in Appendix 6 if a Commercial Department or a regularly organised stores section of a department is concerned
 - (b) If under the ordinary operation of the rules in Appendix 6, adjustment would be made if the departments were under a single Government, a similar adjustment shall be made between the two Governments unless they agree to the contrary
- (c) In all other cases an adjustment will be made by mutual agree ment between the parties concerned or under the orders of the Secretary of State in Council if the Government of India is one of the parties or of the Governor General in Council if the parties concerned are local Governments
- (3) The leave salary and pensions of officers will be adjusted in accordance with the orders of the Secretary of State on the subject unless the Governments concerned agree to some other method of adjustment

Destruction of Accounts Records

33 B The rules regarding the destruction of accounts records apper tames to the accounts audited by the Indian Audit Department are con tained in Appendix 8 D to this Gode

ANNEXURE A.

No 69.

[Annex A

Page 21-

Insert the following as Annexure B to Chapter I:-

ANNEXURE B

(Referred to in Article 33-C.)

Instructions for handling eash.

The following rules should be observed by all Government servants (except the treasury and other officials for whose guidance separate detailed rules already exist) who are required to receive and handle cash -

(1) Each officer receiving (money on behalf of Government should main* tain a Cash Book in C A C form 18

(2) All cash transactions should be entered in the Cash Book as soon as they occur, and attested in token of check

(3) The Cash Book should be closed regularly and completely checked. At the end of each month the officer in charge of the Cash Book should personally verify the cash halance in the Cash Book and record a signed and dated certificate to that effect

(4) When money is received by a Government servant, a receipt should be granted in form C A C 18 A (S 119) to the payer This receipt should be signed only by a responsible officer who should satisfy himself at the time of signing the receipt that the amount has been entered in the Cash Book

Norg-Receipt Books in form S 119 are obtainable from Central Forms Store, Calcutta and should always be kept in the personal custody of the officer using them

(5) The employment of peons to fetch or carry money should be discouraged When it is absolutely necessary to employ an inferior servant for this purpose, men of some length of service and proved trustworthiness should only be selected and, in all cases, when the amount to he handled is large, more than one messenger should be employed

(6) A Government servant who handles Government money should, not, except with the special sanction of the head of the office, he allowed to handle a'so in his official capacity money which does not helong to Government. Where under any special sanction, a Government servant deals with both

Government and non Government money in his official capacity, the Government money should be kept in a cash box separate from the non Government money and the transactions relating to the latter should be accounted for in a separate set of books and kept enturely out of Government account

(7) In the case of payments into treasuries the dishursing officer should compare the Treasury Officer's receipt on the chalan with the entry in the cash

TREALTY T

[Edited to in Artis's S. Note to classe (3)]

L. Assam-Rennal Fallway.

2. Madras and Scothern Mahratta Fallway

3. Fast Indian Fallway. 4. Merra Ralwar.

5, Burma Fallware.

6. Bombay, Baroda and Octival India Ralwar.

John or hite 8. Udarper-Chrer-Rallway.

9. Dhelpur Bars Rallway. 10. Rohlkund and Kumaon Ralway.

Il. South Indian Rallwar.

12. Howrah Am's Light Ralway. Cutch State Ralwar.

14. Jorbat Provincial Railway.

15. Dibru-Sadıya Railway, 16. Terpur Bahpara Railway

17. Bengal Provincial Railway.

18. Bengal and North Western Radway.

21 Barreller Hillerian Railvar.

21. Para Link Pallway.

A. Renal Dona Fallway. Ozialda est Peta

24. Nath Weetern Radway.

23. Pores. 26. Eastern Fernal Railwar,

27. Rengal Nagpur Railwar 23 Gmat In tian It nineala Railwar.

No real Courselant Com Williams 33 Ramet Rauthat Light Railway

31 Bukhtearpur-Rebar Light Railway. 22 Shah lara (Delhi)-Saharanpur

Radway 33. Howreh Sheakhala Light Ballway,

31 Myore Railways

Page 21. Annexure A to Ch Delete the items 7, 10, this Annexure :---

35. Jedbyur Railway

78, Dil aper hallway

37. Bhaynagar Pinto ballar

28. Gond of Rallerny

39. Ju avad State Rollway.

40 Portan lat Litale Hillians 41 His Explied Highway !

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CHAPTER 2-CHECK ON RECEIPTS

Norz —The rules in this chapter are not applicable to the Public Works and Forest Departments

Fines 35 Indian States		7
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Departmental Revenue

- 34 (a) In the ease of departmental revenue (e.g., Land Revenue, sees Stamps, Jail Receipts, Registration Receipts, etc.), the duty of seeing that the dues of Government are regularly paid into the treasury rests with the departmental controlling officers, who receive from their subordinates accounts and returns claiming credit for so much paid into the treasury, and to whom the Accountant General sends for comparison with these, extracts from his accounts showing the amounts brought to credit in them
- (b) If any wrong credits are thus brought to the notice of the con trolling officer, he should at once inform the Accountint General with a view to the correction of the accounts. If any credits are claimed but not found in the accounts, it is usually more convenient to make enquiries first of the departmental officer.

Note — It is essential that the departmental controlling officer's account should not be compiled from returns prepared by the treasury. But the Treasury Officer is in some cases required to verify returns prepared for submission to departmental controlling officers.

Fines

- 35 (a) In the case of fines, the duty of checking the receipts is laid upon the Accountant General, to whom a monthly return of all fines realised, and of all remittances of fines to the treasury, should be transmitted by every Court having the power to fine
- (b) Compensation fines due to an injured party which are creditable to deposits and fines, which under competent authority, are credited to a municipal or other local fund will be excluded from this return
- (c) In order to secure that returns are received from every Court having such power, it will be convenient to arrange for their collection by the hi di of every department in the district (the Collector, the Judge, and the Magistrate), and their transmission by that officer. If it he more convenient for lim to embody all in his own return, there is no objection to his doing so, but the collective return must he hased on the records or accounts of the Courts and not on those of the treasury, though it should be compared with the treasury figures before heing despatched. The best means of ensuring the comparison will probably be for the Court to despatch its return through the Treasury Officer, who will

CHECK OV RECEIPTS. [00

certify to the agreement with his books, or will have the return corrected by the Court hefore he transmits it

1. If precautions are taken against double refunds of fines or refunds of fines not actually paid into the treasury, a sumple memoraculum of the collections of each Court, and of its remittance to the treasury for check with the treasury credit would saffer, in the absence of such precautions, a decluied last of the fines collected and prud into the treasury must be transmitted in order to facilitate check in case refunds are claimed. The form of the return will be settled by the Accountant General

2 If the several Courts submit to any controlling officer returns of the fine unposed the returns of the reluzations may with advantage be despatched to the teconitant General under fiving seal through the said controlling officer, but if this course be found to cause delay, the Accountant General should instead send to the controlling officer a memorandum of the monthly credits which appear in the treasury recount

3 When fines are received in another district or province, an intimation should be given by the recovering officer to the officer concerned who should note the fact in his Fine Statement.

4 In the United Provinces Bengal, Madras Bombay, Burm: Coorg, Assum, Central Provinces and in the minor local Governments under the audit of the Accountant General, Central Revenues, the submission of the monthly return of fines to the Au lit office has been discontinued and the Audit office does not exercise any check over the receipts or refunds of fines.

Miscellaneous Demands

86 Miscellaneous demands of Government not falling within the ordinary revenue administration are entered by the Accountant General in a rigister of special recoveries and their realization watched by him Such are payments from Indian States, contributions from municipalities, contributes and others towards the cost of State establishment, etc.

Convict Charges recoverable from Indian States

37 Indian States are in some cases responsible for the cost of maintenance of countries imprisoned in British galls for offences committed in such States. The Jail officials should in each case communicate to the Accountant General any amount recoverable on this account, and the Accountant General will then see to its due recovery.

Norz—Tle rules fixing the responsibility of Indian Sixtes in the case of convicts scattened by a British Court or Officer for offences committed in such States are con Luned in Porcigo Department Resolution No 3354—1, dated 10th October 1893

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CHAPTER 2-CHECK ON RECEIPTS

Note -The rules in this chapter are not applicable to the Public Works and Forest Departments

Departmental Revenue			34	1	Convict Charges	rec	overa	ble	from	
Fines Miscellaneous Demands		35 38	l	Indian States	•	•	٠	٠	37	
		30	٠	٤ س						

Departmental Revenue

34 (a) In the case of departmental revenue (e.g., Land Revenue, Excess Stamps, Jail Receipts, Registration Receipts, etc.), the duty of seeing that the dues of Government are regularly paid into the treasury rests with the departmental controlling officers, who receive from their subordinates accounts and returns claiming credit for so much paid into the treasury, and to whom the Accountant General sends for comparison with these, extracts from his accounts showing the amounts brought to credit in them

(b) If any wrong credits are thus brought to the notice of the controlling officer, he should at once inform the Accountint General with a vite to the correction of the accounts. If any credits are claimed but not found in the accounts it is usually more convenient to make enquiries first of the depirtmental officer.

Note—It is essential that the departmental controlling officer a account should not be compled from returns prepared by the treasury. But the Treasury Officer is in same cases required to verify returns prepared for submission to departmental controlling officers.

Fines

- 35 (a) In the case of fines, the duty of checking the receipts is laid upon the Accountant General, to whom a monthly return of all fines realised, and of all remittances of fines to the treasury, should be transmitted by every Court having the power to fine
- (b) Compensation fines due to an injured party which are cruditable to deposits and fines, which under competent authority, are credited to a municipal or other local fund will be excluded from this return
- (c) In order to secure that returns are received from every Court having such power, it will be convenient to arrange for their collection by the head of every department in the district (the Collector, the Judge, and the Magistrate), and their transmission by that officer. If it be more convenient for him to embody all in his own return, there is no objection to his doing so but the collective return must be based on the records or accounts of the Court, and not on those of the treasury, though it should be compared with the treasury figures before heing despatched. The best means of ensuring the comparison will probabily be for the Court to despatch its return through the Treasury Officer, who will

ready signed in the agent's custody for presentation, the agents in their turn giving Government a bond of indemnity as security against any

loss in case of over navment *Note -A Register of Power of Attorney will be kept by the Treasury Officer in

Page 27 Article 42 (e)-

No. 164 Substitute the following for the last sentence of this Article and the list

given thereunder -" A list of Agents who have executed general bonds of indemnity is given below Part I constitutes the list of Agents who inter alia have secured the title to draw, on behalf of their constituenta, pensions payable in India on behalf of other Governments as well while Part II mentions those who are not en entitled ...

Part I

The Imperial Bank of India

2 The Allahahad Bank Limited.

3 Messrs Thomas Cook & Son (Bankers), Limited. 4 Messrs Grindlay & Co . Limited

5 The P & O Banking Corporation, Limited

6 Mossrs Lloyds Bank, Lunited

7. The Mercantile Bank of India, Limited, Delhi

8 The Bank of Behar, Lamited,

9 The Group of undermentioned firms carrying on business at Nagpur-Kamptee, Lahore Cantonment, etc etc -

(1) Indra Bhan Bansilal, R B (ii) Bansılal Abir Chand, R B

(in) Chandrahhan Bansilal, R B

(iv) Ramehand Ram Rattan, Das, R B

(v) Bansılal Ram Rattan, Das, R B (vi) Bansılalıı Daga, R B

(vii) Sie Kastue Chand Hanuman Das, R B

10 Messrs Incha Ram & Co., Bankers and Agents of Stalkot.

11 The Bank of Hindustan, Lamited

12 The Travancore National Bank, Limited 13 The Quilon Bank, Limited

14 The Puniab Co operative Bank Limited

15 The Simla Banking and Industrial Co. Lamited

16 Bhugwan Das Bank, Limited, of Dehra Dun

Part II

The National Bank of India, Limited 2 The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation, Bankers and Army Acents

3 The Bank of India, Limited 4 The Army & Navy Stores Limited

5 Messrs Binny & Co , Lumited, Bankers and Army Agents

6 Messrs. Parry & Co

7 Mesers Cowasjee Din haw and Brothers

8 The Central Bank of India, Limited

Il The Marcantile Bant of India Timited Madena

26

Government of India for information The death of such pensioners should similarly be reported, but the report to the Government in their case will be submitted by the Account Office which should be furnished with the nice-sary particulars by the officer who has been disbursing the peusion This report should be submitted in Form 31

(b) Treasury Officers will also furnish the Account Office concerned, annually on the 1st December, with a list of all retired officers of Gazetted ranl drawing pension from the treasury whose deaths within the preceding twelve months have come to their notice

The list should give the following information -

- 1 Name
- 2 Service or appointment
- 3 Date (of death)
- A B-Any honours and distinctions (including the Kaisar 1 Hind Medal) which had been awarded to the deceased officer should be specified in the list
- (c) In addition to the immediate report to the High Commissioner required by clause (a) above a telegraphic report to the Secretary of State in Council should be sent by the Government concerned whenever any European Officer of the Superior Civil Services, while on Service in India. is killed or severely wounded by fanaties or others or meets with sudden or violent death in any very spend circumstances

Last pay Certificate

- 41 Forms of last pay certificates to be granted in certain circum stances by the Treasury Officer are set forth in Appendix 8A A Treasury Officer must be careful not to pay the pay and allowances to an officer to whom he has granted a last pay certificate, unless the certificate is first surrendered
- 1 The form of last pay certificate prescribed provides for detail of the fund deductions although the officer preparing the I ills is responsible for their correctness, but the Treasury Officer is responsible not only for entering in the certificate all demands against the departing officer, including any made under an order of attach ment of his pay by a Court of law of which he may have received notice before granting the certificate but for passing on any, of which he may afterwards receive notice to the treasure from which the officer will in future draw pay
- 2 In all cases of transfer from one district to another within the same Audit Circle, the last pay certificate alould specify the last regular or monthly payment, and the entire pay for the month in which transfer has been made should be paid in the rew district except as provided in Article 38 (b)
- In the case of the pay bill of a Government servant of whatever rank required to accompany the headquarters of Government to a hill station or other station which has been declared to be the leadquarters of Government for the time being the a gnature or counter signature of a gazetted Government servant on the bill may be treated as a last pay certificate for the purpose of Treasury Order 22 (eide Appendix 5C)

Bond of Indemnity for drawing Leave Salaries, etc

42 (a) Officers often make arrangements with their agents to draw their leave salaries or varation allowances, pensions, etc., either granting them lowers of attorney to enable them to do so, or leaving their bills ready signed in the agent's custody for presentation, the agents in their turn giving Government a bond of indemnity as security against any loss in case of over payment

*Note - A Register of Power of Attoines will be kent by the Treasure Officer in

No. 184.

Page 27, Article 42 (e)-

Substitute the following for the last sentence of this Article and the list

given thereunder -

"A list of Agenta who have executed general bonds of indemnity is given below Part I constitutes the list of Agenta who inter din have secured the title to draw, on behalf of their constituents, pensions payable in India on behalf of other Governments as well while Part II mentions those who are not so entitled:

Part I

The Imperial Bank of India
 The Allahabad Bank Limited

3 Messrs Thomas Cook & Son (Bankers), Limited.

4 Messrs Grandlay & Co, Limited

5 "

8 The Bank of Behar, Limited 9 The Group of undermentioned firms carrying on business at Nagpur.

Kamptee, Lahore Cuntonment, etc. etc.—

(i) Indra Bhan Bansilal, R B (ii) Bansilal Abir Chand, R B

(iii) Chandrabhan Bansilal, R B

(iv) Ramchand Ram Rattan, Das R B
(v) Bansilal Ram Rattan, Das, R B

(vi) Bansilalji Daga, R B

(vii) Sir Kastur Chand Hanuman Das, R B

10 Messrs Incha Ram & Co , Bankers and Agents of Sialkot

11 The Bank of Hundustan Limited

12 The Travancore National Bank, Limited

13 The Quilon Bank Limited

14 The Punjab Co operative Bank, Limited

15 The Simia Banking and Industrial Co , Limited

16 Bhugwan Das Bank, Limited, of Dehra Dun

Part II

The National Bank of India, Limited

2 The Honglong and Shanghai Banking Corporation, Bankers and Army Agents

3 The Bank of India, Limited

4 The Army & Navy Stores, Limited 5 Messry Binny & Co , Limited, Bankers and Army Agents

6 Messrs Parry & Co

7 Messrs Cownsjee, Dinshaw and Brothers

8 The Central Bank of India, Lamited
9 The Vercantile Bank of India, Lamited, Madras

Lome 15 and 16 of the list of Agents given

mentioned firms carrying on business r

items 17 to 24 as 16 to 23 respectively -

117.

and

ete.

12. 43-44] 8 Messis Thomas Cook and Son

9 Messrs Grindlay & Co

10 Messis, Parry & Co

Page 28, Article 42(e)-

Substitute the following for No 117, dated the 2nd Januar

clause -' 22 Bhuguan Dasa P

> [C A Code Vol I, 8: * ftonment, etc , etc -(a) Allen arions / month, R B

(u) Bansilal Ab gohand, R B (u) Chandrab an Bansilal, R B

(IV) Ramchard Ram Rattan Das, R B

(v) Bansılal Ram Rattan Das, R B

(vi) Bansilalji Daga, R B

(vu) Sir Kastur Chand Hanuman Das, R B

[C A Code Vol I 8th Edn (1d Rop) to 117, dated th

A. Bankers, Debra

1) and (e) of this Article requires advice to be sent to the Secretary of State of any change in the constitution of an unincorporated firm. When such advice is received in the Account Office, a recognition of the existing agreements that have been concluded previous to the change in the partnership should be obtained either by calling for fresh nercements to be executed by the new partnership or by obtaining an acknowledgment from the new partnership that they are bound by the existing agreement of the old partnership or otherwise

Fund Deductions

43 The duty of noting the proper deductions to be made from pay - account of funds devolves on the drawers of the bills, but no Article 13 " "ed in earrying out an order received from the Accountant miner to make any particular deduction

however, check the deductions in the case of Family Pension Regulations and the

the following as Note 2 to this Article, rom "Se al o Atticle 240 1 garding the attrching of a Code Vol I, 8th Ldn (2nd Rep.). w

ncome tax is contained and the rules and orders ncome tax Manual cept in so far as they has regards the recovery of meome tax, treasury and Audit are concerned solely with the recovery at the time of payment on thes?" as defined in section 7 (2) of the Act and on "interest on hes." It is important to notice that the income tax under the 'salaries' has at the time of payment to be deducted at the rate to the estimated income of the assesses from the head ries" [vide section 18 (2) of the Act], provided that the amount bme tax can, at the time of deduction, be increased or reduced for jurpose of adjusting any excess or deficiency arising out of any is deductions or failure to deduct

lespect of pay bills of establishment presented to them for payment, by Officers are required to see only that deductions of income tax connitted where some deduction should clearly be made

to I —A person responsible for paying salaries is not bound by law to deduct bind of payment of salary income tax on the value of rend free quarters enjoyed person drawing the salary. The Income iax Officer is therefore responsible for sament and for the collection of tax on the value of rend free quarters though treatures ource of meemal as ancluded under the head "Salaries". That is no objection to the person disbursing a salary deducing tax on account of of rend free quarters disjoyed by the assesses should the latter request him.

ind

iy a separate letter or memorandum when the payment is actually mad. In those Proinces or Departments in which the Statutory prevaient of Robe 15 to 17 of the Indian Income tax Rules, 1922 have been superseded by K system of monthly schedules of income tax deskettons the drawer of the bill should include in column 3 (d) of the schedule (with a suitable note in the Remarks column) receipts by Governm at serrants, from Government of 15 one not falling under the head "Sciance"; and the Accounts or Treasure Of ser paying the bill will little payment, pass on the achedule, duly verified to the Income tax Officer concerned.

⁴⁵ A Sterling Overseas Pav disbursed in England should, under section 18 (2 A) of the Act, he taxed by deduction at source in India, along, with, and in precisely the same manner as, rupee pay actually drawn in India.

46 Relevant extracts from the rules regarding Income tax refurwlich in extenso are contained in Income tax Office Manual are reprodult in Appendix 2

Rent Deductions

- I if the rent recoverable from a Government servant is limited to a certain percentage of his empluments the particulars of such empluments should be noted in the stitement of rents before its return, in the column for remarks Where, after the return of the statement of rects, the empluments of a Government servant are changed retrospectively, such changes should either be shown in the next sintement or intimated to the Dirasional Officer by a special letter

Attachment of Pay for Debt

46 B I The pay of a Government servant while on duty is exempt

liole of pay, where it does not exceed forty rupees

thly, when the pry exceeds forty rupees and eighty rupees monthly, and

pay in any other ease

an pay, is wholly exempt from attachment, to pay is hable to attachment to the same

[C. A. Code Voler s

es are not racluded in the term " pay" for the ated as exempt from attachment by a Civil Court. Sociaded

Note 2 -The). No sot what remains a No taken under rule

attachable by n Civil Court is the pay earned and any debts due to Government on account of advances

Norr. 3.—Subscriptions to funds recognised by Government, instalments in opayment of advances from the General Provident Fund and recoveries of meometax, deductions for which appear in the pay bills, should be excluded from the aggregate pay for the purpose of attachment by a Civil Court.

Norm 4—Sterling Overseas Pay, or that portion of leave salary which is based on Sterling Overseas Pay, not heing payable so British India, is not lable to attract uses by a Court of Law in India as part of pay or leave salary of a public officer and cannot be taken into account in assessing the amount which is Hable to such attachment

Attachment of Pay and Allowances for Debt.

46 B The extent to which the emoloments of a Government upt from attachment for debt is laid down in Section, 60 (1) e Nevi Procedure, 1908, as amended by the Code of Civil Procedure dement) Act 1937 and further modified by the Government aptation of Indian Laws) Order, 1937 and the Government optation of Indian Laws) Supplementary Order, 1937 The followact of the relevant provisions of the Section —

'60 (1) The following property is liable to attachment a of a decree

Provided that the following particulars shall not be hable to such a 'it ., namely --

(i) the salary of any public officer to the e of the first hundred rapees and one half the remainder of salary

Provided that, where the whole or any part of the portion of a salary hable to attachment has been under attachment, wheth continuously or intermittently for a total period of twenty for months such portion shall be exempt from attachment until the expiry of a further period of twelve months and, where such attachment has been made in execution of one and the same decree, shall be finally exempt from attachment in execution of that decree.

(I) any allowance forming part of the emoluments of any public officer which the appropriate General ment may by notification in the Official General ance made to

Explanation 2 -1

derived }
or on]

Explanation

wernment" means

(i) as r | numer officer in the service of the Central | foreignment | f

(ii) as respects any public officer employed in connection with the exercise of the functions of the Crown in its relation — th Indian States—the Crown Representative, and

(iii) as respects any other public officer , the Provi

The maxim

chable by a Civil Court is calculated on remains after satisfying any debts due to

PAY AND ALLOWANCES

Nore 5 cases may occur in which the judgment debtor does not sign the hitance roll and jutentionally allows his pay to remain undishursed; or the bent debtor, being acquetted office, or not being a garettel officer but being lied to draw his pay on a separate pay bill may refer in from propulate his pay of drawing his pay regularly in order to evado payment on necount of an attach my Jorder issued by a Court of Law In such circumstances the Head of the office or) A the case of a gazetted officer or of an officer treated in this respect like a of the judgment debtor in extrafaction of the attachment order subject to the restrictions laid down in the main rule and remit the amount to the Court concerned The amount of the pay drawn should be charged in the accounts, the particulars of the attachment order being cited in the acquittance roll or the pay bill, as the case may be, as an authority for the charge and the Court's receipts for the omount should he filed with the attachment register

III When a single month embraces a period during which a Government servant has been absent from duty and a period during which he has been on duty, each of the two periods should be treated separately, and leave salary for the period of absence, provided it is less than pay, will be exempt from attachment, while the pay for the other period will be liable to attachment, subject to the exemption in I above

No. 10.

Page 31. Article 46-0-

Insert the following as a new article under a separate heading as fadt. ested below:-

Procedure for issue of pay, etc., to members of the Auxiliary Force Units oo calling out or embodiment.

46-C. The issue of pay, etc., of civilian Government servants who are members of the Auxiliary Force (India) Units, when called out or imbodied under Section 18 of the Auxiliary Force Act is regulated by the instructions laid down in paragraph 255 of the Regulations for the Auxiliary Force, India, 1933,

[C.A. Code, Vol. I, 8th Edn (2nd Rep.), No 10, dated 1st April 1936]

46 B The extent to which the emoluments of a Government serva

e (S

daptation of Indian Laws) Order, 1937 and the Government of Indiantation of Indian Law) Supplementary Order, 1937 The following a trace of the relevant provisions of the Section —

'60 (1) The following property is hable to attachment in order on of a decree

Provided that the following particulars shall not be liable to such atta ent ., namely --

- the salary of any public officer to the exter of the first hundred rupees and one half the remainder of sucsalary
 - Provided that where the whole or any part of the portion of such salary hable to attachment has been under attachment whether continuously or intermittently for a total period of twenty four months such portion shall be exempt from attachment until the expury of a further period of twelve months and, where such attachment has been made in execution of one and the same decree, shall be finally exempt from attachment in execution of that decree,
 - (I) any allowance forming part of the emoluments of any public officer ment may by notification which the appropriate

- (2) as respects any public offers at the respect to the respect t
- (1) as respects any public officer in the service of the Central Government , the Central Government .
- (11) as respects any public officer employed in connection with the exercise of the functions of the Crown in its relation with Indian States the Crown Representative, and
- (iii) as respects any other public officer
 Government

, the Provi

The maxim -

chable by a Civil Court is calculated on hromains after satisfying any debts due to 4. When the endorsement on a bill is incomplete or irregular, the procedure laid down in Article 13 (m) should be followed. When payment is made by cheque it is not correct to discount the discount of the d

not correct to disregard the endorsement and issue a chorne in favour of the driver, 50. A Government servant drawing pay for the first time from any treasury should present, with his pay bill, a last-pay certificate in necordance with the rules contained in Appendix 8-A, unless he is a newly-appointed Government servant drawing his pay for the first time, when a health certificate required under Fundamental Rule 10 and an order from the Accountant General should be attached to the bill; but it the appointment is temporary, the certificate need not be furnished until he is confirmed.

50-A. The claim for house allowance (see the rules issued in Government of India, Finance Department Resolution No D.5067-C.S.R., dated the 10th October 1924) should be accompanied by a certificate in

Form 1-C.

Alterations of Pay.

51. No officer may draw an uncreased or a changed rate of pay, leave salary or fixed allowance unless the bill on which he draws it; seither pre-audited by the Accountant General, or is accompanied by a letter of the Accountant General authorising the amount to be drawn. These letters will be issued from the Account Office as soon as possible; but as delay may occur if the change is made near the end of a month, or if it talkes effect from a date which cannot immediately be ascertained, and cannot be fixed by a certificate of transfer of charge appended to the bill, officers should either draw their bills for no more than old rates, or send their bills for pre-audit to the Accountant General, if they do not first receive his letter of antbority. See also Treasury Order 21.

51.A. In the case of time-scales of pay with effering hars at sertain stages, an Audit Officer will not authorise any Government servant to draw pay at a rate above the stage at which an efficiency har is fixed until be has received a declaration from the authority empowered to make the promotion that it has satisfied itself that the Gor-

ernment servent in question is fit to pass the bar

In order to prevent the passing of an efficiency bar becoming as mere matter of form, it is imperative that every case should be carefully serutinised by the sanctioning anthority before signing the declaration prescribed above

Transfer of Office.

62. Every transfer of charce of a gravited effor should be reported by post on the term day to the Accountant General and in the case of an officer having interventer there of a public treative, statements of the each balance, of the stand and on an every and also of the bill forms in stoch should be proposed, stand by the officer taking charge, and forwarded to the Accountant General at the same time. Form 1-D has been presented by the Action General for the purpose of preparing these reports for Treating Office 5 (cf.). Nove-This side cult smiles to show a former of Chiera, and it immediates

Nort.—This rule calv armirs to change of Product Children and it cannot be acceptive charge of the treasure between their sthe-limiters in the latter case, the

fact of transfer should sumply be alread to the Assessment General

CHAPTER 4 -GAZETTED OFFICER'S BILLS

Form of Pay Bill .		47	Rewards for Proficiency in Oriental	
Alterations of Pay		51	Languages	
Transfer of Office .		52	Place of payment	
Pay to Officers in England		53		À
Travelling Allowance Bill		54	Engagement of Passages 59) B.
	_			

Form of Pay Bill

47 For the fixed allowances of a gazetted Government servant the adoption of Bills in a form similar to Form 1 or (in the case of Presi dency Payments) Form 1 A is recommended, in which the whole of the fixed allowances except Sterling Overseas Pay claimable by a Government servant in respect of the same appointment are set forth A Government . servant who draws an additional allowance for a separate office need not present a separate bill for it unless it is chargeable to a Local Fund or to sources other than general revenues

47 A For Sterling Overseas Pav a separate monthly bill in Form 1 B should be submitted by the officer to the Audit Officer concerned Note -As bills for Sterling Overseas Pay are merely claims, no receipt stamps

need be affixed to them

- 48 In some provinces it is found more convenient that the pay of talisildars, and other similar Government servants belonging to establishments lunited and fixed with reference to the requirements of a whole administration, who are not ranked as gazetted Government servants but whose piy varies according to grade, should be drawn separately, in the form provided for gazetted Government servants, instead of being included in the nov bill of their office establishment
- 49 Pay and allowances may be paid only upon the personal claim of the Government servant concerned, and to his personal receipt, and not otherwise, except under the special authority in each case of the Government of India or the Auditor General At the written request or order of the Government servant the pay bill may be made payable to some uell I noun hanker or agent

1 Under the above Article the receipt of the banker or agent cannot be accepted as a final quittance unless the bill itself is endorsed in favour of the banker or agent by means of a distinct pay order which need not be stamped. The receipt of the banker or agent will be stamped whether it is in the body of the bill itself or separate

2 A Government servant or any other single person cannot be constituted an "Agent" under Article 42 for the purposes of the above rule, except when he colds tegrilly railed power of attorney to act for the Government servant concerned.

3 The ruling in this article applies to all payments in India, whether on account of pay travell ng or other allowances which under the rules are made to Government servants on their personal necount. Though Sterling Overseas Pay is admissible only upon the personal claim of the Government servant concerned no receipt from him ' is neces ary in respect thereof, as the amount is disbursed in the United Kingdom by the High Commissioner for India to the receipt of the Banker or Agent nominated by the Government servant to receive payment on his behalf

Note,-Payment of Sterling Overseas Pay on behalf of a Government servant to more than one nominee simultaneously is not permissible

4. When the endorsement on a bill is incomplete or irregular, the procedure laid down in Article 13 (m) should be followed. When pryment is made by cheque it is

not correct to disregard the endorsement and issue a cheene in favour of the driver.

50. A Government servant drawing pay for the first time from any treasury should present, with bis pay bill, a last-pay certificate in accordance with the rules contained in Appendix 8 A, unless he is a newlyappointed Government servant drawing his pay for the first time, when n bealth certificate required under Fundamental Rule 10 and an order from the Accountant General should be attached to the hill; but if the appointment is temporary, the certificate need not be furnished until he is confirmed

50-A The claim for house allowance (see the rules issued in Government of India, Finance Department Resolution No D -5067-C S.R., dated the 10th October 1924) should be accompanied by a certificate in

Form 1-C

Alterations of Pay.

51 No officer may draw an increased or a changed rate of pay, leave salary or fixed allowance unless the bill on which he draws it is either pre-audited by the Accountant General, or is accompanied by a letter of the Accountant General authorising the amount to be drawn These letters will be issued from the Account Office as soon as possible : but as delay may occur if the change is made near the end of a month. or if it takes effect from a date which cannot immediately be as-certained, and cannot he fixed by a certificate of transfer of charge appended to the hill, officers should either draw their hills for no more than old rates, or send their hills for pre audit to the Accountant General, if they do not first receive his letter of authority. See also Treasury Order 21

51-A In the case of time cales of pay with efficiency bars at certain stages, an Audit Officer will not authorise any Government servant to draw pay at a rate above the stage at which an efficiency har is fixed until he has received a declaration from the authority empowered to make the promotion that it has satisfied itself that the Goverument servant in question is fit to pass the har

In order to prevent the passing of an efficiency bar becoming a mere matter of form, it is imperative that every case should be care fully scrutinised by the sanctioning authority before signing the declaration prescribed above

Transfer of Office

52 Every transfer of charge of a gazetted officer should be reported by post on the same day to the Accountant General and in the case of an officer having independent charge of a public treasury. the case or an one-transfer of the start and opinm stores and also of the tash halunce, of the start and opinm stores, and also of the bill forms in stock, should be prepared, signed by the officer also of the Dill Jordan in the Accountant General at the same taking charge, and forwarded to the Accountant General at the same time Form 1-D has been prescribed by the Auditor General for the purpose of preparing these reports [see Trensury Order 5 (c)] purpose of preparing of the property of the property Order 5 (c)]

Nort.—This rule only applies to changes of Detrict Officers, not to transfers of screenire charge of the tressury between their subordinates in the latter case, the feed of transfer should simply be advised to the Accountant General.

Pay to Officers in England

53 If pay be due in India to an officer absent in England, he must make his own arrangements to receive it in India

Travelling Allowance Bill

54 The form of hill for travelling allowance of a gazetted Government servant depends upon the rules under which it is due. In the case of mileage, halting or daily allowance, Form 2 is recommended as setting forth in a convenient form the necessary details of information. When a circuit of the reason for doing so should be stated on the hill. When a Government servant is entitled to draw actual expenses, they should, in the absence of orders to the contrary, be set forth in detail.

Rewards for Proficiency in Oriental Languages

55 (a) Bills for rewards under evul rules to civil officers, including chaplains, military officers in civil employ and Public Works Officers should be pre-audit

(b) Bills for rewards
evel employ should he suhr

officers in who will

pass them for payment after having them pre-audited by the Military Department The amounts of these hills will be debited to the Military Department through the Exchange Accounts

Place of Payment

56 Pay hills are ordinarily payable only at the treasury of the District in which the claim arises, but gazetted officers may, at their option, if there is no branch of the Imperial Bank at their headquarters, draw their pay partly at the headquarters of the district in which they may be serving and partly at the Capital of the Presidency or Province, subject to the following conditions—

(1) The concession shall be admissible only to gazetted_officers whose pay is subject to personal audit and is not less than R500 a month

(2) Not less than R100 m any one month shall be drawn outside the district beadquarters treasury and all sums drawn in the Provincial Capital must be in multiples of R100

(3) Except when Supply Bills are used, the amounts required to be drawn at the Provincial Capital shall not he altered at intervals of less than three months

Norz 1—The following concessions (if not allowable under the above rule) to all individual officers who already enjoy them are allowed to continue —

(a) Officers serving in Bihar and Orassa, the North West Frontier Province, Distriction of the Province and P

 Bihar and Orissa
 Calcutta

 Asyam
 Calcutta

 Baluchistan
 Bombay

 Ajmer Merwara
 Calcutta

Ajmer Merwars Calcutta
Coorg Madras
North West Frontier Province Labore,

Vest Frontier Province Labore, Bombay.

In the case of officers serving in Bihar and Orises and Assum, in Baluchistan and Central India and in Coorg the amount to be pail at Calcutin, at Bombur, and at Madras respectively shall be drawn by means of Supply Bulls. For this purpose Supply Bulls may be issued at pur

(b) Officers serving in the United Provinces are allowed to draw a part of their citier at Campore or at the Provincial Capitai, but not at both stations

(c) Officers serving in Sind are allowed to draw a part of their pay either at Bon bay or at harnel i but not at both stations

(d Officers serving in the Central Provinces are allowed to draw their pay partly at their District Headquarters and partle at either (1) Nagpar or (2) Bombay or (3) Calcutta. The amounts required to be paid at Calcutta or Bombay should be drawn by means of Supply Bills issued at par

Our 2 -- Gazetted officers serving in Persia and the Arabian shore of the Persian Gulf may, at their option draw a part of their pay in India, subject to the following con litions.

(1) The concession shall be admissible only to gazetted officers whose pay is subject to personal audit and is not less than Rs 500 n month

() Not less than Rs 100 in any one month shall be drawn in India and all sums drawn must be in multiples of Rs 100

(3) The amounts required to be drawn in India shall not be altered at intervals of less than three months

(1) The amounts drawn in India will be payable only at Bombny The amounts required to be paid shall be drawn by means of Supply Bills issued at par

Norg 3 -Officers serving to the Hyderabad State may, at their option, draw their pay partly at the Hyderabad Residency Treasury and partly at Bombay, subject to the following conditions -

(1) The concession shall be admissible only to gazetted officers whose pay is subject to individual and it and is not less than Rs 500 per measure

(a) Not less than Rs 100 in any one month shall be drawn outside the district headquarters Treasury and all sums drawn in Bombay must be 'n multiples of Rs 100

(3) The amounts required to be drawn in India shall not be altered at intervals of less than three months and shall be drawn by means of Supply Bills issued at pir

Norz 4—The issue of Supply Bills under the above notes is not subject to the restriction laid down in Chapter VII of the Resource Manual for Supply Bills which are intended for the remittance of fands made by the public through Government.

57 Gazetted_officers of the_Public_Works_Department, in addition to the concession in Article 56, may present their pay and travelling allowance bills at the treasury or sub-treasury meriest to their_headqueriers or at any treasury or sub-treasury within their jurisdiction. After the place of payment has been selected, it may be changed only with the consent of the Accountant General or, if hoth the old and new places of payment are within his jurisdiction of the Treasury Officer.

Inspecting Officers

58 An officer whose duty requires him to travel ahout on inspec tion should ordinarily take with him a last pay certificate which will enable him to draw from the nearest treasury within his circle of jurisdiction such portion of his pay as may be entered in it at his request, the halance if any, being drawn at his headquarters. Should he pass flow one Accountant General's jurisdiction to another's, the last pay certificate should be countersigned by both. In such a case, of course, no advence is made, and no recovery or adjustment hecomes necessary. Similarly, he may draw bis travelling allowance on the prescribed bill form with necessary certificates, countersigned by the controlling authority if any, but he cannot take advances on account of travelling allowances.

- 1 In the Public Works Department a Superintending Engineer may adm t to the benefit of this rule any Executive Engineer in charge of a Division who is chiged to be continuously absent from his headquarters for more than a month at a time
- 59 As an exception to the above rule such advances as may be required on account of pay may be drawn by the officers named below, the pay bill being presented at the headquarters treasury—
 - I From any treasury in India -
 - (a) The Metropolitan Bishop of Calcutta
 - (b) Inspector General of Forests
 - (c) Director General and Deputy Director General of Archmology
 - (d) Government Epigraphist for India
 - (e) Surveyor General of India
 - (f) Director of the Imperial Institute of Agricultural Research, Prisa
 - (g) Director General of Observatories
 - (h) Assistant Superintendent Archæological Survey, attached to the office of the Director General of Archæology
 - II From any treasury within their diocese -
 - (a) Bishops other than the Metropolitan Bishop of Calcutta
 - (b) Archdeacon

Receipts should be taken in duplicate, the original being forwarded immediately to the Accountant General who usually audits the officer's allowance and the duplicate retuned to support the debit in the list of payments

· Leave applications

59 A Subject to any subsidiary rules and ordres which the local Government or other competent authority may prescribe all applications for leave should be submitted to the anthorities concerned on Form 2 A

Engagement of Passages

59 B Officers who are eligible to Lee Concession Passages when destring to obtain one should apply to the Accountant General concerned on Form 2-B for the necessary certificate

CHAPTER 5-ESTABLISHMENT

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Sections of Establishment

- 60 For the purposes of this chapter, parts of an establishment under the same offer, which are charged under different rayor heads, are to be recarded as distinct exhibitishment— σp a District Ohierr's Excise estallishment is to be treated as distinct and separate from his Land Revenue establishment
- 61 For the purpose of par and audit establishments are distributed into 'sections' so fixed rules can be laid down as to what constitutes a section but the sections should be fixed by the Accountant General in communication with the heads of offices or departments on the following principles —
- (a) The distributions should be uniform throughout the province for the same kinds of establishments.
- (b) Ordinarily, an office or estable himent centaining not more than ten or twelve elerks will form a single section, larger offices will comprise two or more
- (c) The distribution in the latter case should follow the actual working arrangements of the office e.g., a District Officer's establishment might be distributed in the
- ments of the since 47, a brighth Orice, Venacular Office, Treature Autr. Record following sections. English Orice, Venacular Office, Treature Autr. Record (d) In large officer where the clerks are arranged by classes and grades, each grade may form a separate section.
- (*) Petry and numerous establishments are often bed distributed according to the tuleng or sub-dissions of a dutnet eq., willage schoolmasters should be so distributed, while of the higher clarkes of schools each school would form a separate section.
- (f) Clerks (or schoolmasters native dectors, etc.) should not except in small establishments, be lumped up with chaptrissees or servants, but servants should, when their number is not very small form a separate section or sections.
- (g) The pay abstracts of the district police are regulated by departmental rules and are stated, so far as regards the lower grades in detail of grades.
- (h) In prepring pay bills, absence statements, annual returns of establishment, proposition statements and other similar documents, the entries should be made in accordance with the sections arranged under the provisions of this article.

Annual Returns *

- 62 (1) Early in April in each year, in detailed statement of the permanent establishment existing on first April will be prepared in Form 3 and transmitted to the Accountrial General direct as soon as possible, and in any case, not later than the 15th May A singler
- *N.B.—Requisitions for annual establishment return forms (numelr, C \ C. C. Porms 3 and 4) should be made by heads of offices direct from the Manuer of the Forms Press, Calcutts. They will not be supplied by the Accountant General us buthered.

statement is also required for local funds establishments, the claims to pension for which are submitted to him for verification of services and report, but only one copy of it should be sent to the Account Office The return will show accurately the establishment as it exists on 1st April, and in preparing it the following instructions should be carefully observed -

- (a) The name, designation and pay of all members of the establishment holding permanent posts whether on duty or absent on foreign service, leave or deputation or in temporary posts elsewhere, or under suspension, should be distinctly shown, with the exception of the following classes of Government servants -
 - (1) Gazetted Officers
 - (2) Non gazetted officers for whom records of service are maintained in the Audit Offices

(3) Officers who are exempted from keeping service books by Rules issued under

Fundamental Rule 74 (a)

(4) Officers on non pensionable establishments, provided that where, in view of the strength of the section, a detailed audit against the total per missible outlay is considered necessary, the Accountant General may call for a separate return for a non pensionable establishment

(5) Inferior servants attacked to Survey parties whose service as not longer than two years when, however, the name of any such servant is for the first time introduced the original date from which his service has been

continuous should be mentioned

Norz-Although Sub Registrars in Bengal and Bibar and Orissa are exempted from maintaining service books the annual establishment return prescribed in this Article should in their case be furnished to the Audit Office by the Inspector General of Registration

(b) The date of birth of appointment to present post, and of promotion to present pay of each person, as well as the number and date of the orders creating the post as it now stands should be clearly ente he statement .

the date of birth by Christian cra sb tle approximate date or year should

is not known, except in the

case of a clerical error, only under the or lers of the local Government

Note 1-The Departments of the Government of India exercise the powers of n local Gereennent for the purpose of this Article

Note 2-A local Government may delegate this power, in the case of non gazetted Government servants, to Heads of Departments and Compussioners of Divisions

(c) The return should show accurately the sanctioned scale of permanent estab lishment and so will include every post, whether filled up or not, and if a post be vacant, the word recent should be set against it in the column of Nome of Incumbent

(d) The names should be entered in order of sections of the establishment , there should be a separate total for each section, the grand total being taken at the foot

- (c) The columns of minimum and maximum pay of post should be filled up only when the pay is progressive, ie, rises from a minimum to a maximum by nanual incre ments , and if any annual increment is given with effect from 1st April, it should be included in the return, and compared with the cortificato (in Form 10) required by Article 69, which would accompany the April bill
- (f) The name of any person officiating in an appointment and the amount of additional pay for officialing drawn by him need not be shown, unless the additional tions. In the case of an estal lishment on a

ment servants not belonging permanently to

posts or holding temporary posts on the distribution of the included, indicating the nature of vacancies they fill up, side paragraph 5 of Appendix 11, Audit Code, Volume II.

- (9) If the officiating incumbent holds a permanent appointment upon mother establishment the fact should be stated, and the entry should be supported by a ce.tificate from the head of that other establishment.
- (b) If any superior servant on the establishment has nitilined the age of 55 years, or 60 years if he is a minimeral servant, the number and date of the orders of Government or other competent authority permitting his retention in the service should be quoted in a note at the foot of it is statement. The period for which retention has been authorised, or for which time legond the age of compulsory retriement has been granted under hundment if Righ be should also be mentioned. If no orders for his retention have been received, the number and date of the application for sanction to his retention should be noted.
- (4) A detailed statement in Form 4 should be given at foot of the original return form of showing new maines of nong xittl Government serious which are not found in the return of the previous year, and when these new manes include those of persons who have critered toornment servate for the hist time, in reference should be given to the ball with which their age and health certificates were furnished, and if they include the names of persons transferred from other Government appointments, those appointments about the sylectical, as well as the dates from which the transferred have effect column are also provided in form 4 for information required in required to the names of n in give tiet favorm ent seviants which appeared in home 3 of the previous year, but are now mainted is also regarding non greated Government seriants who have been on have or under suspinsion a note is required stating whicher it has been expressly declared that the period of suspension shall count as service qualifying for pension. The name of a Government seriant who is in transit to another office on the list April should be shown in the return of the office from which has been transferred, with a note that he is in transit.

(j) A separate detailed statement should be prepared for each permanens establishment extrating on last April, whether put from general revenus as or iron local faints, and not more than one establishment should be established on a single page. When the pay of any establishment or of any individual officer is met justily from general revenues and partly from local or other funds, the whole pay should be shown in one statement, and the pertial or parable from each source specied, in a footnete

(A) In the case of that portion of an establishment which is borne on a Provincial or inmalgamated cause, a separate annual establishment return showing details of all such establishments should be turnished to the controlling officer, who should consolidate.

them into one statement.

- (2) When completed in accordance with the above instructions, the detailed statement should be carefully checked with the service books, as it will be the chief authority by which pension claims will be tested hereafter. A certificate of this comparison should be endorsed on the return thus, 'Compared with Service Books and found to agree' In the case of Provincial or amalgamated establishments, whose service books are maintained by Heads of Offices, the certificate should run as follows.—
 - "Certified by Heads of Offices to have been verified with service books"
 - (3) In the case of establishments on time scale rates of pay, the Accountant General may also require the submission of a duplicate return in a form specially prescribed for the purpose

Alteration of Establishment.

63 I When the entertainment of a new establishment or a change, temporary or permanent, is proposed in an office, a letter fully explaining the proposals and the conditions which have given rise to them 12AGO

should be submitted to the authority concerned. In this letter should be set out -

- the present cost, either of the section or sections affected, or of the total establishment as the circumstances of the ease may indicate to be necessary.
- (11) the cost after revision, and

(111) details of the number and pay of the appointments which it is proposed to add or modify

requires the sanction of higher authority only the powers of sanction of the subordinate is higher authority full details should be given the scheme so connected with them that, units

it is explained, it must be difficult for the higher authority to determine whether same tion should be given to these items or not Details of other parts of the scheme are not required and should not be given, items sum figures showing the total cost of each

part of the scheme being sufficient

Example 1—It is proposed to establish a first grade college, and the sanction of bigber authority is required only because it is desired to create appointments in the Ind an Educational Service for the Principal and three Professors Full details of the tracking staff should be given, because without these details the necessity for the appointment in the Indian Educational Service cannot be gauged. No details should be given of the derical or other subordunate staff.

Example 2—It is proposed to establish a Government High School and the same into of higher authority is required only hecause it is proposed to create an appoint ment in the Indian Educational Serves for the Headmaster. No details are required of the staff proposed for the school except the Headmaster, because a knowledge of there details is not necessary in order to determine whether an appointment in the

Indian Educational Service is required

Explanation (b)—When the revision of a number of establishments is under taken & pursuance of one definite central idea, which constitutes a single scheme for jurposes of sanction, and when the scheme requires the sanction of higher authority, in the letter submitting too proposals for sanction full details of the several establish ments need not be given, but only such details as will indicate the financial effect of each portion of the proposals

Thus if the scheme is for the increase of pay of a number of establishments it will suffice to set out —

(c) The present cost of all establishments concerned

(ii) The various increases of pay or the various percentages of increases pro

posed and the reasons justifying the proposals

- (iii) In respect of each separate rate of mereave proposed, as set out in (1)— (a) A list of the establishments or classes of officers to which it is to be applied and the reasons for such differentiation.
 - (b) As accurate an estimate as possible of the probable cost, with a statement that this has been worked out in consultation with the Accountant General and that it is accepted by him as correct,

Nort.—In determining the extra cost, allowances, whether fixed or variable, should be included. The estimato of the extra cost due to variable allowances, such as those granted under house allowance schemes, cannot be exact but it should be as accurate as possible. It clear Government may issue such instructions as may be necessary as to the manuer in which such estimates should be prepared.

- II (a) In the following cases a proposition statement in duplicate in Form 5 should also be submitted
 - (1) cases of general revision of establishment ,
 - (11) proposals which cannot be set out clearly without it, or

- (111) *schemes which require the sanction of the Secretary of State
- (b) The details to be shown in proposition statements will be determined by the following rules
 - (1) The proposition statement, where this is necessary, sbould relate strictly to the section or part of the office affected by the proposals. As regards the other parts or sections of the office neither details nor figures of total cost need be included.
 - (11) Where a section consists of both inferior and superior ser vants, details need be given only of the class affected, if a saving of labour will result from the adoption of this, procedure
 - (ss) The rules as to detail set out in clause I above

Norm 1 — Where the pay of any post, estiting or proposed, rases from a minimum to a maximum by periodical increments the average monthly cost, not the netual or the commencing cost must be given. Thus average cost no doubt, varies under various circumstances but after all it depends largely on the period of rise. If the pay rises by five equal increments from a manimum to a maximum, the average monthly cost till be taken as the minimum, plus three-fourths of maximum plus three-fourths of maximum if the period of rise taken at the cruct mean, in other

NOTE 2 —The fixed ullowances referred to in the note to clause I above should be ratered in proposition statements when such statements are prepared but the variable allowances should not be included therein

(c) The proposition statement or the proposal for revision should be forwarded through the Accountant General who should verify the present scale or state the present cost as the class may be, according to his audit register, but it will not be necessary for him to reconcile differences or discrepancies unless they are sufficiently large to affect the consideration of the case by the sanctioning authority. It will also be unnecessary for the Accountant General to make the submission of proposals for the revision of establishments the occasion for the verification of present scales as shown in his audit registers. In ordinary cases the sanctioning authority may accept the Accountant General's figures and if there are discrepancies between his figures and those furnished by the authority mixing the proposals they may be left over for adjustment at the next periodical verification of the scale of establishment with reference to the annual return prescribed in Article 62.

III The statement prescribed in Article 191 should also be submitted when necessary

Monthly Bill

64 Pay hills in Form 10 should be prepared separately for perma nent and temporary establishments and also for those classes of Establish ment for whom no establishment returns are submitted and no service

[&]quot;The simpler Fr' a 6 may be used in this case, when the full details of Form 6 are not necessary

oooks are maintained, the instructions printed on the form of the pay all being earefully observed. Against each post should be shown (except n cases covered by Rule 2 below) the names of both the substantive and officiating moumbents, and against each temporary post should also ne noted the sanction thereto, When pay is drawn for a portion of a anouth only, the rate at which it is claimed should be stated either against the name of the Government servant in the body of the bill or in a note at foot of the page.

1 The pay of establishments mentioned in the Exceptions to Article 85, which is treated as a contingent charge, should not be included in pay bills

2 The names of menumbents whose pay is less than Its 50 n month and who do not hold substitutive perminent posts under Government may be omitted from pay bills us also the names of all persons in inferior service, of all head constables and court bles in lot all jostmen and village postmen, if a certificate in the following form is endorsed on the bills -

Certified that all persons whose names are omitted from, but whose pay has been drawn in, this bill have actually been employed during the month.

A local Government may, in consultation with the Accountant General, extend the provise is of this rule to specified clases of establishments when the entry of names in the latis of those est blishments is not essential for audit purposes

3 The claims of Government servants whose names are omitted from the bills urder Rik . should not be lumped together and entered as a single item in the bilis The bills in sit h cases should show separately the numbers on different rates of pay, or with lifferent designations

Note 1 -If for any reason the leave salary claimed by a Covernment sermed on lience is not known (us for example when the kind of leave to be granted to him tag not been facility decried by the senctioning nuthority), the amount of pay to which be result been entitled hid he remained on duty should be entered in the money column of the form comerned which is intended to show here salary, the amount being left undishursed and treated as held over pending the fixation of the amount of his k wo silary

Note 2 -- When leave salary based on average pay is drawn in a bill, in which the leave silars is first driven it should be accompanied by a statement, altisted by the driving officer, showing the calculations by which the amounts drawn on account of have saliry lave been deduced. If the calculation is based on pay drawn outside the Generalment servent's substantive section or office, a reference to the vouchers in, or You office from, which such pay was drawn should be given in the statement. If have reliarly is based on actual pay and not on average pay, the drawing officer should atticheto the bill a certificate that such pay is the pay of a permanent post hell sub stimurely by the obsenter at the time of tiking leave, and that the absentes was in permanent Covernment service on 24th August 1927

65 Pines imposed on non gazetted officers for ordinary neglect of office duty are properly recovered by Stoppages from pay and consequent

short drawings from the treasury.

66 (a) The monthly bill should ordinarily be supported by an absence statement in lorm 8, if any person in superior service was absent during the month, either on deputation or suspension, or with or without leave (except on casual leave)

(b) In the ease, however, of Provincial or amalgamated establishments a consolidated absentee statement showing the complete clinin of arrangements should be separately furnished by the controlling authority within a period fixed by the Accountant General No separate absentee

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statement need be furnished by Hends of offices along with the mouthly pay bills, but in cases in which the power to sanction leave and officinting arrangements within the nucle has been delegated to Heads of offices within prescribed limits the requisite absence statement should be furnished by them along with the pay bills and such vegicies and arrangements should not be included in the consolidated absence statement to be furnished by the controlling authority

NOTE —In the case of provincial or amalemented estall abutents on timescales of may, the arrangements made by Heads of officer stantil to reported to the controlling suther to for inclusion in the consolidated absentes statement.

- 67 If no person in superior service was absent, during the month, either on deputation or suspension or with or without leave (except on casual leave), certificate 2 printed on the establishment pay bill I orm should be signed by the Head of the office
- 68 When the name of any person appointed whether permanently or probition to superior service appears for the first time in an establishment hill either reference must be given to a previous appointment held by him (which should be supported by a list pay certificite under Article 70 Rule 1 showing dates of maling over and receiving charge, advances outstrading etc.) or if he did not previously hold any appointment or is reemployed after resignation or forfeiture of past service a health certificate, as required by Fundamentol Rule 10 must occompany the bill
- 69 To the first bill in which a peridoical increment is drown by ony officer, a certificate in Form No 10 A, should be appended
- The form provides for two alternative certificates. The first alter native certificate may be used in any case in which the increment is due to a Government servant for having been the incumbent of the post specified for the prescribed term from the date of last increment or of appointment to the post excluding periods of suspension for misconduct and absence on extraordinary leave and, if he has held the post in an off civing capacity, all other kinds of leave which ore shown in the tabular portion of the certificate An increment so certified may be drawn in the establishment bill without further authority. In all other cases the second alternative form is required and whenever this form is used the certificate with the explanatory memorandum (which should show briefly, but clearly the grounds on which the increment is claimed) should be submitted about one month before the increment falls due to the Accountant General who will pass and return it after check and the increment may be paid only on a certificate so passed. If the certificate he sub-mited at the time indicated the Accountant General will ordinarily be able to leturn it so as to allow of the increment being drawn when did in the ordinary establishment bill, but if arrears of increment have accrued when the certificate is returned they may be drawn on a separate hill
 - 69 A When an increment claimed operates to carry a Government servant over an efficiency by at should be supported by a declaration from the authority empowered to allow the increment that it has satisfied itself that the Government servant in question is fit to pass the bar

In order to prevent the passing of an efficiency bar becoming a mere matter of form, it is imperative that every case should be carefully scrut, used by the sanctioning authority before signing the declaration prescribed above

Distribution of Pay

70 The head of an office is personally responsible for every pay drawn on a bill signed by him or on his behalf until he has paid it to the person entitled to receive it, and obtained his receipt, duly stamped where necessary, on the office cony of the pay bill. If in any case, owing to the large size of an establishment or because certain of its men are work ing in outstations it is not found feasible or convenient to obtain the receipts of payees on the office copy of the pay bill the head of the office concerned may at his discretion maintain a separate acquittance roll in Form C A C 10 B If the pavce does not present himself before the end of the month the amount drawn for him should ordinarily be short drawal in the next bill his pay drawn anew under Article 72 when he presents himself to receive In cases, however where this restriction will operate inconveniently the amount of undisbursed pay may at the option of the dishurs ing officer, be retained for any period not exceeding three months. As drawing officers are personally responsible for the sums drawn on establish ment bills from the Treasury the concession should not be availed of in cases where they are not satisfied that proper arrangements can be made for the safe custody of the same retained. Pay may not, under any circum stances be placed in deposit. The leave salary of a non garetted Govern ment servant on leave in India must be drawn from the treasure from which his pay is ordinarily dishursed under the signature of the head of hi office or of the gazetted officer authorised to sign for the head of the office. vide Rule 1 to Article 13 (q), and he must make his own arrangements for getting it remitted to him

Nort —The orders contained in Rule 2 under Article 49 are mutatis mutandis applicable to the disbursement of pay and allowances of a non-garetted Government servant

- I the head of nn off-ce should give a last pru certificate (see Article 41) to an officer of his cathil shamen who is transferred or deputed to nnother establishment or who is discharged on pension. The certificate should state that the officer has received pry on the subscriber's establishment up tall (date) inclusive and that from that date he ceused to draw pry on account of etc. It should also state the amount if any recoverable from the officer under an attechment of his pay by a Court of law the attachment order being prised on to the head of the office to which the officer when the transferred It need not be countersigned by the Audit Officer even in the case of transfers out of India the last priv certificate should be eigende by the Audit Officer.
- 2 In the case of an officer discharged na pension the certificate should accompany the application for pension unless the applicant continues in the service after aubmission of his application in which case the Accountant General in issuing orders for payment, will direct that no payment is to be made until the certificate is proluced.
- 3 The leave salary of n non gazetted Government servant belonging to the India Posts and Telegraphs Department and the Posts and Telegraphs Accounts Offices may be drawn from the office from which the Government servant proceeds on leave and remitted to his address by service money order

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4 As an exception to the general rule contained in the last sentence of Article 70, the leave salary of a suborlante of the Bombay Ealt Department may be drawn from a treasny ofter than that from which has pay was drawn when on duty

71 The head of an office is not at liberty to readjust the pay of a Government servant by giving one Government servant more and another less than the sanctioned pay of the post, nor may be distribute the pay of an absentee otherwise than as provided in the Lundamental Rules. But in the case of departments or establishments divided into grades there is no objection to an excess appointment being made in a lower grade against a vacincy left unfilled in a higher grade. This liberty must, however, not be used for the purpose of increasing the numerical straight of an office. For each vacines in a layer grade only one extra appointment in a lower grade is admissible.

Norz -This rule is applicable to ministerial establishments also

Arrear Bills

72 Arrear pay should be drawn not in the ordinary monthly bill, but in a separate bill the amount elaumed for each month being entered separately with quotation of the bill from which the charge was omitted or withheld or on which it was refunded by deduction or of any special order of competent authority granting a new allowance such bills can be pre-inted at any time subject to the conditions laid down in Article 8, and may include as many items as are necessary

Service Books

73 Special attention is drawn to the rules regarding service books, which are given in Supplementary Rules 197 to 203 made by the Governor General in Council and in pringraphs 34 and 35 of the Instructions issued by the Auditor General under Fundamental Rule 74. The service book is a contemporary record in minute detail of a person softend eareer. Non pensionable service should be distinctly shown as such in column 2 of the service books, and every entry should be attested at the time by the bead of the office.

At a fixed time early in the year the service books should be tallen up for verification by the head of the office who after satisfying bimself that the services of the Government servant concerned are correctly recorded in each service book, should record in it a certificate in the following form over his signature—

Service verified up to (date) from (the record from

which the verification is made)

Note.—The verification of service referred to above should be in respect of all service qualifying for pension whether permanent provisional, temporary or official to

The head of the office in recording the annual certificate of verification should in the case of any portion of service that cannot be verified from office records distinctly state that for the excepted periods (naming them) a statement in writing by the Government servant as well as a record of the ovidence of his contemporaries is attached to the book.

When however a non gazetted officer is transferred from one office to another, the head of the office under whom he was originally employed, should record in the service book under bis signature the result of the

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verification of service, with reference to pay hills and acquittance rolls. vermeation of service, with reference to pay this and acquitenance roots, in respect of the whole period during which the officer was employed under him, before forwarding the service book to the office where the ervices are transferred.

Nore -In the case of non gazetted Government servants for whom no record of service is maintained in the Audit office and to whom the rules promulgated in the Soverement of India, Flurince Department letter No. 195 CSR, dated the 25th April 1923, regarding the great of passages apply, an entry should be mide in the service

- (i) Each time the concession of half the cost of presence is granted to the of the obern rules
- (44) Whenever under Note 3 of the above rules passages are granted at a time other than at the end of an employee's service

An alphabetical ender of the names of all such Government servants to when the concession is illimed is also maintained in the Andit office

74 The service books should be kept in the enstady of the head of the office. When an employe is transferred to another office, his service book should be sent to the head of the office to which he is transferred. and not made over to him per should it be given to him when proceeding on leave. When non caretted officers are officiating in gazetted appointments their service books should be bent by the head of the office to which each such officer permanently belongs, but when they are confirmed in such appointments their service books should be forwarded to the Account office for record

Service Rolls

74 A Attention is also invited to Supplementary Rules 204 and 205 which require the maintenance of service rolls for certain classes of establishment for whom no service books are necessary. These service rolls should be kent in Form 10-C.

Travelling Allowances

75 Travelling allowances of establishments, other than permanent or fixed allowances, should be charged in a separate bill (Form 11). When actual expenses are drawn on account of the carriage of horses or conveyances, details of the horses or conveyances transported should be furnished in the travelling allowance bill. For the purpose of drawing the allowances on account of a family, or the higher maundage allowance, a certificate must be furnished by the officer of the number and relationship of the members of his family for whom the allowance is claimed. No other details in these or other cases need be furnished, but every claim for the cost of carriage of personal effects, horses and conveyances should be supported by a certificate that the actual expense in-curred was not less than the sum claimed Audit officers are at liberty to call for details or for evidence of expenditure in any case in which the , expenditure appears to be unusually large. At convenient intervals during an officer's tour, and as a general rule, immediately on any return to the beadquarters stations, a bill should be prepared for the travelling allowance of the clerks and others who have attended him ; this bill may be cashed at the treasury on the receipt of the head of the office, and the amounts distributed as in the case of the establishment bill.

[78-80

76. A bill in the same form setting forth the details of the several bills drawn on account of the same menth (if more than one), and explaining any divergence from the received range than one) and explaining any divergence from the received range of a bill to drawn up at the end of the in inthesial number of received and e undersignature of the controlling flow in farm at 1 forward 1 to 1 to contain townstall to the rules applied 1 to contain the expenditure. This bill must hear a certificate exist fill we

Crife t t 1 in est fel that he me mis shown in the 110 have been letriut 1 to the offers nor 1 and if r rece pertaken in the nequitance roll.

NOTE—II continuing office may if he profess it retain the bull for clock of future tills and merely real to the Acount Office a notice that he late of the retail shment travelling allowance hill of for the most hof for the most hof may follows—

No of bills paid at treasure Amount. Amount disallowed R asons?"

The bill contains the required certificate of the distribution of the amounts

77 In the Public Works Department travelling allowance bills can be presented for parament only after the claims have been passed by the Controlling Officer. The subordantes should prepare their travelling allowance journals in Porm 12 and after these me duly countersugued by the proper authority, an abstract showing the totals under each head of claim for each person should be prepared in Form 13 by the Executive Engineer for pre-entation at the treasury. The original journals should either be submitted to the Accountant General direct or attached to the abstract bill

1 It is optional with the local Government, in consultation with the Accountant General to prescribe the u-s of Form 2 by non gazetted upper subordinates in h u of Larm 12.

2 It is also optional with the local Government to direct that the journals of liver subordinates and members of the petty and it gatton receive establishing the solution to be submitted to the Accountant General but this often is conditional or all such journals being subject to a periodical test and it by the Accountant General.

78 When the travelling allowance bill is paid after counters g mature by the Controlling Officer it will bear a certificate in the following terms. "Certified that I have satisfied myself that the amounts

1 month previous to this date, with the exception 3 months

of those detailed below (of which the total amount has been refunded by deduction from this bill) have been disbursed to the Government servants therein named and their receipts taken in the acquitance roll." A similar certificate should be given on bills payable without countersignature.

Inspecting Officer's Establishment

79 When a part of his establishment moves with an inspecting officer, the head of the office may grain a last pay certificate for that portion in order to enable him to draw from another treasury such portion of the pay for it as may be desired, the balance, if any, being drawn at headquarters

48

CHAPTER 6-CONTINGENT CHARGES.

Note 1 -The rules of procedure laid down in this Chapter are applicable to the Public Works Department, to the extent Indicated in the Public Works Account Code, and to the Porest Department except in so far as they are modified by the rules in the Porest Account Code

- Note 2-The terms Contingent charges or Contingencies as used in this Code include also bupplies and Ferrices which sloud! I oweser, to shown separately in all bills and accounts distinguishing them from contingencies proper under the following | rules -
 - (1) Supplies and Services comprise charges which are locurred for the technical norking of the department concerned, i.e., charges which are not merely incidental but represent the main and proper activities of the department, e.g., Rewards to informers, Rooks for a Public Library, Likibits for a Museum etc. Such charges are for the most part peculiar to the department in which they are incurred
 - (2) Contingencies proper comprise these charges which are incidental to the management of an office as an office, e a, Purchase of ordinary books and periodicals Purchase of Stationers, etc. Such expenditure is of much the same kind whatever the department be to which the officer incurring them belones

Classification of Charges	81	Contingent charges not countersign.
General Rules	80	ો ત્વે
Responsibility of Drawing Officers	91	Charges regulated by scales and
Responsibility of Controlling Au		Special Contingencies . 102
thority	92	Countersigned Contingencies . 103
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Bills for Encishment	07	Inspecting Officer's Bill 109
Contract Contingencies	99	Inter departmental Transfers 110
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Classification of Charges

- 81 The rules in this chapter apply primarily to Contingencies and Supplies and Services, but "Other Expenditure" is also subject to the rules of procedure prescribed in this chapter, except in so far as it may be governed by any special rules in other chapters of the Code
- 1 The term "Other Expenditure" includes such classes of expenditure as grants to educational institutions political pensions scholarships medical and other grants to local bodies, grants to religious or charitable institutions, expenditure from the discretionary grants placed at the disposal of Heads of Provinces, Commissioners and District Officers, compensation to Government officers for accidental losses, contributions to public exhibitions and fairs and rewards
- 82 Contingent charges incurred on the public service are generally divided into classes, the classification adopted in each province being determined by the orders of the local Government

The following divisions are usually adopted -

(a) Contract Contingent charges, se, those for which a lump sum is allotted annually by the local Government within which

may incur expenditure as required without further sanction of any kind. They generally consist of charges the annual incidence of which can be averaged with reasonable accuracy

- (b) Charges regulated his scales such as rewards for destruction of wild animals, etc.
- (c) Special contingencies .c. charges, whether recurring or nonrecurring, which cannot be incurred without the previous sanction of superior authority
- (d) Contingencies of Heads of Departments and other officers, passed on fully souched bills which do not require countersignature (c) All contingent charges which cannot be dealt with under the

orders of the local Government as under (a) (b), (c) or (d) above, these must be dealt with as countersigned contingeneres ie charges which are controlled and reviewed by Hends of Offices and Departments the control usually No. 60.

Page 49, Article 82-

Delete the Noto under this Articlo.

IC A Code Vol I, 8th I dn (2nt Rep.) No 60, dated the lat July 1935 1

allotted to him in his budget estimate or otherwise. For ordinary expenses previous sanction is not required. It is for the local Government to lay down any scale in regard to contingent charges to be regulated thereby to determine the authority competent to sanction "special con tingencies" and to name the controlling authority whose countersignature is necessary in regard to countersigned continuent charges

- 1 Departments of the Government of India are authorised to sanct on non recurring contingent expenditure up to a limit of R1 000 in each case unless there is something novel doubtful or irregular in the character of the expenditure
- 2 Subject to the conditions specified in rule 1 above Commissioners of II come Tax are nuthorised to sanction non recurring contingent expenditure up to a limit of 16500 only in each case.

No. 61.

Page 49, Article 85-

- (1) Delete the second sentence of this Article, namely, "Fixed allowance with pay " . .
- (2) Substitute the following for lines I and 2 of the "Exceptions" below
- thus Article -'Exception - The following are examples of charges which may be treated as contingent expenditure -"
 - [C A Code, Vel I Sth I dn (2nl Reg) No 61, dated the let July 1935]

Department

- (c) Coolies engaged in the Civil Department on manual labour and paid duils or monthly wages
- (d) Temporary Field Establishments of Surveys and Settlements.
- (e) Sweepers (whether whole time servants or not) in the Civil
- (f) At the discretion of the local Government, such other classes of inferior servants, e.g., cooles, allobies, tailors, spees, grasscutters, etc., as the local Government has from time to timo ruled to be ineligible for pension or as it may in future declare to be non pensionable.
- (g) Extra potdars engaged under Article 135 of the Resource Manual to accompany remittances, etc

Norz 1-Tie rule in Article 100 does not apply to contingent payments on account of establishments poid for under this Article

Note 2 - The An Liter General exercises as regards both his own office and

Puper (urriney offices subord nate to him, the power conferred on local Governments of treating the pay of inferior secrents mentioned in exception (f) as a recurrent contingent charge. The Mini Masters Cricutta and Bombay and the Assay Maryombia, excepted the Calcutta Mint, the Bombay and the Assay Maryombia (excepted the Calcutta Mint, the Bombay and the Assay Office Bombay, respectively. The Inspector General of Forests excrences the sime powers.

Norr 3—Contingent charges incurred on account of the wages of cooles enga on manual lateur on 1 paid at dash or monthly rates should be supported by a sifeste signed by the disbursing officer to the effect that the cooles were neturally ettained and paid. The sould will call for some of the paid minister folls in each quanand check them to see that they are properly maintained.

NOTE 4 —Tecept with the special sanction of Heads of Departments infererrants employed in offices of the Central Government and paul from contingents should not be granted higher rates of pay than those fixed for similar inferior servine employed in the same station under the local Government of the Province in while the office is situated.

General Palles

86 No officer may, without previously obtaining an extra appropriation, menr expenditure in excess of the amount provided for contingent charges under the major head concerned, and when an officer exceeds the annual appropriation be may, under orders of Government be held responsible for the excess Some Governments r a disbursing officer free discretion within this limit, whereas off e him to restrict his expenditure within the appropriation for cd head of contingent expenditure, unless the controlling 19 previously transferred to the head in which the excess is a it of the appropriation under another detailed head. Aga of maling transfers from the appropriation for contingen ٥f one district to that of another under the same major heat 117 the same officers in every province, the local Government the power in its own hands, or delegate it, but the transfer e лn

CONTINUED CHAPSEL

ascertained surplus within the same ringer head. Vide, however, Article 191 and 192

herr-N ner al incrits are a metimes made to come I lating off era for the atolionery regularized at their own off es and of the come as all alicine to their Only local Gevent the are er prient to say ten are reappropriate a cover expenditure to be incurred in excess of the end thems in a there are authoric to delegate to pur of cers ul in they gave belond je to now e i bloom ul; i ti j may llink fit to in | see the | nee to | appropriate from saving in the atalioner | all linests to need centingent clark winder tiler | a lay provide list in s | h | re appropriation | c allowed until a cettificate that savings exist I is been obtained from the Controller of Printing and Mittonery

- 87 All charges meurred must be paid and drawn at once, and arder no circumstances may they be allowed to stand over to be paid from the grant of another year. If payable, expenditure should be postponed till the preparation of a new landget has given opportunity of making provision, and till the sanction of that budget has supplied means bu on no account may a charge be neturally mentred in one year and thrown on the grant of another ver
- 88 No money should be withdrawn from the treisury unless it i required for immediate disbursement. It is not permissible to draw ad vances from the treasury either for the prosecution of works the comple tion of which is likely to take a considerable time, or to prevent the lans of budget grants
- 89 The charges of two major heads may not be shown in one regis ter, nor included in one hill. But expenses which are shared in some fixed proportion between two branches of the same office should, unles they are reviewed by different authorities, appear in one bill. In such a case the joint grant may be entered in one register only for purpose of control, the account adjustment being left to the Accountant General
- 90 Contingent charges are to be recorded and treated in the account es charges of the month in which they are actually disbursed from the treasury

Responsibility of Drawing Officers

01 Every public officer should exercise the same vigilanco in respecto petty contingent expenses or a person of ordinary pradence would exercise in spending his awn money (The drawing officer is furthe responsible for seeing that the inles regarding the preparation of you chers are observed, that the money is either required for immediate dis bursement or has already been paid from the permanent advance, the the expenditure is within the available appropriation and that all step have been tal en with a view to abtom an odditional appropriation if the original appropriation has either been exceeded or is hield to be exceeded and that in the case of contract contingencies the proposed expenditur does not cause any excess over the contract grant

Responsibility of Controlling Authority

92 It is the duty of a countersigning afficer to see that the charge made in a contingent full are af obvious necessity, and are at fair an reasonable rates, that previous sanction for any item requiring it i attached, that the requisite vouchers are all received and in order, and that the calculations are correct, and specially that the grants have not been exceeded or are likely to be exceeded and that the Accountant General is informed either by a note on the bill or otherwise of the reason for any excess over the monthly proportion of the appropriation If expenditure be progressing too ripidly, he should communicate with the disbursing officer, and insist on its being checked

Permanent Advances

63 Advances are granted to officers who may have to make pays before they can place themselves in funds by drawing bills. They subject to the following rules.—

1 The amount is fixed by the local Government except in cases falling under rule 2

- 2. Heads of departments and Commissioners of divisions can, unless the local Government otherwise directs, sanction the grant of primariest advances for offices subordinare to them up to the amond advanced by the Accountant General as appropriate. The permanent advances for the offices of the offices referred to nut I lower be sanctioned by the next superior advances authority or the local Government.
 - 3 Applications for the grant or revision of a perman it advancement be submitted to the sanctioning authority through the Accountant General who will advise as to the appropriate amount of the advance. In cases failing under rule 2 above if there is any difference of opinion between the Accountant General and the sanctioning authority on this point, the matter should be referred for the orders of the local Government.
 - 4 As these advances involve the permanent retention of money outside the treasure they must not be larger than is ab.> lutely essential
 - 5 These advances should not be multiplied unrecessarily. An officer's advance should meet the needs of every branch of his office. If he has subordinates who require petry sums he should rather spare a small portion of his own advance for their use than "pply for separate advances for them taking acknowledgment from them in the same way as it himself furnishes the Accountant General, and retaining them in his office.
 - 6 The advance is intended to provide on the re-ponsibility of the offer entrusted with it for emergent pettr advances of all kind though it is eddon that they will be needed for other than continuent charges, thus, if an inferior servant is required to travel by rail his fare runst sometimes necessarily be advanced from this amount.

NOT...The co of source both required for elice establishment should be not, the first register from the permanent advance of the offset construct the permanent advance of the offset construct the permanent better than the same of both to for memericants.

F93-A.-93

7 In the case of transfer of the rgest on harriby on the Irth April ech ce et l'ine a 1 menn' els nec mu' senl an aclumblement to the Acc mint General of the erroint due from enloce in the feely limelf. If this be not recented the Ac art of General rast demand it immedisteir

Advances of Travelliry Allow-ree to hon Casetted Polico Officers

93 A. Advances may be me teef their that railway fare Tread mileage out of the permanent a liques to all non en a ted p lice of ore, It t such ad sances and their report out need to mile rin 6 serve at recounts Travelling allowance tills may to male out on ef rall for the full claims admissible as soon as the purpose are ellipided and any chances made out of the permanent advance risk be rec verel out of the minounts drawn from the treasury on such travellin . all nance fills

Record of Contingent Expenditure -Contingent Peristers

94 A register of contingent expenditure shall be kept in each of ce, and the initials of the Head of the ofice or of a garetted oficer to whom this duty has been delegated by him, shall be entered against the date of payment of each item

This register will be in Form 11 in which each Accountant General will assign to the several columns heading, suitable to the condition of each department and office. If the appropriation for contingeneics of an office be divided under two or three main sections only still under each, the most common sub heads may be detailed and a single column allotted for the more varied items of the appropriation be parcelled out under many detailed heads, the most common will have each its own column with appropriation noted at the top while the rest with their appropriations will be thrown into the column of miscellaneous charges Any charge, falling under any of the separate columns, but requiring explanation should be described in the column headed. Description though the amount of it is entered only in its special column, and the same 'Description column will serve also for note of the month or period to which any recurring charges (eg, rent or punkla pullers) entered in the other columns belong

- 1 If more convenient a separate register may be maintained for each class of contingent charges (see Article 82)
- 2 If during the absence of the Head of the office and of the Gazetted officer to whom this duty has been delegated the entries have been initialled by a non-gazetted Government servant the register 1 ust be reve ed and the entries re imitialled by the

Head of the office or such officer on return to headquarters

- 95 As the office cashier pays away any money, he will enter in the contingent register the date name of payce and number of sub vonchers in the three columns to the left and the amount in the proper column , and in the case of any charge requiring explanation he will also take against the description the initials of the officer incurring it
 - 1 Regarding the entries to be made in the final columns, see Article 106

96-987 CONTINUENT CHARGES

96 To enable the disbursing officer to watch the progress of the expenditure under each detailed head, as compared with the appropriation for it, a progressive total of all the columns must be made monthly. minediately after the monthly total and will include all nayments under each head, as also all work hills (see Article 111) from the com morement of the year up to the end of the last expired mouth

Bills for Encachment

97 (a) When it is necessary to draw money for contingent expenses from the treasury, is for example when the permanent advince be ins to run short, and it any east at the end of each month, or when a crimsfor of office takes 11 cc, the casther will rule a red ink line across the page of the relater or registers, add up the several columns and post the several totals in a separate bill for each class of contingent expende ture He will then lay the bill with the sub touchers and registers before the head of the office who will excefully scrutimise the cutries. initialling the entries in the contingent register if this has not already been done by him, and sign the hill which the eashier will then date and number and present for payment at the treasury

(b) The heads of contingent expenditure should be entered in manus cript in the ball and the totals posted against them. In the case, how ever, of expenditure requiring explination, full details of the charges should be entered in the bills except when they are given in the sab

soughers sent to the Audit Office

Nort -Wh a the advance is running short, a demand may be presented in excess of the balance the stem too should be charged in the register and included in the bill, the number given being that which the sub voucher will bear when layment has been

98 The following procedure should be adopted by Government offi culs to obtaining struce postage stamps and for the adjustment of their value -

- I -Officers who draw money from the treasury on contingent bills -A bill in a Form 14 A should be prepared by disbursing officers when they require service postage stamps will contain the ad nowledgment of the drawing officer of the receipt of the stamps indented for and will in respects be treated in the same way as a contingent bill for drawing cash from the treasury The Treasury Officer should pass the bill for "payment by transfer," have the stamps issued, and enter the amount in the list of payments, crediting the value of the stamps to the head to which the cash re thized is now credited. The Audit Office will exercise the same check over the transactions as it would exercise if they were cash transactions except that a voucher in support of the entry in the bill will not be required, as cash is not paid into the treasury
 - II -Officers who draw money by cheques from treasures -Cheques to be presented in payment of the value of ervice stamps should be drawn in favour of the officer (des gna tion without name) who supplies the stamps, whether they

are drawn to the officer who indents for the stamps or by n departmental indenting officer on the indenting officer's requisition (See Article 23A regarding the method of cross ing such cheques) .

- 111-Officers at headquarters whose bills are pre-audited by Culi Account officers -At the option of the Accountant Gene ral with the concurrence of the local Government or Ad ministration concerned one of the two following methods will be adorted -
 - (a) The charges for service postage stamps will be drawn on separate contingent bill forms in the usual was and se parate cheques therefor will be issued by the account office in favour of the officer who supplies the stamps Cheques so issued will not be subject to any special mail mum nmount
 - (b) As an exception to the rule by which all bills proable int hendquarters should be pre-midited bills for service postage stamps may be prepared in the special form pre scribed for use in mufnsul treasuries and paid by trans fer in the usual way without pre-audit by the stamp officer The stamp officer will submit the bills to audit in support of the issues in the stamp account in the same way us other treasury officers
- One or other of the above alternatives should be definitely adonted once for all at each hendquarters station to prevent the confusion and possibility of fraud which diversity of precedure at the same station would entail

Contract Contingencies

99 In the case of contract contingencies the sub touchers for more than Rs 20 should be retained in the office while the others should be asstroyed or so defaced that they cannot be used again

Recurring Contingencies

100 No charge which binds Government beyond a single payment may be incurred without the sanction of Government

Except on -(a) The sanction of the Government is not required to the payment of Mun cipal or Cantonment taxes whatever be the r amount, when such taxes have of value cipil of calculations and a state of the control of the c

(b) All officers entitled to draw contingent bills may mean recurring contingent? charges up to R10 a month and to six months duration subject only to the existence of the necessary budget provis ou and to any restriction which the local Government may desire to imposo

(c) Heads of Departments have been antior sed by the Government of India to sanction the rent ng of ordinary office accommodation within the following limits -When the accommodation is pro-R100 a month

vided in a separate build

When the accommodation is provided in a building partly used as a private residence Gne half the total rent subject to a maximum of R15 a month.

Note—Commissioners of Income Tax cub sanction the renting of ordinary office accommodation in Capital towns up to a limit of Rs 500 a month When such

n hired building is used partly as a private residence the officer occupying the residential portion should pay half the rest of the building or 10 per cent of bis monthly emoluments whichever is tess even if the one half of the rest psyable by Government exceeds 145 a month

- (d) The Inspector General of Porests Commissioners of Income-Tax the Director General of Archeology in Judy the Director of the Imperial Institute of Agnaliu Research Push, the Chief Inspector of Vaines in India, the Opium Agent, Ghazip the Director General of Posts and Telegraphs the Director General of Generator and the Chief Inspired, Central Public Works Department (an_respect-of works of than-prothenal works in-the Delht-Province) are subtorised to survivious up to a lim of BH5 a month in each ease, litems of recurring contingent expenditure
 - (e) Departments of the Government of India are empowered-
 - to sanction fixed recurring charges of a contingent character up to a limit of R200 a year in each case, and
 - (2) to sanction telephono reats for connections with existing telephone systems whatever the amount
- (f) Heads of Departments under the Central Government are authorised to sanction to telephone rents for connections of Vovernment offices with existing telephone systems of account of the connection of the conn

Contingent Charges not Countersigned

101 Officers whose contingent bills require no countersignature, and who do not embody in their bills charges of any officer dealing separately with the treasury, need not submit monthly bills, but they should draw money from the treasury by bills in Form 16, showing full details of the charges

1 The following illustration explains the second condition A, whose bills do not require countersignature, has subordinates, who hold part of his permanent advance and replace themselves in funds by sending paid vonchers to A, and obtaining from A the amount of their actual aspectature, a need not subordinate and blow Dillo. The bolds of B do not require countersignature, but his subordinates are nitowed to deal direct with some treasury, presenting bills for encashment, which are to be adjusted by B's monthly bills, B must subord monthly bills in adjustment of the bills enshed by himself and his subordinates

Note —The limit of R25 referred to in Form 16 above which venchers are to be submitted to the Audit Offices is subject to alteration by the Anditor General.

Charges regulated by scales and Special Contingencies

102 Charges regulated by scales and special contingencies which require the previous sanction of superior anthority before they can be mentred should be drawn in the abstract bill form (see Article 97) with a full description of the charges and accompanied by sub-vouchers. In the case of special contingencies, the orders of the sunctioning authority should be quoted, and when expenditure for which a lump sum is granted under a single special sanction, is continued over more than one month the second and subsequent months' bills should bear a note of how much has been spent up to date under the sanction

1103-105

103 In the case of contingencies counterstaned after payment the numbers assigned to the sub-vouchers pertaining to each entry in the abstract bill (Form 15) should be detailed against the entry concerned, the amount being given only in those cases where a sub voucher is for more than R25

Detailed Bill

104 (a) From the monthly totals of the contingent register the monthly detailed full will in the case of contingent charges countersigned after payment by prepared in Form 15 A headed not payable at the treasury and showing the monthly total of each column with des emption of each charge requiring explanation the numbers assigned to the sub vouchers will be entered in detail against each item , at foot will be a meriorandum of the ninuler and date of every ontingent bill eashed at the treasury and the sub-vouchers included in colb, and the amount charged in the hill must be agreed with the unionist actually drawn from the treasury within the month. It will be signed by the head of the office and submitted to the controlling officer, or, if there he no controlling officer, to the Accountant General direct, with all sub vouchers above R25, his signature to the certificate endorsed on the bill taking the place of the smaller ones

NOTE.-See the Note under Article 10t which to applicable here also

- (b) If m any month the monthly proportion of the appropriation has been exceeded a report of the special electrostances which rendered the excess necessary should be sent to the countersigning officer with the detailed bill
- 1 A District Officer need not personally give the certificate required from a disburing officer, with the subspicion of the Commissioner he may delegate the duty to one of his grateful subordinate
- 2 Tiese orders touching the use and defacement of vouchers are applicable to all moneys distursed by Government officers in their official capacity, even to take an instance from the Wards Rate Fund
- 3 When in paying rewards to informers to is not considered desirable to disclose the names of the payees a certificate in the tandwitting of the Collector to the offect that the rewerl las been daiy pall shoull be submitted to the Accountant General in support of the private receipt ordinarily required
 - 4 The Director of the Imperial Institute of Agricultural Research, Pusa, can submit his contingent bills direct to the Accountant General Central Rovenues
- 105 On receipt of the monthly detailed bill in the office of the countersigning officer, its figures will be transcribed in a register of the same form as the disburser's register, with similar description of items requiring explanation and the bill will then be reviewed by the counter signing officer with the sub vouchers Any disallowance, with the number of the sub voucher concerned and explanation of the objection. will be noted on the bill and in the "Remarks" column of the register, and the amounts shown in the register in the columns affected will be corrected in red ink, the countersigning officer will then enter in the

register the date of admission under his mitrals, sign the bill, and despatch at to the Account Office with the large voichers his signature to the certificate endersed on the little place of the smaller coars.

- the certificate endorsed on the bill tilling the place of the smaller ones

 1. The word item refers to items of expenditure not items of charge, e.g. a charge
 for Riº0 for section writers would not require to be supported by a woncher if the
 mount was made up of sums pried to several individuals, none of which execed Ri00
- 2 In the absence of the countersigning officer the examination and countersignature of the bill may be performed by some responsible gazetted officer authorised by the counters guing officer
- 106 In the register maintained in the office of the countersigning officer the columns to the right will be written up as follows —

That concerning the detailed bill will show the date of its receipt The column for date of admission will show the date of despatch of the countersigned bill. In the register maintained by the disbursing officer the entry in this column will record the date of recovery of any disallow ance or that of the countersigning officer's letter further passing a disallowed atem not yet actually recovered any disallownee will be reorded be each in the column of remarks on the same line with the figures affected.

107 The orders relating to the supply of articles for the public service are contained in the Store Rules in Appendix 4 and miscellaneous rules regarding contingent expenditure on certain other objects are given in Appendix 5

Disallowances

108 After despatch of the bill to the Account Office the counter signing officer should communicate any disallowance to the disbursing officer and its amount should be without fail refunded by short draw ing on the next contingent bill presented at the treasury for the same department therein the gross amount of each sub voucher would be entered and below the total would be entered "Deduct disallowed from ," and the receipt given would be for the net hill of emount only An item disallowed must without fail be recovered and if, after correspondence the countersigning officer withdraws his objection the amount may be re-drawn after the total of the sub vouchers in the next bill presented at the treasury would be entered " Add amount of disallowance from bill of refunded by de duct on from contingent bill No hna dated " the receipt would be for the re illowed as per gio s imount and the items would be reincluded in the next monthly contingent bill

1 It will be observed that the totals in the disburser's register are those of amounts charged not of those admitted by the countersigning officer, but when an amount disallowed by 1 mm on one detailed head is adjusted by a short charge on another encashed bill the actual charge for each head may be worked out by entering the amount retrenhed in black link with a minus sign in the column of the retrenhed head on the line of totals for the bill in which the adjustment is made, the forward totals will thus be correct.

1108 A-111

Contingencies Countersigned before Payment 108 A. Bills for these clarges should be drawn in Form 15 B

Inspecting Officer's Bill

109 An inspecting officer cannot talle advances on account of office contingent charges. He should provide himself with a portion of las permanent advance and recomp himself from time to time by presenting at the different treasuries contingent bills in the ordinary form recovery of contract or countersigned contingent charges, as the case may be Thus in the ease of countersigned contingent charges, detailed bill may adjust money drawn at more than one treasury, and in this case it will be well to require detail nt foot of the bill of the places of payment of the several encashed bills as well as their dates and amounts. But the amounts drawn will all be talen as final pay ments and not as advances

Inter departmental Transfers

110 The principles and rules prescribing the conditions under which one department of the public service may charge another department for service rendered or articles supplied to it and the procedure to be observed in recording such charges in the public accounts are given in Appendix 6 Petty and easnal supplies made for the convenience of the pablic service to one department of stores or articles purchased for or belonging to another department and not borne upon a systematic store account, should unless there be objection on the part of the supplying department, be furnished without payment

Nort.-These orders are lowever subject to the rules contained in Article 33 A .

when different Covernments are concerned

111 In the case of work done by a Government factory (such as a juil mint workshop) or other authorized transfers the officer in charge will if the adjustment is to be made by hool transfer prepare an in voice of the quantity and price of the work done and forwarl it in triplicate to the officer served who on approxing the invoice will coun tersign all and return one copy to the supplying officer. Another copy he will file in his own office and the third be will attach to his contin gent bill for the current month noting the amount in the statement of account at foot in order to work out the available balance of his grant but not including it as a disbursement among the charges of his bill Before despatching his monthly bill however he should post the amount of the work bill in his contingent register and include it in the forward total in order that he may agree that forward total with that shown in the statement of account on his contingent bills, in the register of the courtersuming officer the amount of such a bill should in like manner le separately entered Such invoices will never be retained by the counter signing officer

Norz 1 -The officer served cannot charge the amount in his contingent bill as no cash payment is made but only a book adjustment in the Account Office but the amount available for contingent expenditure is reduced and so to work out the avail ble balance note is made in the register of contingent expenditure and in the statement of account at foot of the bill

Norz 2-In the case of the Forest Department the cost of the supplies has to be adjusted in the compiled accounts submitted to the audit office. An officer of this department receiving stores will adjust the smoont of the invoice in his accounts by crediting it to the supplying offers and defiting it to the service lead concerned and will send that the ledge of the invoice to the null tidne in support of the entry in his accounts. Similarly if he happens to be the supplying offers, he will charge the amount expended in 1 is accounts as a debit to the offers supplied and send the counter signed into co to the andit offers as a worker for the expenditure.

NOTE 3—Bills for telephone charges should be forwarded in duplicate and not in triplicate to the officer serred who so suproving the bill will countersign both and return one copy to the supplying officer. The other copy he will submit with the contingent bill to the Audit office after making the necessary notes in his contingent register.

Norr 4—The following instructions should be printed on all forms of invoices for the supply of stores etc. and the countersigning officer should be required to comply with them before a bill is countersund.

- "It is essential for and t purposes that the entries below be filled in.
 Fullure to do so will result in unnecessary delay and return of this involve
 for complyance
 - 1 Head of charge (Major Minor and Sub head Primary and Secondary unit)
 - 2 Month and year to which charge relates
 - 3 Designation of the Accounts Officer to whom the charge is debitable
 - 4 Name of the Province to which debitable

Note 5—B his in respect of stores etc purchased through the Indian Stores Department are not governed by this Families but by the special in he framed by the Government of India In the case of such bills unless there are instructions to the contrary the conse should return only one copy of the lill for record in his office the particulars and amount whereof should be noted in the monorandom of expenditure in his contingent bill which need not be supported by a copy of the bill as is required in the case of other work bills mentioned in Article III.

Expenditure for other Officers

112 It is often expedient for a public officer to make purchases or meur expenditure in another district, making his arrangements through an officer in that other district. If the amount to be paid on account of contingent expenditure incurred in this way is not less than R50, pay ment may be made by transfer receipt but otherwise every public officer who incurs expenditure in this way must treat it as expenditure of his own office and not demand recoupment by transfer receipt from the officer at whose request he, as nn agent incurs the expenditure charge must however, be taken as expenditure of the department to which the officer requiring the expenditure is attached and therefore an officer should address his applications for any service to the principal officer of his department in the district indented on eg, a police officer should ask the District Superintendent not the Magistrate to purchase blankets for him The Magistrate in such a case would pass on the indent, or the voucher if he has supplied any articles to the police officer who would deal with the charge as a final one of his own office applying to the proper authority for an extra appropriation if 'its own should fall short before the end of the year. The responsibility for of taining proper sanction always rests with the originating officer

1 This rule is not applicable when purchases are effected in the capital town of a presidency or province, the cost may then be sent by R. T. Receipt.

2 This rule does not apply to expenditure chargeable to local funds which should slways be recovered

f113-116

CHAPTER 7-MISCELLANEOUS CHARCES

Nort.-Articles 116 to 118 of this Chapter are applicable to the Public Works Department.

Refunds of Revenue		113	Treaty Payments	123
Compensation for Land		116	Special Political Expenditure Lxpenditure against Grents at the	124
Commission to Registrers		120	disposal of the Home Department and the Department of Education.	
Departmental Payments Rewards to Customs Informers	•	121	Health and Lands Military Payments	125 13.3

Refunds of Rovenno

113 No useful check can be exercised over refunds of revenue in the Account office except in cases where full details of the collections of such revenue are received in that office either in the treasury accounts or in other documents, e.g., I'me Statements It is, therefore, essential that every refund should be noted against the original credit in the departmental accounts, where all sums are entered in detail voucher for refunds (Form 17) provides for a certificate of such having been made. The officer who received the amount should fill in columns 1 to 5 of the form and sign the certificate at foot, while the Treasury Officer or the Suh Treasury Officer should verify the credit by means of the particulars in columns 4 and 5, and affix his signature in column 6 in token of his having done so

Note 1 -A special procedure has been preservoed in Appendix 2 for income-tax refunds and a special form, Form CBR. Oustoms 107, has been presembed for Customs Refunds

Nore 2 -For rules for the payment by money order of refunds of revenue credited (other than income-tax) in cases where the amount involved does not exceed Rs 100. see Note 1 under Article 198

- 114 The sanction necessary for refunds of revenue is regulated by the orders of the local Government This sanction may either be given on the voucher itself or quoted in it, a certified copy heing attached when such orders are not separately communicated to the Audit Office
- 115 Refunds of stamps by Courts can be made in the same way as refunds of fines Refunds by District Officers are usually regulated by departmental rules

Compensation for Land

- 116 The procedure to be observed for the payment of compensation for land taken up for public purposes under the Land Acquisition Act of 1894 is regulated by the rules printed in Appendix 7
 - 1 Deleted
 - 2 Deleted

- 3 Rules relating to the acquisition of land for rallway purposes are given in "Revised rules relating to the Acquisition of Land for Railway Purposes—1914" with formed an enclosure to Railway Board's circular No 559 P 16 dated the 30th August 1918.
- 4 In the case of land sequired for the Public Works Department by private negotiation the officer who settles the price etc. should draw up Form \(\) prescribed in Appenl x 7, and this should be made the basis of the subsequent payment and adult
- 117 A local Government may authorize any land acquisition efficer to make all or any of his payments by cheques on the treasury provided no inconvenience is caused to the payers in consequence of the property being situated at a distance from the treasury
- 118 When a special officer is employed for the acquisition of land for any department the expenditure on account of pay allowances and leave and pensionary contributions of limited and his establishment contingencies etc is chargeable to that department as part of the cost of land. When the land is tallen up by a Caul Officer, not specially amployed for the worl the pay and allowances of the officer and the clarges of his ordinary estallishment and contingencies are finally brought to account in the Civil Pepartment as part of the cost of the Collector's establishment but any special charges incurred in connection with the acquisition of the land in question on establishment contingencies etc are borne by the Department for which the land is acquired.

Norr-Tio rule in it s artisfe does not interfere with the powers of a local Government to wave recovers of the special charges incurred in connection with the arquisition of fand for local bodies

Discount on Stamps

119 Discount upon stamps is allowed to certain classes of vendors under fixed rules and is given by deduction from the purchase mones. The practice as to finally passing it is different in different provinces in some the vendors give receipts attached to a schedule in the treisury accounts which is admitted upon the Collector's certificate in others a classified bill for the discount is submitted to the Coutroller of Stamps for countersignature.

Commission to Registrars

120 Commission to Registries is drawn under departmental rules upon vouchers which exhibit the fees upon which the commission is claimed in such a form is to be capable of verification by comprisson with the treasury accounts. In some cases commission is calculated on the number of documents resistered in such cases the hill is passed on a certificate of the District Registrar or other Controlling Officer

Departmental Payments

121 Payments such as purchase of salt in the Salt Department or purchase of stationery by the Controller of Stationery, are made under

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 122—124

some general or special sanction. If not provided for by departmental rules they should be made upon separate bills necompanied by vouchers and a certificate that they have been entered in the proper store, accounts, the authority (unless it is a general one), under which the purchase is made should also be quoted.

I In the certificate referred to in this Article it should also be certified that the quantities not I in the vouclets are correct. He quality is good, the rates paid are not in excess of the accepted and the market rates and that suitable notes of payment have been recorded against the indents and invoices concerned.

Rewards to Informers (Indian Customs Act)

122 When an offender against the Indian Customs Act is punished by a Magistrate with impresoment without option of paying a fine the person concerned may receive rewards at the rate of BH for each day 's impresomment allotted provided that the rewards shall not exceed RCO for one prisoner, or RCOO for any one case

Treaty Payments

123 Amounts payable under treaty to Indian States are paid under the following system. The Political Officer in charge sends to the Account Officer concerned a requisition for a payment order, mention ng where and to whom each payment is to be made. Payment orders are delivered to him accordingly, and the Treasury Officer is advised of the orders issued.

Special Political Expenditure

- 124 The following rules have been prescribed by the Government of India for the regulation of expenditure meutred by officers in charge of special political missions and for the guidance of Account Officers.
 - 1 -For the purposes of account and audit the expenditure may be broadly divided into two classes --
 - Class I Charges requiring the sanction of Government, either specific or general-

Pay and allowances

- 1 Pay of Gazetted Officers
- 2 Pav of fixed establishment (both permanent and temporary)
 - 3 Sumptuary allowance
- 4 Outfit allowance
 - 5 Travelling allowance (if different from that admissible under the rules made under the Fundamental Rules)
 - 6 Free rations
 - 7 Compensation for dearness of provisions

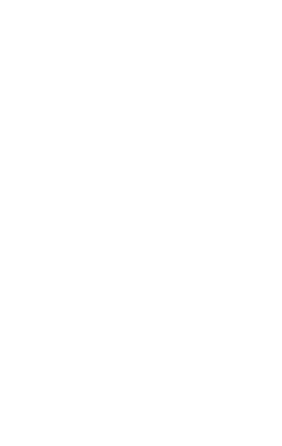
Class II — Charges which may be incurred by the officer in-charge at his discretion within the amount of the sanctioned appropriation

Initial charges

- I. Parchase of tents
- 2 Purchase of camp furniture and equipment
- 3 Purchase of transport equipment
 - 4 Purchase of Toshakhana articles
- 5 Purchase of mess equipment
- 6 Purchase of transport animals
- 7 Supply of warm clothes

Recurring charges.

- 8 Transport charges, ie, camel, mule and cooly hire
 - 9 Purchase of stationery
- 10 Compensation-
 - (a) To camp followers for loss of transport animals
 - (b) To villagers for damage to crops, etc
- 11 Rewards and Khilats
- 12 Secret Service expenditure
- 13 Dak arrangements
- 14 Mehman to tribesmen and chiefs
 - 15 Payments to guides
- 16 Improvement of roads
- 17 Service telegrams and postage
- 18 Feed and keep of transport animals
- 19 Construction of boundary pillars
- 20 Miscellaneous expenses
- II -- (a) Officers entrusted with such expenditure are required to submit, as early as possible, detailed estimates of probable expenditure classified as above Under "Pay and Allowances" present emoluments and the special pay and other allowances proposed should be clearly indicated. If the grant of travelling allowauces, other than those authorised under rule, is in any case re-*F g, exemption from the commended, the precise nature" ten days' halt rule, increas of the concession should he specied daily or mileage allowan fied and when free carriage is allowed, it should be explained to what extent the ordinary or special travelling allowance should he reduced. The classes of officers entitled to rations, either free of charge



a cish account should contain the certificates required in the cise of contingent hills. The vouchers should be numbered consecutively from the beginning to the end of the mission and their numbers should be quoted against the charge both in the eash book and in the cish account submitted to the Account Office. Vouchers in vernacular should always be accompanied by an English truislation.

Note -See the Note under Article 101 which applies here also

- VII Λ supply of stationery as well as of Pay, Travelling Allow ance and Contingent Bill forms should be obtained from the Controller of Stationery, and all charges should he become in the regular forms
- VIII --- Advances made for public expenditure will be held under objection until a detailed account duly supported by youehers is furnished in adjustment of them
 - JX --A store Account in Form 19 should be lept of the articles purchased for the Toshakhana which at the close of the russion should be submitted to the Account Office through the Government of India in the Foreign Department

Expenditure against Grants at the disposal of the Home Department and the Department of Education Health and Londs of the Government of India

125 When a sum of money is placed under the orders of the Home Department or the Department of Fducation Health and Lands of the Government of India every expenditure sanctioned against it will be some tioned by an order of the Department status—

- (a) the particular subject of the expenditure, which must always be within the general purpose of the grant ,
 - (b) the amount of the appropriation sanctioned for it,
 - (c) the person in whose charge the expenditure is to be ,
- (d) the treasury or treasuries where he wants the money

126 A copy of this order is to be sent to the Accountant General Central Revenues who will then authorize the treasury to pay the amounts on the officer's receipt

127 The officer may then draw the money on his receipt specify min, the order of the Home Department or the Department of Education Health and Lands under which it is sanctioned. He should not draw more than he actually requires from time to time for expenditure but

can draw as often as he finds convenient. He may also make his receipts payable to any other person, but in this case, he should advise the Treasury Officer of his action.

128 An account of the expenditure against the appropriation must be randiced to the Accountant General, Central Revenues, in which the officer will enter on the receipt side all sums he has drawn from the treasury under the last article and on the expenditure side all amounts he has spent Vouchers must he attached in the same way and under the same rules as in the ease of a contingent hill A copy of this account (but without vouchers) is to be sent to the Home Department or the Department of Education, Health and Linds as the eyes may he

120 This account is to be sent in at the end of every moath except when it is estimated that the sanctioned expenditure will be complete and the account closed within three months from the date of the order sanctioning it. In such ease the account may be withheld till the end of the said period of three months, and then sent in complete up to date. But in any case an account must be made and sent in up to 31st March of any sent.

130 If any expenditure is placed in direct charge of the Secretary, it must be provided for by a particular sanction under Article 125, and the Secretary must proceed thereafter under Articles 127, 128 and 129 No part of the grant may, therefore, be spent without an appropriation under Article 120

131 The above rules do not apply to any part of a grant which is placed by the Department at the disposal of a local Government In such ease, the order under Article 125 will be communicated both to the Accountant General, Central Revenues, and to the Accountant General of the local Government The local Government and its Accountant General will thereafter manage the expenditure under Articles 125 to 130

Military Payments

132 Distursements for the purchase of, and compensation for, lands taken for military purposes, and for compensation for loss of crops and damage to lunds, require to he wouched by the bills and resents of the payees and the original authorities (or certified extracts therefrom) under which the expenditure is mentred.

133 A civil officer required to supply earriage to troops on the manch will advance to the owners balf the bire for the whole joining and or mishing over the carriage to the military authorities will recover from the requisitioning Supply and Transport Officer the amount so advanced If the advance cannot conveniently he drawn from the per manent advance of the civil officer an abstract bill may be drawn on the treasury, the amount of the bill and the subsequent recovery being taken to the herd "Advances Recoverable"

Norr.—Similarly when a civil officer is required to supply articles to troops on the march in cases where the articles are perishable, eq, sheep, fowls eggs, milk, or where shops cannot be opened at the encumping ground, be will limiself purchase the provisions indented for, meeting the cost from his permanent advance or drawing it on an abstract bull.

a cash account should contain the certificates required in the case of contingent bills. The vonchers should be numbered consecutively from the beginning to the end of the mission and their numbers should be quoted against the charge both in the cash hook and in the cash account submitted to the Account Office. Vonchers in vernacular should always be companied by an English translation.

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 - IX —A store Account in Form 19 should be lept of the articles purchased for the Toshal hana which at the close of the russion should be submitted to the Account Office through the Government of India in the Poreira Department

Expenditure against Grants at the disposal of the Home Department and the Department of Education Health and Lands of the Government of India

125 When a sum of maney is placed under the orders of the Home Department or the Department of Education Health and Lands of the Government of India every expenditure succioned against it will be sanctioned by an order of the Department stating—

- (a) the particular subject of the expenditure which must always be within the general purpose of the grant.
- (b) the amount of the appropriation sanctioned for it
- (c) the person in whose charge the expenditure is to be,
- (d) the treasury or treasuries where he wants the money

126 A copy of this order is to be sent to the Accountant General Central Revenues who will then authorize the treasury to pay the amounts on the officer's receipt

127 The officer may then draw the money on his receipt specify not the order of the Home Department or the Department of Education Health and Lunds under which it is sanctioned. He should not draw more than he actually requires from time to time for expenditure but

can draw as often as he finds consenient. He may also make his receipts payable to any other person, but in this case he should advise the Treasury Officer of his action

128 An account of the expenditure against the appropriation must be randered to the Accountant General, Central Revenues, in which the other will enter on the receipt side all sums he has drawn from the treasury under the last article and on the expenditure side all amounts he has spent. Vouchers must be attached in the same way and under the same rules as in the ease of a contingent bill. A copy of this account (but without vouchers) is to be sent to the Home Department or the Department of Education. Health and Lands as the erse may be

129 This account is to be sent in at the end of every month except when it is estimated that the sanctioned expenditure will be complete and the account closed within three mouths from the date of the order sanctioning it. In such ease the account may be withheld till the end of the and period of three months, and then sent in complete up to dote. But in any case an account must be made and sent in up to 31st March of any veer.

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Military Payments

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133 A civil officer required to supply carriage to troops on the march will advance to the owners half the bire for the whole journey and or making over the carriage to the military authorities will recover from the requisitioning Supply and Transport Officer the amount so advanced. If the advance cannot conveniently be drawn from the per manent advance of the civil officer, an abstract bill may be drawn on the treasury, the amount of the bill and the subsequent iccovery being taken to the herd "Advances Recoverable".

Nore—Similarly when a civil officer is required to supply articles to troops on the march in cases where the articles are perishable, eg sheep, fowls, eggs milk, or where shops cannot be opened at the encamping ground be will himself purchase the provi sions indented for, meeting the cost from his permanent advance or drawing it on an abstract bull.

CHAPTER 8-LOANS AND ADVANCES BY THE CENTRAL GOVERNMENT

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Sanction

134 The Government of India have full powers to sanction the loans and advances chargeable to the head "Q-Loans and Advances by the Central Government" and the local Government and other authorities have such powers as are delegated to them under the rules made by the Government of India

Estamates

135 Provision should be made in the estimates for all loans and advances which can be foreseen and which are not repayable within the year, and the Government of India has accordingly directed that each local Government should make a timely estimate both of the advances and of the accesseries of the coming year, and should communicate it to the Accountant General for entry in his estimates

1 This article applies also to the miscellaneous advances dealt with in Chapter 9 136-139 Deleted

Conditions of Repayment

- 140 The following are the rules under which loans and advances are usually made to local bodies in areas administrated by the Central Government -
 - (a) The term of loans may in very special cases extend to 30 years but ordinarily the advances should be repaid within as short a period as possible
 - (b) The term is to be calculated from the date on which the loan is completely raised or declared by the Government of India to be elosed
 - (c) Dates may specially be fixed for the payment of the instal ments
 - (d) Instalments paid before the due date will be taken entirely to principal unless of course any interest for a preceding period is overdue
 - 1 When a loan of public money is taken out in instalments the first half yearly repayment alould not be demanded until any months after the last instalment is taken, meanwhile simple interest only should be realised. But should it appear that there

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is undue delay on the part of the deliter in taking on the hast invaluent of a loan, the Government of I loan aray at any time delays the loan Cored, and order repayment of eap tal to begin. The Accountant General should liver to notice any delay that appears to him to require the treely and he should liver to notice any delay that appears to him to require the treely and he should like this step whether there are any dates faced for the taking of revialments or not

2 If in any case patherlar dates in the calter lar hate been fixed for the parment of interest, or for the repairent of installer a of delt, then such repairment should not begin until the second of the half venity dates so fixed, after the loan has been comple dir taken up simple interest only being recorded on the first half yearly date after the completion of the low. For example, supposing a loan the interest on which is recoverable half venity to be completely taken up on 31st March and the interest to be parable on "oh June and 14st December the first half yearly installment in reparament of principal will not be due until 21st December following. Simple inferrent only will be due on the interesticate 30st June.

3 Notes I and 2 are applicable mutatus mutandus, to loans the repayments of which are made by other than half yearly instalments

141. Deleted

Forms of Drawing and Repaying

142 The vouchers on which a loan or any advance is drawn must quote the authority sanctioning such loan or advance but no part of such loan or advance can he disbursed from the treasury except under the orders of the Principal Anditor

143 In repaying a loan or advance, the memorandum presented at the treasury must state the original date and amount of the loan or advance, or otherwise gire sufficient particulars for its identification. If the amount repaid includes interest as well as principal, the interest must be separately specified, and if the repayment is a fixed periodical amount, including both interest and principal, the orders fixing the amount should be ounted.

1 It must be remembered that the calculation fixing the amount of equal periodical instalments, by which an advance is repaid with interest, presupposes punctual payment of the instalments, and that if any instalment is not punctually repaid, the fixed instalment will not in the end discharge the loan.

Calculation of Interest

144. A loan hears interest for the day of advance, but not for the day of repayment Interest for any shorter period than a complete half year will be —Number of days — 365 × yearly rate of interest.

Defaults in Payment

145 (a) Any default in the payment of interest upon a loan of public money, or in the repayment of the principal, should be promptly reported by the Account Department to the local Government or to the Governor General in Council, whichever sanctioned the loan. On receipt of such a report, the local Government or the Governor General in Council should immediately take steps to remedy the default

Norz 1—The responsibility imposed on the Account Department by this rule refers only to the loans the detailed accounts for which are kept up by that Department, Norz 2—In the case of loans granted to Indian States the Accountains General also submit annual reports to their respective local Governments by the 1st August

CHAPTER 8-LOANS AND ADVANCES BY THE CENTRAL GOVERNMENT

	Revenue Advances—	
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1 This article applies also to the miscellaneous advances dealt with in Chapter 9 136-139 Deleted

Conditions of Repayment

- 140 The following are the rules under which loans and advances are usually made to local bodies in areas administrated by the Central Government -
 - (a) The term of loans may in very special cases extend to 30 years but ordinarily the advances should be repaid within as short a period as possible
 - (b) The term is to be calculated from the date on which the loan is completely raised or declared by the Government of India to be elosed
 - (c) Dates may specially be fixed for the payment of the instal ments
 - (d) Instalments paid before the due date will be taken entirely to principal unless of course any interest for a priceding period is overdue

1 When a loan of public money as taken out in instalments the first half yearly repayment should not be demanted until air months after the last instalment is taken, meanwhile simple interest only should be realised. But should it appear that there

141-145

is undue delay on the part of the del tor in taking out the last instalment of a loan, the Government of India may at any time declarate the loan closed, and order repart of capital to legan. The Accountry General should large to notice any delay that appears to him to require this remedy and I e should take this step whether there are any dates fixed for the taking of invalences or not

2. If in any case particular dates in the calcular haro been fixed for the payment of interest, or for the repayment of instalments of delt, then such repayments should not begin until the second of the half verify dates so fixel, after the loan has been completely taken up simple interest only being recovered on the first half yearly date after the completion of the loan. For example, supposing a loan the interest on which is recoverable half yearly to be completely taken up on 31st March and the interest to be payable on 10th June and 11st December the first half yearly instalment or repayment of principal will not be due until 31st December following. Simple interest only will be due on the Interesticate 30th June 31st December following.

3 Notes 1 and 2 are applicable, mutatis mutandis, to loans the repayments of which are made by other than half yearly instalments

141 Deleted

Forms of Drawing and Repaying.

- 142 The vouchers on which a loan or any advance is drawn must quote the authority sanctioning such loan or advance but no part of such loan or advance can be disbursed from the treasury except under the orders of the Frincipal Auditor
- 143 In repaying a loan or advance, the memorandum presented at the treasury must state the original date and amount of the loan or advance, or otherwise give sufficient particulars for its identification If the affectable trepaid includes interest as well as principal, the interest must be separately specified, and if the repayment is a fixed periodical amount, including both interest and principal, the orders fixing the amount should be quoted
- 1 It must be remembered that the calculation fixing the amount of equal periodical instalments by which an advance is repaid with interest, presupposes punctual payment of the instalments, and that, if any instalment is not punctually repaid, the fixed instalment will not in the end discharge the lean.

Calculation of Interest

144. A loan bears interest for the day of advance, hit not for the day of repayment Interest for any shorter period than a complete half year will be —Number of days — 365 × yearly rate of interest

Defaults in Payment

145 (a) Any default in the payment of interest npon a loan of public money, or in the repayment of the principal, should be promptly reported by the Account Department to the local Government or to the Governor General in Council, whichever sanctioned the loan of receipt of such a report, the local Government or the Governor General in Council should immediately take steps to remedy the default

Norz 1—The responsibility imposed on the Account Department by this rule refers only to the loans the detailed accounts for which are kept up by that Department Norz 2—In the case of loans granted to Indian States the Accountains General also submit annual* reports to their respective local Governments by the 1st August

plus and minus memorandum. Such irrecoverable advances should nevertheless be registered by the Revenue Antborities in a separate account or record, in order that any possible eventual recovery may be made; but they will not affect the treasury plus and minus memorandum, and any recoveries will be taken as revenue.

Periodical Review.

153 Local Governments will arrange to receive annual reports upon outstanding loans from the responsible Account Officer and should then bring the transactions under separate review.

[154-154 A

CHAP	TER	ER 9-MISCELLANEOUS ADVANC				_	
Sanction House-building Adva Advances for Purchas			:	184 185	Other Advances Gordite x + ed Repayment Forms ed Drawing and Repayment	:	127 185 181
TARCES .				156	f .		

Eanction.

154 Rules regulating the grant of a hances to put'in cer was and others ore laid down in the following arti les In cave ros ecsered by these rules or by the rules in Chapter 8, advances carnet be made except under the special orders of the local Government. See also Bute I under Article 135

NOTE L-It is not permisely in a america an advance which involves the horsely of any of the canons of property, provided that in any case where a cash grant would be within the powers of sanct on of a particular authority, the grant of an ndrance of an amount not exceeding that of the cash grant does not require the sametion of a higher authority

Norm 2-The Government of India may delegate the powers of a local Govern ment under this article to Ilcads of Departments in respect of officers serving under the latter. Local Governments may also delegate their powers under this article to Heads of Departments in respect of officers serving under the latter, provided that the particular classes of objects for which advances may be granted under the article are expressly defined in the order of delegation.

NOTE 3-The local Government of a Governor's Province may modify the rules in Article 150 to 160 in regard to the grant of advances to Covernment servants under its administrative control, subject to the condition that, without the sanction of the Government of India no modifications can be made in the rules for the grant of advances to pay for the passage overseas referred to in classe (i) of Article 159

No. 170.

Page 73, Article 154, Note 4-

Insert the followin in line I after the words "simple interest" -Zat the rote specificelly fixed for the purpose by the Government

of Inder " and delete the second dentence

[C A Code Vol Y 8th Edn. (2nd Rep.) No 170, dated the 2nd January 1937]

interest will be calculated on balances outstanding on the last day or each money. Rule I When an advance is drawn in more than one instalment the rate of interest recoverable is determined with reference to the date on which the first instal

ment is drawn Nore 5 -The powers of a local Government under this Article have been delegated to the Central Board of Revenue to sanction advances in connection with the detection

of cases of smuggling and for travelling and other incidental expenses of officers deputed on special duty 154 A The rules in Articles 155 to 159 do not apply to Government

servants who are not in permanent Government employ. As the pay of such Government servants does not constitute adequate security for a loan advances should not ordinarily be granted to them If, however, in any special case the circumstances admit of the provision of adequate security, an advance may be sanctioned, in accordance with the terms of 1537

plus and minus memorandum. Such irrecoverable advances should nevertbeless be registered by the Revenue Authorities in a separate account or record, in order that any possible eventual recovery may be made; but they will not affect the treasury plus and minus memorandum, and any recoveries will be taken as revenue

Periodical Review

153 Local Governments will arrange to receive annual reports upon outstanding loans from the responsible Account Officer and should then bring the transactions under separate review

recovert to be made in a smaller number of instalments if the officer receiving the advance so devices. The amount of interest calculated in necordance with note 4 to. Art cle 154 will be recovered in one or more instalments each such instalment being not appreciably greater than the instalments by which the principal was recovered. The recovery of interest will commence from the month following that in which the whole of the principal has been recover.

Note.—The amount of the advance to be recovered monthly should be fixed in which rupers except in the case of the last instalment when the remaining balance including any fraction of a repres should be recovered.

VI—In order to secure Government from loss consequent on an officer dying or quitting the service before complete repryment of the advance with interest accrued thereon in accordance with note 4 to Article 15t, the house so built, together with the land it stands upon mist be mortgaged to Government by whom the mortgage will be released on liquidation of the full amount due

Norn-The mertgage bond will be prepared in Form 21 (late No S 126) and the reconveyance in Form 23 (late No S 125)

VII —The officer must satisfy the sanctioning authority regarding his title to the land upon which the house is or is proposed to be built

Nore I - This rule does not preclude the grant of an alrance to a presen who does not possess full proprieter rights in the hall apon which he intends to build, provided the stactioning authority is satisfied that the applicant has a lease of which the unexpired portion is of a term and whose sufficient to justify the grant of the saferince and that there is no danger of the beast Prysing or of Government being unable to dispose of it should it become necessity to forcelose the mortgage. It states that our should be taken to see, that the leries does not prevent any subdemile by the lessee (the mortgage). The mortgage look is such cases will be prepared in Form 22 (tate by 8 127)

In cases in which ground rent municipal taxes and similar dues are payable to local authorities on account of land taken on lease the santinuing authority may at its discretion ask the Government servant taking the indivance to produce for inspection receipts for these payments within fifteen days of their failing due. If the santinuing authority finds that such dues have not been paid by the borrower steps may be taken to recover the said dues including interest thereon if any, from the pay of the Government servant concerned for payment to the parties concerned.

Norz 2—The applicant's title to the property should be examined by the same toning authority before the advance is activally paid and in cases where there is an adoubt as to the validity of that title the Revenue and Registration authorities or, if technical legal advice is necessary, the Law Officers of Government should be consulted. It should be seen that in the case of a house building advance, he has undies upted title to the land on much it is proposed to build and that in the case of an advance for the purchase of a bouse, he will obtain such title us soon as the purchase price is paid, that there will be no legal obstacle in either case to the property being motifaged to Government and that Government will have the right of foreclosing on the conditions mentioned in the motifying bond

Nors 3 —The rule does not also preclude the grant of advances for the purpose of building houses on plots of land taken on lesse from Government in New Indexen though in such cases the Government servant concerned becomes entitled to a perpetual lease only on the production of a cartificate from the Chief Commissioner

1557

these articles, by the Finance Department of the Government of India to temporary Government servants under the administrative control of the Central Government.

Under the powers vested in them by Note 3 under Article 154, the Local Governments of Governors' Provinces will have discussion to prescribe the procedure to be followed in the case of temporary Government servants under their administrative control

House Building Advances

155 (a) Advances to public officers for the construction of houses are regulated by the following rules -

- 1—Advances may be made under the sanction of local Governments and Departments of the Government of India, Heads of Departments, Commissioners of Dissions and Heads of Circles in the Indian Posts and Telegraphs Department to officers who desire to build houses, for occupation by them selves, at places where no houses are available, or where house rent is exceptionally high. No advance is permissible for the construction of a house except at the place in which the officer is actually serving, or at which he is permitted to res de white performing his duties at his headquarter station. Also no advance is ordinarily permissible to an officer who is likely to be transferred or to retire before complete recovery can be effected.
- II —All such advances must be bone fide required for the purpose of building suitable houses for the personal residence of the officers concerned, and if more is advanced than shall be actually expended for the purpose, the surplus shall be refunded to Government
- III—The advances should be drawn by instalments, the amount of each instalment being such as is likely to be required for expenditure in the next three months. Satisfactory exidence should be produced to show that the amount of the instalment has been actually utilised for the purpose for which it was drawn before the next instalment is paid. The repayment shall commence from the fourth issue of pay after the first instalment is taken and be completed in four years.
- IV -No advance shall exceed twelve months' pay of the officer to whom it is made, not more than one advance shall be made for the same honse, and no officer may receive a second advance while any portion of a previous advance with interest accrued thereon in accordance with note 4 to Article 154 is outstraining against him
 - V.—Advances will be recovered by the deduction of monthly instalments, equal to one forty eighth part of the total advance, from the pay bills of the officer concerned. The authority sanctuoming an advance may, bowever, permit

recovery to be made in a smaller number of instalments if the officer receiving the advance so devires. The amount of interest calculated in accordance with note 4 to Art cle 154 will be recovered in one or more instalments each such instalment being not appreciably greater than the instalments by which the principal was recovered. The recovery of interest will commence from the month following that in which the whole of the principal has been repaid

Note — The amount of the advance to be recovered monthly should be fixed in who rupes except in the case of the last instalment when the remaining balance including any fraction of a rupee should be recovered

VI—In order to secure Government from loss consequent on an officer dying or quitting the service before complete repryment of the advance, with inverset accrued thereon in accordance with note 4 to Article 154, the house so built, together with the land it stands upon must be invertaged to Government, by whom the mortgage will be released on handation of the full amount due

Note.—The mortgage bond will be prepared in Form 21 (late No S 120) and the reconvergnce in Form 23 (late No S 123)

VII - The officer must satisfy the sanctioning authority regarding his title to the land upon which the house is or is proposed to be built

Note 1—The rule does not preclude the grant of an alrance to a person who does not possess fall proprietur rights in the land upon which he intends to build, provided the creationing authority is satisfied that the applicant has a loss of which the unexpired portion is of a term and vilue sufficient to justify the grant of the advance and that there is no danger of the lease lipsing or of Gayerment being unable to dispose of it should it become necessary to foreclose the mortgage Is examining the mortgager's title care should be taken to see that the lease does not prevent any subdemse by the lessee (the mortergor). The mortgage bond in such cases will be prepared in Form 22 (tato No. S. 127).

In cases in which ground reat municipal taxes and similar dates ore payable to local anthorities on account of land taken on lease the santhoning authority may, at its discretion ask the Government servant taking the advance to produce for inspection receipts for these payments within fifteen days of their falling due. If the santhoning authority finds that such dues have not been paid by the borrower steps may be taken to recover the said dues including interest thereon if any, from the pay of the Government servant concerned for payment to the parties concerned

Norz 2—The applicant's title to the property should be examined by the sanctuming authority before the advance is actually paid, and in eases where there is any doubt as to the validity of that title the Revenue and Requiration authorities or, if technical legal advice is becessary the Law Officers of Government, should be consulted It should be seen that in the case of a house building advance, he has undis pried title to the land on which it is proposed to build and that in the case of a advance for the purchase of a house, he will obtain such title as soon as the parchase price is paid, that there will be no legal obstacle in either case to the property being mortgaged to Government and that Government will have the right of foreclosing on the conditions mentioned in the mortgage bond

Norm 3 —This rule does not also preclude the grant of advances for the purpose of building houses on plots of land taken on lease from Government in New Delhi, even though in such cases the Government servant concerned becomes entitled to a perpetual lease only on the production of a certificate from the Chief Commissioner

that the buildings on the plot leased have been completed in accordance with agreed conditions. The grant of an advance in such cases is, however, subject to the condition that the applicant executes an Agreement in Form 22 A, (late No 8 187A), undertaking to repay the advance and to execute a mortgage of the land and hulldings immediately he obtains in lease. Advances sunctioned under this note will be made in instalments, the first instalment not exceeding the amount of the premium paid for the site and subsequent instalments.

Nort 4 —The Head of the Office in the case of a non-gazetted Government servant and the Controlling Officer in the case of a gazetted Government servant should, when saking for the authority for payment (full Article 142), send to the Pancipal Auditor concerned a certificate either in the bill in which the advance is drawn, or separately, to the effect that the mortgage head in Form 21 (late No S 128) has heen executed by the Oovernment servant taking the advance and that it has been duly registered.

- VIII—An officer quitting or removed from the station where he has built a house, before the whole amount due has been liquidated will continue liable to the deduction of his monthly instalment until the advance with interest accrued thereon in accordance with note 4 to Article 154 has been repaid, but, with the special sanction of the local Government, he may he allowed to dispose of the house, provided he is thereby enabled to clear off at once the whole amount due, or to trunsfer it to any officer of his own or higher rink the future deductions being made from the pay of such afficer.
 - IX—Applications for advances must be made through the applicant's departmental superior who will record his opinion as to the necessity for the assistance solicited. The applicant must certify that the sum is to be expended in huilding only and pledge himself that, should there be any surplus funds after the house is completed they will be at once refunded to Government.
 - X.—The last pay certificate granted to officers under advances must specify the original amount of such advance, the amount repaid and the hilunce together with interest accrued in accordance with note 4 to Article 154 remaining flow.

Nore.—Advances may also he given where considered necessity, for the purchase of land on which to construct a house, if the other conditions hid down in this Africia are exitteded and the total amount of the normace for the purchase of the hand and the construction of the house does not exceed twelve months; pay of the officer concerned.

The offers should sign an agreement is Form 20 (lete No S 151) at the time of taking an advance for the purchase of land and the amount should not exceed what is required for the purpose A mortgage deed in Form 20 A (late No S 152) should be exceuted before any further advance is drawn for the purpose of constructing the house The mortgage deed must be registered within four months of its execution.

- In order to save Government from loss the applicant's title to the property should be carefully examined by the stactioning nathority and the instructions had down in Appendix 8 E should be followed
- (a) An advance man be made to an officer in the Civil Department in exceptional circumstances, for the purchase of a house in places where house rent is exceptionally high, the general principles of clause (a) being applicable and the officer being required, in addition to a mort

gage-deed, to deposit with Government satisfactory evidence of a clear

title to the house Note 1 -An advance drawn under this rule may include provision not only for

the cost of the house purchased but also for the cost of any repairs or improvements which the purchaser of the house may desire to make

Notz 2-The advance may be drawn in full at once but satisfactory evidence should be produced before the audit offeer to show that the amount advanced for the purchase has been spent within three months of its drawal and the amount advanced for repairs or improvements (see Note 1) within a further period of two months. A certificate to this effect from the Head of the office will ordinarily suffice. The re payment in this case shall commence with the ami to he advance is

No 31.

cordance with wn in Rule V

Page 77. Article 155-

idvance (vide s to the effect e No B 151)

Insert the following as clause (hb) of this Article -

in Form 21 ' (hb) An advance may also be giver for the purpose of repaying a excention and rivate loan taken hy a Government servant expressly (1) for the purchase al Auditor as of land for building a house or (u) for the purchase of a house, provided,

(1) that the usual conditious specified in the Note after Rule X of o an officer

clause (a) and in clauso (b) are satisfied use ---(2) that the applicant has through his private loan acquired an ire required

unencumbered title to tle laud o the house purchased, and the nature (3) that the original loan for the purchase of the land or the house, lay large in

as the case may be, was taken not more than 12 months before the date of receipt of the application for an advance to discharge pect of the the private deht e officer to

[C A Cede Vel I Sih Edn (2nd Rep) No 31 dated the let May 1995 ld down in

IV -An advance may be made to an officer to repair a honsa which he has built or purchased with a previous advance under clanse (a) or (b), but unless the local Government permits otherwise, at least five years must elapse since the previous advance was drawn

V-Subject to the above the general principles of clause (a) or (b) as the case may be shall apply the maximum period for repayment of such advances heing two years Interest will be calculated and recovered in accordance with Rule V under clause (a)

1 Advanceo to officers of departments whose pay and allowances are not andited by a Civil Account Officer, must be debited to those departments and not retained in

the Civil Books 2 The 'gross' amount of advances granted under these rules should not exceed the amount provided in the sanctioned Budget Est mate of Ways and Means

Nore 1-The local Government may by special orders withdraw or restrict the powers of sanction under these rules exercised by Heads of Departments and Com missioners

Note 2 -Instructions laying down the procedure to be followed in dealing with applications for advances for the construction purchase or repair of houses are con tained in Appendix 8 E.

Advances for Purchase of Conveyances

- 155 A local Government is anthorised to sanction an advance to an officer for the purchase of a motor cur or a motor beat subject to the following conditions.—
 - (1) An advance will be given only when the local Government considers that it is in the interest of the public service that the officer should use a car or a boat in the discharge of his duties.
 - (2) The total amount to be educated to an officer shall not exceed F7 500 or four months' proor the anticipated price of the ear or loat whichever is less. If the actual price paid is less than the advance taken the balance should be forthwith refunded to Government.

Now ... For the purposes of an educate demm in Feedund in respect of a rinter or "netted per or "will all a richite in exists in which the alterned drawn field led not note of these observes the amount of freight act alle pad on the cert up to an Inlian port the cost of 13 instructed during the voyage and the customs drive pad in India.

- (3) (a) An officer who is on leave or alout to proceed on leave for whom an educate his been approved by the local Gor erament concerned will not be allowed to draw the advance carlier than a week before the expire of the leave but an officer who is on leave out of India or about to proceed on leave out of India will be allowed to take it from the High Commissioner six weeks before his departure for India.
 - (b) An of cer taking an advance from the High Commissioner within six weeks of his departure for India under subclause (c) may melade in the amount of the advance required charges separately e timated on account of freight on the motor car to an Indian port and of the customs duty thereen proable in India as also the cost of its insurance during the vovere. In the case of an officer who purchases a car in Furope prior to six weeks of his departure back to Irdia no advance will be allowed to be drawn in England but on bringing the car into India such an of icer may apply for an advance to cover the price of the car as valued on landing in India for customs purpo e (which will include the freight), and the cost of insurance plus the cistoms duty pail on the ear The customs receipt should be preduced in both 22522

Note—An effect who prechases a cut in Purche pror to six weeks of his departure that to lit I a rail who loss ret toll a peet for which a revier car has been defined recogned by Contempor to be recessare, should if he proposes to apply for an allower precent by the second of the latter contempor to the recognition of the latter contempor to the proposes of the latter contempor to the proposes of the latter contemporary to t

(4) Recovery will be raids by deducting monthly instalments equal to one thirts sixth part of the advance from the

No. 78.

Page 79, Article 156, Olause (4)-

Insert the following after the first sentence of this clause:

Lut will commence with first issue of pay after the advance is drawn."

See S /22

No. 122.

Page 79, Article 150-

Insert the following after the account statence of clause (4) of this Article as introduced by correction slip No. 78, dated the 2nd Soptember 1935:-

L"The authority sanctioning an advance may, however, permit recovery to be made in a smaller number of instalments if the officer receiving the advance so desires"

- of a kind that renders the possession of a motor car or a motor bort necessary, the local Government may permit the transfer of the hability attaching to the car or the boat to the latter officer, provided that he records a declaration that he is aware that the err or the boat transferred to him remains subject to the mortgage bond and that be is bound by its terms and provisions.
 - (6) In all cases in which a car or boat is sold before the advance received for its purchase from Government with inetrest accrued in accordance with note 4 to Article 154, has been fully repeal, the sale proceeds must be applied, so far as may be necessary, towards the repayment of such outstanding halance. Provided that when the car or boat is sold only in order that another car or boat may be purchased the local Government may permit an officer to apply the sale proceeds towards such purchase, subject to the following conditions—
 - (a) the amount outstanding shall not be permitted to exceed the cost of the new ear or boat;
 - (b) the amount outstanding shall continue to be repaid at the rate previously fixed;
 - (c) the new car or boat must be insured and mortgaged to Government as required by these rules

Norz 1 -- An officer may be allowed advances to purchase more than one car or boat at a time if it can be shown that such action is clearly desirable in the public interest and provided that the total amount outstanding at may one time by way of such advances against a particular officer does not exceed the limit within which advances may be given

Note 2—A Government servant who draws an advance in India for the purchase of a motor car or motor boat is expected to complete his negotiations for the purchase,

and to pay finally for the car or boat, within one month from the date on which be draws the advance, failing such completion and payment, the full amount of the advance drawn, with interest thereon for one month, must be refunded to Government. At the time of drawing the advance the Government cervant will be required to execute an Agreement in Form 28 (late No S 12) and, on completing the purchase, he will further be required to execute a Mortrage Bond in Form No 21 A (late No S 129), hypothecating the car or boat to the Secretary of State for India as security for the advance. The cost price of the car or boat purchased should be entered in the schedule of specifications attached to the Mortgage Bond. In the case of advances drawn in Dagland a similar agreement and a personal security bond in the form prescribed by the Secretary of State for India in Council will be executed at the time of furnhange the advance and at the time of purchase, respectively.

When an advance is drawn the sanctioning authority will furnish to the account officer concerned a certificate that the Agreement in Form 24 (Inte No S 12) has heen signed by the officer drawing the advance and that it has heen examined and found to be in order. The sanctioning authority should ese that the cer is purchased within one mouth from the date on which the advance is drawn and should submit every mortgage bond promptly to the account officer concerned for examination before final record.

Norm 3 —The form of Mortgage Bond executed by a Government servant drawing an advance in Indua for the purchase of a motor can or motor host provides for insurance against full loss by fire, for accident Insurance so womer drawn or other similar qualified terms is not safficient for the purpose of this rule. Insurance policies at a reduced rate of previous shall, however, be accepted as adequate in cases where—

- (a) the owner of the ear undertakes to meet the first Re 50 or so of a claim preferred against an insurance company in the event of an accident, or
- (b) the ear is not insured against accident for any season of the year during which it is not in use but is stored in a gerage, e.g., during the enumer when the Government of India are in Sumla.

Such injurance abould be effected within one mouth from the date of purchase of the ear or local. A Government servant drawing a similar advance in England to required to effect insurance within one mouth of his arrival in India, unless an insurance policy is already in critical Contravention of these orders will reader the officer into the contravention of these orders will reader the following the period should not be less than the omissingling halance. It is insured during any period should not be less than the omissinging halance. It is advance with interest occurred at the beginning of that period and the insurance should be remered from time to time until the amount due is completely repail II, at any time and for any reason the amount musured nader a current policy is less than the outstanding balance of the advance, iceluding interest already accrued the officer should refund the difference to Government. The amount to be refunded must be recovered in not more than three monthly instalments.

Norz 4—Departments of the Government of India and Heads of Departments under the Central Government exercise the powers of a local Government for the purpose of the rule in the case of officers serving under them.

Note 5 — Advances for the purchase of motor cars or motor boats to Government cervants in foreign employs should be granted from the funds of the foreign employer and when the inter desires to make such an advance, he should apply to the local Government of the Province to which the officer belongs for the necessary sanction The local Government may grant sauction in such cases subject to the provise that the advance should be regulated by the same conditions as would apply if the officer were serving directly under Government. In special cases, however, where en officer's services have been lent to a Municipality whose financial positions will not permit of the advance being made from its funds the local Government may, at its discretion sanction advances from general revenues, provided the effect's duties are such as to render the possession of a motor ear or a motor bott practically a necessity

Norr 6-The "gross" amount of advinces granted in any year under this rule should not exceed the amount provided in the Debt and Deposit Estimates for each province.

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Notz 7-Government servants who are in possession of motor cars purchased with advances obtained from Government while employed in Aden and who bring such ears to India on transfer to appointments, the duties of which necessitate the advances to cover expenses on account of customs duty levied on the imported cars Such additional advances will be subject to the usual condition as regards interest, etc, and will be recovered within the period still outstanding for the original loan or a period of _0 months, whichever is longer

NOTE 8 -The grant of an alvance under this Article to a Government servant who proceeds on deputation out of India and desires a motor car for uso during his deputation is not admissible

157 A local Government is authorised to sanction an advance to an officer for the purchase of a motor cycle subject to the following con ditions -

- (1) That the advance is given only when the local Government considers that it is in the interest of the public service that the officer should use a motor cycle in the discharge of his duties
- (2) That the substantive pay of the officer does not exceed R1.200 a month
- (3) That the amount of the advances does not exceed R2.000 or the anticinated price of the arele whister or in lose If the netual

No. 79.

Page 81, Article 157, Clause (4)-

In the third line insert the word "commencing with the first issue of pay after the advance is drawn" between the words "concerned" and the comma.

> " 4. Code, Vol. I put Edn (2nd Rep.) No 79, dated the 2nd Sept 1935) NO. 120.

Page 81. Article 157-

Insert the following at the end of cause (4) of this Article -

"The authority sanctioning an against may permit recovery as darger of ì٢ metalments of the officer receiving then vance so desires" эđ

- [C A Code Vol I Sth Edn (2nd Re), No 123 dated the 1st 1 chruary 1936 his repaid If an officer wishes to transfer such a cycle another officer who performs duties of a kind that renders the possesion of a motor cycle necessary, the local Government may permit the transfer of the liability attaching to cycle to the latter officer, provided that he records a declira tion that he is aware that the cycle transferred to him re mains subject to the mortgage hond and that he is hound by its terms and provisions
 - (6) That in all cases in which a cycle is sold before the advance received for its purchase from Government with interest accrued in accordance with note 4 to Article 154 has been fully repaid, the sale proceeds must be applied, so far as

may be necessary, towards the repayment of such outstand mg balance Provided that when the cycle is sold only in order that another cycle may be purchased the local Govern ment may permit an officer to apply the sale proceeds towards such purchase, subject to the following could tions —

(a) the amount outstanding shall not be permitted to ex ecced the cost of the new cycle,

(b) the amount outstanding shall continue to be repaid at the rate previously fixed,

(c) the new evele must be insured and mortgaged to Government as required by these rules

Note 1 -Notes 1 to 6 under Article 156 apply to this article also

NOTE 2.—The grant of an advance under this Article to a Government servant who proceeds on deputation out of India and desires a motor cycle for use during his deputation is not admissible

153 A local Government is authorised to sanction an advance to a Government servant not holding a post which would ordinarily be held by a riember of an All India Service for the purchase of means of conveyance other than a motor car, a motor boat or a motor cycl., subject to the following conditions—

(1) An advance will be allowed only when the appointment held entails duties involving touring. In the case of the purchase of big cles the advance may however, be granted even though the post held does not entail touring if in the opinion of the local Government the possession of a big-yel will add to the efficiency of the Government servant concerned.

(2) The total amount to be advanced to an officer shall not exceed two months' pay or R250 whichever is greater, and shall be limited to the anticipated price of the article to be purchased. If the actual price paid is less than the advance tallen, the balance should forthwith be refunded to Government.

(3) Recovery will be made unless the local Government otherwise specially direct, by deducting monthly instalments equal to one twelfth part of the advance from the pay bill of the officer concerned. The amount of interest calculated in accordance with night 4 to Article 154 will be recovered as laid down in Rule V-inder Article 155 (a).

NOTE —The amount of the alvance to be recovered monthly should be fixed in whole rupees except in the case of the last natalment when the remaining balance isleading any fraction of a rupee should be recovered

(4) The article purchased with the advance will be considered to be the property of Government until the advance with interest accrued thereon in accordance with note 4 to Article 154 is repaid

NOTE 1.—Heads of Departments under the Government of India are empowered unler clame (3) above to extend up to a maximum of twenty four the number of instriments in which an advance granted for the purchase of a bacycle should be repeal to Government.

Note 2 .- lotes 4 and 6 under Article 156 apply to this Article also

Other Advances

159 Advances may also be made under the rules specified below -

(a) To an officer under orders of transfer, up to an amount not exceeding one month's substantive pay plus the travelling allowance to which he may he entitled under the rules in consequence of the transfer Such advances may be sanctioned by any officer who should not ordinarily be of lower rank than the Principal District Officer in the department concerned The advances should be recorded on the officer's last pay certificate The advance of pay should be recovered from the pay of the officer in three equal monthly instal ments beginning with the month in which a full month's pay is drawn after the transfer The advance of travelling allonance should be recovered in full on submission of the officer's travelling allowance hill

NOTE 1-Tie Government of India or a local Government may delegate the power to grant advances under this clause to any other subordinate authority irrespective of his rank,

NOTE 2-Civil authorities in the Madras Presidency may also great advances of pay sufficient to enable military pensioners to join their first appointments in the Civil Department

Note 3 -The advance referred to in this clease is also permissible to a Gavern ment servant who receives orders of transfer during leave

Note 4 -Clause (a) above does not preclode the grant of a second advance to a Government servant to cover the travelling expenses of ony member of his family who, under Supplementary Rule 116 (b) (iii), follows bim within six months from the date of his transfer and in respect of whom an advance of travelling allavance has not already been drawn.

Note 5-A Superintending Engineer of Divisional Officer of the Public Works Department may grant advances under this clause to any officer under his jurisdiction, including himself

Norz 6-When a single lump sam advance is drawn to cover the travelling expenses both of the officer himself and of his family, it may he adjusted by the anh mission of more than one bill if it so happens that the members of the other's family do not netnally make or complete the journey with him. In such a case the officer should certify on each adjustment hill submitted by him that a further bul in respect of travelling allowance of the members of his family (to be specified) who have not yet completed the journey will be submutted in due course and is expected to include an amount 1 of less than the balance of the advance left unadjusted in this

Norz 7 -The advance of pay under this clause may be allowed to be drawn at - coon after the arrival of the officer there on production of the lastadvance was drawn at the old station. vage 83, Article 159

he recovered monthly should be fixed in No 128. -- 1ment.

Insert the following as Note 9 under clause (a) of this Article ...

Nors 9.—Officers competent to sauchon advances under this clause may Accounts to his not to has not to has not [C. A Code, Vol. I., 5th Edn. (2nd Rep.) No 128, dated the 2nd March 1936.]
Officer concerned on the Government set 2, dated the 2nd March 1936.]

(s) on return from leave other than leave on average pay not exceeding four months or deputation out of India, not exceeding two months' substantive pay or R1,000, whichever is less, in addition to any advance made in England, provided no advance has been drawn under clause (a)

Note.—The advance may be drawn under the orders of the Andit Officer from any treasury in India to be specified in such orders. Such advances, as well as similar advances made in England are recoverable by monthly instalments of one-third of pay fixed in whole ruptes

Exception I —The recovery of an advance made under the Military Leave Rules to a Military Officer in Civil employ subject to the Military Leave Rules is regulated by those rules

Exception 2—Advances made to covenanted Mechanics, Soilermakers, etc. of the State Railway Establishments, shall be recovered in monthly instalments of one night of pay fixed in whole rupes. In the case of covenanted Engine Directs of the State Railway Establishment the recovery should be made in such a manner as will ensure their receiving in any month not less than R25 exclusive of overtime or other allowances.

Exception 3—Special passage advances made in England by the High Commissioner for India at his discretion to enable officers to return to duty shall be recovered in 36 monthly installments and bear interest at the usual rate for such advances, ende Note 4 to Article 154

- (c) To a Survey Officer to enable him to join his first appointment, on the requisition of the Surveyor General The requisition and the officer's receipt must be submitted in support of the charge
- (d) (1) To an officer, other than an inspecting officer, for himself or an Assistant or Deputy, proceeding on tour, to an amount sufficient to cover for a month his contingent charges, such as those for the hire of convey ances or animals for the carriage of records, tents or other Government property, subject to adjustment upon the officer's return to Headquarters or 31st March, whichever is earlier.

Note.—Advances under this sub clause should not be applied to the expenditure of any Gazetted officer, except an officer of the Forest Department, which is meant to be covered by his travelling allowance

- (11) To non gazetted officers or inferior servants accompanying officers proceeding on tour, by the bead of their office, to an amount sufficient to cover their personal travelling expenses for a month subject to adjustment on completion of their tour or 31st March, whichever is earlied.
- (m) To gazetted officers of Departments as noted below, when proeceding on long and expensive tours, at the discretion of the sanctioning nuthority mentioned against each, to an amount sufficient to cover their personal travelling expenses for a month subject to adjustment on completion of their tours or 31st March, whichever is earlier. Such advances are not to be granted as a matter of course, but only on occisions when the cost of travelling is so heavy as to be a serious tax on an officer's private resources.

^es

(1) Gazetted Officers of the Indian Andit Department, by the to 705 No 195.

Page 85, Article 159, clause (d) (111) 11em (1)-

At the end of this item for the words 'by the Anditor General' substitute hy his immediate controlling officer "

- [C A Code Volume I 8th Ldition (2nd Reprint) No 195, dated the 1st October 1937] of the Imperial Institute of Agricultural auseaica, a usa, exercises this power in respect of officers whoso headquarters are at that station The Joint Director cannot, however, grant advances of travelling allowance to himself.
 - (4) Technical Advisers of Musketry and Signalling, by the Military Adviser in Chief, Indian State Forces
 - (5) Gazetted Officers of the Posts and Telegraphs Department, hy their immediate superiors.
 - (6) Gazetted Officers of the Northern India Salt Revenue Department (including the Commissioner), by the Commissioner, Northern India Salt Revenue
 - (7) Gazetted Officers of the Zoological Survey of India, by the Director of the Zoological Survey of India
 - (8) Gazetted Officers of the Geological Survey of India (includ ing the Director) when proceeding on inspection or for field duty, by the Director, Geological Survey of India
 - (9) Gazetted Officers employed in the Indian Stores Department on agreements for definite periods, by the Chief Controller of Stores, Indian Stores Department, without a reference to the Government of India in the Finance Department as required by Article 154-A.
 - (10) Heads of offices of the Archeological Department (including the Director General himself), by the Director General of Archæology in India Such advances may be paid by cheque by the Deputy Accountant General, Central Revenues, Calcutta
 - (11) Inspectors and officers of the Explosives Department (in-

No 48

Page 85, Article 159 (d)

Insert the following as item (12) under auh clause (12) -(12) Senior Marketing Officers, Marketing Officers and Assistant Mi Officers by the Agricultural Marketing A. not exceeding one -

No 118

Page 85 Ariscle 159 (d)-Insert the following as item (13) under sub clause (iii) -

" (13) The Superintending Engineer and Executive Engineers Civil Aviation Circle by the Chief Engineer, Central Public Works ment and the Superintending Engineer, Civil Aviation Circle

[C A Code, Vol I, 8th Edn (2nd Rep), No 118, dated the 2nd J

when proceeding on inspection work ontside the Provinces of Bengal and Ribar and Orissa

(11) To Government servants of the Archeological Department, by the head of an office of that Department subject to the conditions prescribed in sub-clause (iii) above. In cases of urgency such advances may be paid from the permanent advance of the head of the office

Norr L-The Central Board of Revenue is authorised to sanction advances of rravellag and other merdenial expanses to officers deputed on special driv

NOTE 2 -- A second advance ennot be made to an officer under this clause until

account has been given of the first. NOTE 3 -- Subject to the restretions specified above, advances under this clause may be granted in all cases of journeys in respect of which travelling allowance is admissible, as for a journey on tour

- (c) To a Treasury Officer or District Superintendent of Pulice. for expenses connected with a remittance of treasure, to be adjusted when the duty is completed
- (f) Deleted.

of For law suits to which Government is a party,

A.B.—The advances mentioned in clauses (d), $A^{(+)}$ (g) and (k) are treated as all charges, not as advances recoverable and are to be drawn and accounted for as numbers charges or travelling expenses of establishments.

- th) Under the rules in Appendix 8, to patients proceeding to a Pasteur Institute for anti-rable treatment
- (1) Under the rules regulating the grant of advances to pay for the passages overseas of certup Government servants of non-Assetic domicite and their families, vide Appendix 8-B.

Nont-Note 6 under Article 156 applies to this clause also

- (1) By Superintending Engineers to Engineering subordinates for the purchase of a tent on the first occasion of their requiring o e such an advance should be limited to a reasonable emount and should be recovered in twelve equal morthly deductions from pay commencing three months after the date of the advance
- (1) By the Director General of Archeology to officers of the Archeological Survey for the purchase of antiquities up to a maximum of Rs. 500 in any one case.

Conditions of Repayment.

160 All advances are subject to adjustment by the officers receiving them, in accordance with the rules applicable to each case. When an advance is adjustable by recovery, the amount to be recovered monthly should not be affected by the fact of an officer going on leave of any kind with allowinges or on subsistence allowance. It is, however, open to the local Government to order a reflection in any case in which they deem it right to do so provided that in the case of advances under Art ele- 155 156 and 157, the whole amount shall be completely recovered by the due date

Nort-The term "local Government" includes the anthonies mentioned in Note 4 under Article 155.

Forms of Drawing and Repaying

161 The vouchers on which advances are drawn must quote the authority sanctioning them and payment will be made by the treasury on the authority of such sanction except in regard to advances under Articles 155—158 and 159 (s) which can be disbursed only on the authority of the Principal Auditor

162 A personal advance to a public officer may be repaid either in eash it by deduction in his pay or travelling allowance bill as the ease may be see Rule 7 under Article 20

163 In reprung an advance the memorandum presented at the treasury or the pay bill as the case may be must state the original date and amount of the advance or otherwise give sufficient particulars for its aduntification. Remittance of the amount to the particular treasury where the advance was made is not necessary.

CHAPTER 10-BILLS AND REMITTANCES

		THE PROPERTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY OF THE	
General Explanations	161	Issue of Remittance Transfer Peccepts by Military Account	
Money limit of Remittance Trans fer Receipts	167	Officers Issue of Duplicates of Bills Cancellation and Refund	170 170 170
Issue of Remittance Transfer Receipts by Treasury Officers	168	Exchange Transfer Receipts to Sepoys and Policemen	181

General Explanations

164 Orders from one freezing upon another can be obtained in two forms—(1) Supply Lills (2) Remittance Transfer Receipts The former are issued under rules land down in Chapter VII of the Rusoinea Manual The latter are issued only under special conditions as stated below—aide Articles 167 to 176. A list of the treasuries and sub treasuries which issue and eash bills will be found in the separate publication. "List of treasuries and sub treasuries in India." issued by the Controller of the Chirrency.

Explanation —Between places where the treasury business is done by the Imperial Bank of India the Bank issued demand dritts in Leu of Remittance Transfer Poccipts When. Remittance Transfer Receipts into the issued of par under the rules in this Code the Bank issues drifts at par marked on Government account? These drafts are payable to —

- (4) the payee on identification
- (46) the payee's banker who should certify that the amount has been placed to the payee's credit, or
- (iii) a person belling a letter of authority from the payee whose signature in it be known to the Bank and if the latter directs the Bank to pay the mency to a certain named person that person must be identified to the Bank before 1 ayiment evil be made.

Should the payee require fayment of the hand drift from a sub treasury where there is no branch of the Imperial Bank of India he should endorse the hank draft in favour of the Treasury Officer of the district in which the sub treasury is situated who will then en lorse it as —

"Received payment by transfer credit to cash order on the

and issue a cash order in favour of the payer for payment at the sub-treasury

In other respects the rules in this chapter applicable to Bemittance Transfer Pecepts apply nutatis studied to these drifts

Where I onever, Remittance Transfer R e apts may be issued at a premium under the Bank assues ordinary bank drafts which are subject in every respect to the Bank a own rules. The drafts are resued at the rates mentioped below.

For amounts of Rs 10 000 and over 1 anna per cent

For amounts of Rs 1000 and above but less than Rs 10000 2 annas per cent

For amounts less than Rs 1000 the rate is discretionary and is normally i annus per cent with a minimum of 4 annus

1 The practice of issuing telegraphic orders for payment from the treasury balance and of treating the payments as supply bills in the treasury account has been

descontinued Shoull any party desire payment to be arranged by telegram, the transfer must, except under the special orders of the Deputy Controller of the Currency, take the form of a Currency telegraphic transfer, and the transaction Currency that the taken duretty fails the account of the Currency chest as

No. 91.

Page 89, Article 164, Rule 2-

Substitute the following for this rule :-

"A currency officer is authorised at his discretion to permit specified treasaries or sub-treasaries to issue Remittance Transfer Receipts on specified sab-treasaries is his jurisdiction, on which there may ho a demand, ap to a limit of amount to be fixed by him in the case of each sab-treasury. Whenever a sub treasury on which it is proposed to issue Remittance Transfer as the treasury on which it is proposed to issue Remittance Transfer as the treasury on which it is proposed to issue Remittance Transfer as the treasury of the transfer as the treasure of the treasure of the treasart of the treasar

talment or pull of

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8 Officer in charge of Civil treasury at Jubbulpoto is allowed to draw Remittance Transfer Receipts on the Military Treasure Chest at Mhow for military purposes

9 Officer in charge of the Civil treasury at Shillong is allowed to draw Remittance Transfer Receipts on the Military Treasure Chest at Malakand for military purposes

165. The person who draus (ie, issues or grants) a bill is called the drawer, the person on whom it is drawn (and who will have to pay it) is the drawee, the person to whom the bill is granted in the remitter; the person to whom it is payable is the payee

166 A Remittance Transfer Receipt is not transferable and is only payable to or on the receipt of the person named therein as payee, bat payment will be made, if so desired, on the eadorsement of the Remittance Transfer Receipt in favour of a recognised bank. A supply bill is transferable, according to its form it is payable "to the order of A B," and A. B, the original payee, can transfer his right by endorsement. This he may do by simply signing his name on the back, in which case it becomes payable to bearer, or he may write above his signature "pay to C D," or "pay to C D or order," in which case C D stands in the same position as A B did originally and has the same powers of transfer. The writing by which such a right is transferred is called endorsement, an endorsement to "C. D or order" is a special endorsement, and the persons to whom successively a bill is transferred are endorses, and the person in rightful possession of a hill at any time is the holder.

(I) Public Works .

Page 90, Article 167-(1) Between the words "remittance" and "or" in line 2 insert .-

SD"or that of a rating of the Royal Indian Navy below the rank of ьu leading seaman (or its equivalent) ". tr 8

(2) At the end of the first sentence add :-

Ωf " or the Indian Navy (Discipline) Act " fol

(3) After "sepoy" in line 6 add -

of "or a rating of the Royal Indian Navy (Specified above)". cat IC A Code, Vol I, 8th Edn. (2nd Rep), No. 203, dated the 1st December 1937,

100 Kemittance Transfer Receipts are issued by Treasury Officers

to officers in the Civil and Military Departments and to the public only under the conditions specified under Articles 169 to 175

169 To an officer in the Civil, Military, Public Works and Rail way Departments at par for a remittance to be made by him in his official capacity in payment of any service rendered to Government or in pursu ance of his official duties. The purpose of the Remittance Transfer Receipts must be clearly stated in the application

(1) Officers requiring transfer receipts on public service will submit with the cash a formal application certifying that the hill is wanted exclusively for public purposes and describing the object of the remittance . if the Treasury Officer doubts whether the object is really public, he should state his doubt to the applicant or take the orders of the District Officer On grant of a transfer receipt its number should be noted on the application which should then be pasted in a rough file book of such applications arranged in the order of receipt Questionable grants should be reported to the Accountant General with a view to the issue of intructions for future guidance

N B -Remittance Transfer Receipts may also be issued at par to the Local Funds named in Annexure A to this Chapter and to such additional Funds as may be deter mined from time to time by the Controller of the Currency, subject to the condition

that the remittances are for bona fide public purposes 1 For instructions relative to payment of bills in Remittance Transfer Receipt, see Article 13 (n)

(2) Under this rule Remittance Transfer Receipts can be issued at par in the following cases -

. To Executive Engineers, District Engineers, District Surveyors and to all Sub Divisional Officers in the Public Works Department whether they have drawing accounts or not, for payments to be made outside their divi sions but only on public service and not for private purposes or the convenience of contractors When purchases are effected, or work is done, by one division or Province on account of snother, the adjustment will be made by book transfer.

(2) Railwarn

To Disbursing Officers on the conditions prescribed in '(1) Public Works' above, also for resments to be made on account of through traffic transactions to private companies with which book transfer is not permitted. Dues by one railway to another will be adjusted by book transfer in the case of other railways

(2 A.) Tramways ...

(3) Telegraph

- To Manager, Raipur Forest Tramway for remit ting moneys to Messrs, Gillanders Arbuthnot and Co (Managing Agents of the tramway) at Calcutta for bong fide Government pur DOSCS
- To Telegraph Officers, for remittance to a distance from a treasury at which they have emdst.
- (4) Subscriptions for a public or quan public purpose
- Any local Government and any D partment of the Government of India desiring to facilitate the collection of subscriptions for any public or quass public purpose in which it is interested may allow the issue of one transfer weent a month from any district treasure

No. 92.

Page 91, Article 169 (2)-

Item (5). In the 2nd column for the words "local head office of the Imperial Bank" substitute the words "Office of the Reserve Bank of India". [C. A Code, Vol. I, Sth Edn (2nd Rep) to 92, dated the 2nd September 1935]

- (1) Diceste Thomas Ave -----Bombay
- Messrs Thomas Cook and Son at Bombay or amounts realised by sale of tickets to pilgrims from Index to Jeddah and back.
- (8) Remittances to the Mahamiah of Burdwan of arrears of revenue from patni talugs collected in the Districts of Birbhum. Hoochly and Midnapore
- For remittances by the Collectors of these districts of amounts received on account arrears for patra taluga soll or advertised to be sold under Regulation VIII of 1819
- (9) Remittances of tributes payable to the Ramula Ducher
- For remittances to the Baroda Durbar of tribut . naveble to it by pertun States

- (11) For public purposes . In the case of British regiments of infantry and cavalry and batteries or companies of Royal Artillery and Native corps, in part payment of any of the regimental cheques
- (12) Lac Cess Fund To Collectors of Customs (except in Calcutta) for remittance to the Imperial Bank of India. Calcutta, of the net proceeds of the Lac Cess (13) Workmen's Compensation To a Commissioner for Workmen's Compensation
- in favour of another Commissioner for the remittance of money remaining in his hands or invested by him for the benefit of any party to any proceedings pending before him but transferred to another Commissioner in ac cordance with Section 21(2) of the Workmen's Compensation Act (VIII of 1923)

Note -The Treasury Officer, Dharamsala, may 15500 Remittance Transfer Receipts to the Commissioner appointed under the Mandi Workmen's Compensation Act to deal with cases of compensation due to the employees of the Hydro Electric Branch for payment of the Compensation secruing under that Act to persons residing out-ide Mandi State

Committee

- (14) Imperial Council of Agricul tural Research.
- To the Imperial Council of Agricultural Research Department, Government of India for payments to be made in respect of the re search funds at its disposal (s) To the Secretary of the Indian Central Cottor Committee Pomlay, for remittance of pay ments on account of grants sanctioned by the
- (15) Indian Central Cotton Committee
 - (11) To the Extra Assistant Commissioner, Mer wara. Beawar from the Beawar Sub treasury for remittance of the amount of Cotton Ceva recovered from the mills to the Secretary, Indian Central Cotton Committee Bombay . (s) To any Local Boards for investment of their
- (16) Local Funds .
- Bank of India or in any Co operative Bank authorised by the local Government for this purpose (a) To Co operative Banks in which these surplu funds have been invested for remittances of th

surplus funds in branches of the Impenal

- interest or investments real sed for paymen to the Local Poards or Municipalities
- (see) To Municipalities and school Poards f remittance of their surplus funds for invesment to any Co operative Bank
- 170 In the following cases also Remittance Fransfer Receipts me be issued to civil officers at par -
- (1) Pay and allowances . . The remittance of pay and allowances is no. ordinarily a bona fde public purpose but a Remittance Transfer Receipt may be granted for the remittance of the pay and allowances of an officer denuted beyond the hinits of the district in which his pay has to be drawn

Officers of the Public Works Department may, when pre-enting bills for the pay and travel hne allowance of their establishments, obtain Remittance Transfer Receipts on other district treasures for amounts which may have to be disbursed outside the civil district but within their own jurisdict on Such Romittance Transfer Secrents may if the Accounts No. 64.

Page 93, Article 170, Item (2)—

Substitute the following for the existing entry in the left hand column gainst this item :-

"For remittance of pensions to widow and orphan incumbents on the ndian Civil Service Funds and the Superior Civil Services (India) Family Pension Fund, not drawn in Delhi or New Delhi." [C A, Code, 1 ol. I, 8th Edn. (2nd Rep), No. 64, dated let August 1935.]

money to their families in the form and on the terms provided for sepoy's remittances, the heading of the descriptive roll being altered to suit the case

(b) Indian States' prisoners For remittance to families of certain Indian State prisoners in Central India

> converted or transferred into stock under the rules in the Government Securities Manual.

No. 173.

Page 93, Article 170-

Delete item 5 under this Article.

- [C A Code, Vol I, 8th Edn. (2nd Rep.), No. 173, dated the 1st February 1937.]
- . To the Political Superintendent, Sawantradi. (6) bawantyadı State . for purposes of the State by the Rathagira Treasury, provided the sum to be remitted exceeds Rs 150
- (7) Assam or Bengal Military Police For remittance to Nepal in respect of the property of deceased members of the Assam or Bengal Military Police (7 A) Burma Military Police . . For trans mission to Nepal of (1) arrears of pay of
- Gurlha Sepoya discharged. (2) estates of Gur-Lha Sepoys whether hyurz or dead and (3) other muscellaneous monies of a like nature payable to such Sepoys whether serving or discharged or to their relations if dead
- (8) For remittance by Public Debt For remittance by the Public Debt Office (i) of Office of interest on Government interest everdue on Government promissory notes which are transmitted to it for renewal promissory notes by a Government Treasury other than that on which they are enfaced for payment of interest, (ii) of broken interest on allotment certificates, (iii) of broken interest on notes

(2) Excise ,

And for every additional Rs 1,000 or fraction of Rs 1,000

- A single transfer receipt only can be granted to one remitter for each instalment, the particulars of the properties on account of which the money is remitted must be carefully detailed on the reverse and the form filled up thus—
- Received from A B on account of C D, properetor, the sum of Rs on account of land revenue demands to be transferred to his credit under land revenue sufe particulars on the reverse, at the treasury
- To country opinit contractors in Bongal on account of cost price of liquors supplied by them subject to a minimum limit of Re 100 and at a premium of one enna on every Rs 100 or part thereof
- For remittance of the cost price of ganja and bhang supplied to various districts of Bengal by the Naugon Ganja Cultivation? Co-opera tive Society, subject to a minimum of Rs 100 and at a premium of one anns on every Rs 100 or part thereof
- For the remittance to the contractors of the cost price of country spirit and gains supplied to Assam at a premium of one anna on every Rs 100 or part thereof and subject to a minimum in each case of Rs 100
- To contractors in Bihar and Orissa on account of the cost price of country spirit supplied by them at a premium of one anna on every Rs 100 or part thereof
- For the remittance of distillers prices in Burma at a premium of one anna for every Rs 100 or fraction thereof

(3) Miscellaneous

For the remittance of amounts realised by Collectors from religious institutions on behalf of the Hindu Religious Endowments Beard Madras at a premium of one anna for every Rs 100 or fraction thereof

172 To Military Officers for cash or in payment of cheques at part —

- (1) Pay and allowances of Military Officers on duty or on leave in India
- To Paymasters or Controllers for remittance beyond the group of Districts in which the officer is serving to the place where the officer actually is on duty or on leave A remittance may not be made to an agent under this rule

^{*}For the purposes of Article 172 the term Paymaster s applicable to all Military Officers and officers of the Military Accounts Department who are responsible for making disbursements of public money

171]

No. 84.

Page 94, Article 170, Item (9)-

In the explanation in column 2 for the words "branch of the Imperial Bank of India" substitute the words "Office of the Reserve Bank of India or a branch or an agency of the Reserve Bank of India [See Treasury Order No 2 (a)]" and delete the words "Imperial" in line 6 thereof

IC A Code, Vol I, 8th Fda (2nd Rep.) No 91 dated the 2nd September 193.)

Society of Poons and its branches on condition that the amount remitted at a time is not

No 95.

Page 94. Article 170. Item (10)-

For the words "Controller of the Currency or against this item substitute the words "Reserve Bank of India, Calcutta, Bombay and Madras"

[C A Code Vol I, 8th Edn (2nd Rep.) No 95, dated the 2nd September 1930]

(sss) the Assistant Commissioner, Internal Branch of the Northern India Salt Revenue Department for the refund of duty to tho concessionnaires of industrial salt, and (10) the Superintendent in Charge Pachhadra, on account of refunds of salt revenue to traders

(12) Cinchona Department, Madras

For remitting the sale proceeds of quinine supplied by the Experintendent of the Penitentiary at Madras

(13) Rofunds of electoral deposits

For the remittance of electoral deposits refunded to candidates for the legislative hodies (both Central and Provincial) who are residing in districts which are different from those where the deposits were originally lodged

171 To civil officers at a premium

(I) Land rovenuo and cesses

To persons having to pay land revenue and cesses in another district when the amount to he remitted exceeds Rs 600, on payment of premium at the following rates -

 R_{s} Forsums exceeding Rs 600 and not exceeding Rs 1,000

For sums exceeding Rs 1 000 and not

exceeding Rs. 2,000 3

2

Re.

(2) Excise .

And for every additional Rs 1.000 or

- fraction of Rs 1.000 A single transfer receipt only can be granted to one remitter for each instalment, the parti culars of the properties on account of which the money is remitted must be esrefully detailed on the reverse and the form filled
- Received from A B on account of C D, proprictor, the sum of Ra on account of land revenue demands to be transferred to his credit under fand revenue, tyle particulars on the reverse, at the treasury
- To country apirit contractors in Bengul on socount of cost price of liquors supplied by them subject to a minimum limit of Rs 100 and at a premium of one anna on every Rs 100 or part thereof
- For remittance of the cost price of ganja and bhang supplied to various districts of Bengal by the Naugon Gams Cultivators' Co-operative Society, subject to a minimum of Rs 100 and at a premium of one anna on every Rs 100 or part thereof
- For the remittance to the contractors of the cost price of country spirit and ganja supplied to Assam at a premium of one same on every Rs 100 or part thereof and subject to a minimum in each case of Rs 100
- To contractors in Bihar and Onesa on account of the cost price of country spirit supplied by them at a premium of one anna on every Rs 100 or part thereof
- For the remittance of distillers' prices in Burms at a premuum of one anna for every Rs 100 or fesction thereof

(3) Mucellaneous

For the remittance of amounts realised by Col lectors from religious institutions on behalf of the Hundu Religious Endowments Board. Madras, at a pramium of one anna for every Rs 100 or fraction thereof

172 To Military Officers for cash or in payment of cheques at part -

- (1) Pay and allowances of Military
 - Officers on duty or on leave in Indus.
- To Paymasters or Controllers for remittance beyond the group of Districts in which the officer is serving to the place where the officer actually is on duty or on leave A remittance may not be made to an agent under this rule

tFor the purposes of Article 172 the term "Paymaster" is applicable to all Military Officers and officers of the Multary Accounts Department who are responsible for making dishursements of public money

173-1747

Norz -The groups of Districts orne

tie dates of leaving his station and of em barkston provided that payment has to be made in India

(3) Printed Forms

For remittances to the Superintendent, Govern ment Printing, Rangoon, in payment ' printed forms by regimental officers wh east, allowances for printing.

(4) Estates of deceased persons and deserters subject to the Indian Army Act of 1911 The surplus of the estates may be remitted the Accountant General, Central Revenue Delhi

173 To Military Officers in payment of cheques only at par -

(1) For private remittances of British Warrant and Non Commissioned Officers and Men (Departmental and Regimental) To the extent of monthly pay and allowances in part payment of cheques of Regimental Pay masters or other Disbursing Officers

NOTE.—The subscriptions of both multitry and civilina members of the Indian Ord nance Department Provident I and are collected monthly in each and may be sent to the Secretary of the Paud by Remittance Transfer Peccapts in one lump sum for each Ordinance establishment.

(2) For private remittances of Indian officers and men of Indian Corps To the extent of monthly pay and allowances in part payment of the first cheque drawn in each month

174 To Military Officers at par -

- (1) For Purchase of Government Promissory Notes out of funds in trust
- To Military Officers in Military employ in favour of the Controller of the Currency, or the Deputy Controller of the Currency, Bombay, or the Accountant General, Madras.

- (2) Field Centrellers and Field Deluring Officers
- (3) Controller of Army Pactory Accounts
- (4) Controller of Royal Air Porce Accounts
- (5) Controller of Naval Accounts
- (6) Military Accountant General

(b) These officers may also draw Remittance Transfer Receipla at par on any treasury in India for Military Other is serving with an expeditionary force up to the limit of monthly pay and allowances, including staff allowances, provided that, when the means of remittance by total money

No. 97.

Page 97, Article 175, Note-

In lines 2 and 3 for the words "Local Head office of the Imperial Bank of India" substitute "office of the Reserve Bank of India at".

[C A Code, Vol 1, 8th Fdn. (2nd Rep) No 97, dated the 2nd Sept. 1976]

sentative of either but to no other person. If the bill should not have been presented for payment within three months, it will be increarry for the applicant to produce a certificate of non payment from the drawer; the issue of this certificate will, of course, be no har to the payment of the lost bill, if presented before the duplicate is prid

Cancellation and Refund

178 No bill can be cancelled without surrender of the whole set Thus, if a duplicate or a trapleate has been seued, the bill can he cancelled only if the original together with the duplicate (and the 179-1817

triplicate if issued) be surrendered. Consequently no refund can be made on a lost bill, a duplicate must be obtained and payment taken at the treasury drawn on

- 179 (a) All parts being surrendered a bill may be cancelled and its amount refunded at discretion of the Treasury Officer, on the application and receipt of the remitter in the ease of a public service transfer receipt. and of the pages in the ease of a supply bill or private transfer receipt If in either of the latter eases the receipt of the payce ennot be obtained. the remitter's application for emecliation, with explanation of the reasons for his request and of the difficulty in the way of obtaining the payee s signature should be submitted for orders of the Accountant General Although no difficults should be made about enneellation of public service transfer receipts it must be clearly understood that either of the other classes can be cancelled only as an indulgence, and for cause shown No premium which has been levied can be refunded, but if, under any very peculiar circumstances it is thought advisable to cancel a supply bill on which discount has been allowed, the amount of discount must be deducted and no more refunded than the net amount received on the bill
- (b) The special rules applicable to emeellation of a sepoy a remittance receipt are given in Article 184

Norz-If alteration of the name only of the payce is required by the remitter, it will suffice for the drawer to after the name in the bill (initialling the correction) and to advise the drawee

Exchange

180 (a) A Treasury Officer will grant a transfer receipt in exchange for one drawn on him-

if on the public service only if the payer be a public officer and require the receipt to be exchanged for reasons to be stated in his application

if for a private remittance only if the pavees have been removed to the neighbourhood of a treasury different from that originally drawn on

(b) A supply bill cannot be exchanged

Norr -A bill is said to be exchanged when the payee being unable to appear and take payment in cash apples for a new one endersing the original " Received payment by transfer receipt on-

If he can appear and take payment in each his obtaining a new hill with the each

paid on the old one is a matter to be disposed of under ordinary rules

Transfer Receipts to Sepoys and Policemen

181 In the case of sepoys' and policemen's remittances Command ing Officers will forward the Remittance Transfer Receipts to the payces Descriptive rolls of the process duly filled in and signed will at the same time be sent to the Treasury Officers concerned

Note—The Commanding Officer in the case of a poleculu, is the District Superintendent of Polec There is no objection, if such a course is preferred or is required by departmental rules to his sending the Remittince Transfer Receipt to the District Superintendent of Polico of the district in which the payee resides, who will design the course of the course of the course of the district in which the payee resides, who will design the course of the deliver it to the payce after satisfying himself as to his identity

182 The Remittance Transfer Receipts are payable to the parties described in the roll. In cases of doubtful identity payment may be made on security at the discretion of the Trensury Officer.

183 If a school price he unable to attend the treasury but have endorsed the receipt, or in the case of denuse of such payer, the payment may be made to the Adultum of the regiment

184 These Remittance Transfer Receipts, if not presented for payment at the expiration of six months from the date of issue, should be considered as sencelled and if they are presented after that period payment should be refused. Transfer receipts which have thus become uncurrent will be returned by the page to the drawer for the issue of a fresh receipt or for the refund of the amount, as may be required Should such a receipt, whether original or duplicate, be lost in transit report should he made to the local Accountant General, who will decide the ease specially on its ments, snactioning refund to the person indicated if it appears right. When the bill is six months old and therefore yord, there need be no lesitation in permitting refund on production of a non payment certificate from the treasury on which it was drawn

Note -These Remittance Transfer Receipts may also be cancelled as provided for

in Article 179

Annexure A.

[Referred to in Article 169 (1) N.B]

- 1 District Funds, (including District and Local Boards' Funds), Ajmer Merwara Coorg Central Provinces, Burma Assim Bengal, Blar and Orssi United Provinces, Funjab, North West Frontier Province Madras and Rombur
- 2 District Road Fund, Bengal and Bihar and Orissa.
- 3 Pound or Cattle Pound Cess Funds, Ajmer Merwara and Berar
- 4 Dispensary Fund, Ajmer Merwara.
- 5 Jagha Cess Fund, Bernr
- 6 Bazar Cess Fund, Berar
- 7 Steam Boiler Inspection Fund, Bengal and Bombay
- 8 District Chankidan Reward Fund, Assam, Bengal and Bihar and Orissa
- 9 Road Patrol Fund, Bengal, and Bihar and Orissa.
- 10 Village Chaukidari Fund, Bengal, and Bihar and Orissa
- 11 Rural Police Fund of Oudh.
- 12 Irrigation Cess Fund, Madras
- 13 Police Funds
- 14 Imperial Service Local Charges Fund
- 15 Northern India Salt Revenue Badge Fund
- 16 Customs Badge Fund United Provinces
- 17 Jharia and Asansol Mines Board of Health and Jharla Water Roard.
- 18 Ranchi Mental Hospital Board Fund
- 19 Tutiefrin Port Fund.

- 20 Cochin Port Fund.
- 21 Minor Pilotage Fund
- 22 Linding and Shipping Dues Fund
- 23 Deleted
 - 24 Orissa Port Fund
 - 25 Deleted
 - 26 Chankidari Uniform Fund
 - 27 Ranaghat Caratable Dispensary Fund
- 28 Litigation I and Wards and Incumbered Estates Bihar and Orista.
- 29 Bombay Presidency Wir and Relef Fund
- 30 Indian Research Fun! Asso ration
- 31 Mohsin Endowment Funl
- 32 Deleted
- 33 Dispensary Fund Committees in the Central Provinces
- 34 Consolidated Local Funds Mahikantha and Banaskantha
- 35 All local faul dispensions in Pihar and Orissa whose fauls are lodged in a Gover result for subtreasure

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CHAPTER 11-BUDGET

Responsibility Preparation Communication of Sanction

156 165

Exp nditure not provided for Inevitable Payments

Responsibility

185 The responsibility for the preparation of the statement of estimated revenue and expenditure which is laid before the Legislature in each year as well is any supplementary estimates or demands for excess grants hes with the liminer Department The material on which such estimates are based is obtained by that Department from the Departments or local Governments concerned The Accountant General is, however, responsible for rendering such assistance in the preparation of the Budget estimates as may be settled in consultation with the Finance Department and is bound to supply any information in connection with the Budget estimates which le is in a position to furnish and to offer any opinion or advice in connection therewith which may be required by the local Government

Preparation

186 No maute rules can be laid down for the collection of local details and for the estimates of revenue and charge, as each local Gov ernment has power to make such arrangements as may seem to it best . only every head of an office will prepare a complete estimate jucluding " the pay, allowances and the contingent and other charges of his estab lishment , thus the Treasure Officer may not be called on to prepare the estimate for the civil courts and all other offices in the district. nor may the local estimate be for the variable charges only

1 What are called fixed establishments are not irrevocably fixed for all time and should be brought under the formal review of heads of departments from time to time even when there is no thought or intention of making any change in establish nexts it would still seem to be desirable that heads of departments should review the entire estimate of the requirements of their departments. Similarly, sanctions to recurring contingent expenditure should also be brought under the review of heads

of departments from time to time

186 A The statements of details of provision for pay of both officers and establishment and of new items of expenditure, proposed for inclusion in the budget estimates should be prepared in Forms 19 A and 19 B respectively

187 The following are the chief rules for the preparation of the

Budget Estimate -

(a) It should be for what is expected to be actually received or paid (under proper sanction) during the year, including the arrears of past years -not for the demand or the habilities falling due within the year In no case are net receipts or net charges to be entered but the gross transactions in full

(b) For fixed charges such as Pay of Establishment, the detailed estimate should show the full amount of the pay, including increments which is lil ely to he drawn by men on duty during the year Provision for those who are on deputation or absent in other ways and unlikely to return to the strength within the period of the budget should he excluded A lump deduction should then be made where experience shows that a saying may be anticipated for other reasons

(c) The columns of numbers must be earefully checked, the rate of pay should be stated, whenever possible in order to admit of verification with the column of charge. Variations in the columns of numbers as well as in amount should be explained. If they rest on an order of Government, the number and date should be angled.

(d) For all fixed recoveries and fixed payments (other than estah hishment charges) the sanction fixing the amount should be quoted

(e) Opposite every item of fluctuating charge, such as travelling allowances, contingent charges, official postage, and the like, a note in red ink should be made of the actual expenditure of each of the three years last past together with a brief explanation of any abnormal variation, and in all eases where estimates for the coming year differ from those of the preceding year, full explanation must be given

I In the case of contract contingent charges, only the sanctioned amount of the

contract grant should be shown.

2 The estimates of contingent charges should be checked by the controlling officer upon comparison of the expenditure of various offices

(f) The estimate of receipts and varying charges should not be merely an arithmetical average of three years' figures. The average is

a guide, but it should not be taken absolutely

(g) No new charge may be included in the bindget until sanctioned by competent authority, but a note may be made at the end of the bindget (with explanation) of any fresh charge that is expected to be sanctioned and to come in course of payment during the year to which the bindget relates. And under the special sanction of the Head of the Administration concerned (which must be communicated to the Accountant General), provision may be made in the Budget for such fresh charges as are likely to be formally sinctioned and paid during the year to which the Budget relates

Norz —It not unfrequently happens that an establishment or some special allowance is sanctioned for an official year, and the charge for the last renoth of the

year only becomes due when the new year has commenced, and must be taken against the grants of that year provision should he made accordingly

Exception -No proposal for expenditure may be included in a demand for a grant presented to the Legislature without the previous sanction of the Secretary of State in Council or of the Governor General in Council if such sanction is necessary under the rules See also the Audit Resolution

- (h) Every department will provide for the whole receipt and charge with which it deals finally, thus, when the Public Works Department collects irrigation revenue, it will estimate for it
- (1) The charges incurred in England by the High Commissioner and the Secretary of State on behalf of the Government of India are estimated for separately in their respective budgets, but in the Demands for votable grants and Appropriations for non-votable expenditure, provision for Inglish expenditure relating to capital heads is made in the same Demand in which the corresponding Indian expenditure is included. In the case of Revenue heads (1) the expenditure on the purchase of stores for all departments and (2) other payments relating

to the following heads are included in the respective "Subject" or "Area" Demands or Appropriations --

Opum Irrigition Posts and Telegraphs Interest on ordinary debt, Interest on other olligations light houses and Lightships Ecclesiastical, Political, Frontier Watch and Warl Livil Works Territorial and Political pensions, Superannuation allowances and pensions Defence expenditure, Lattractionary payments

The provision for all other revenue expenditure in England is included in two sparate Demands—one under the control of the Secretary of State for India and the other under the control of the High Commissioner for India respectively

Provision for guin or loss by exchange is made separately in the same Demand or Appropriation in which the relevant English expenditure appears Preight charges paid in India and other expenses in connection with stores uncurred at ports or elsewhere, are provided for in the Indian portion of the estimates for the Department concerned

Freeption - Expenditure incurred in England under the following heads my neased on to India through the Rematinee Account the necessary bud, t provision being made in the Indian portion of the estimates (tide Articlo 150 of the Account Code)

(t) Payments on account of Commutation of pensions

(ii) Payments for stores purchased for Government Commercial undertakings and Sterling Overseas Pay of officers employed in these undurtakings (iii) Charges on account of cost of publications purchased in Europa and

(iii) Charges on account of east or publications purchased in Europe a supplied to the Government of India.

Communication of Sanction

188 After the grants have been voted by the Legislature a grant or portion of a grant allotted to each major head of account, together with any sum sanctioned by Government for non votable expenditure under the same major head of account is communicated by the linance Department of the department or the local Government concerned in the shape of lump stms known as primary units of appropriation. The department or the local Government concerned then makes arrange ments for distributing and communicating the sanctioned funds among the controlling and disbursing officers. The Accountint General will render such assistance in the distribution of grants as may be settled in each ease.

' 1 The distribution of grants is usually effected as under -

(s) The whole or part of the appropriation for a primary unit may be placed at the disposal of a controlling or a disburange officer or the primary unit may be broken up into a number of secondary units (each of which will cover either one or a number of detailed heads of account) and the appropriation for any of these wholly or in part, may be placed at his disposal.

(46) A controlling officer at whose duposal an appropriation for a primary or secondary unit has been placed, may out of it allot funds for expenditure on a specific item or on a group of items if so required under the financial rules of the Government.

Nort.—Any distribution of appropriation among specific items or group of items which may be made by a disbursing other for purposes of his control over the expenditure will not be recognised by the Accountant Concret and should not be intunated to the

189 Deleted

Expenditure not provided for

199 Expenditure for which no provision has been made in the budget estimate of the current year should tarely, if ever, be mentred

191 If on account of exceptional reasons expanditure, which is either not provided for in the budget estimates of the entrent year or is in excess of the budget pravision, has to be memorial, and if the inthority memoring the expanditure is not in a position to find funds by reappropriation application should be made for the provision of additional funds accomprimed by a statement in 1 orin 25 showing how the expanditure is proposed to be met. When such an application is sent the reison for considering it indispensibly necessary that the outlaw should be immediately memorial and not postponed to the next financial year should be stated. It should also be explained why the need for the expanditure was not foreseen in time for its inclusion in the budget estimates. It should be home in mind that excesses over the great voted by the Legislature require the sanction of that body

When demands (original or supplementary) for appropriation of the necessary amounts for the expenditure are placed before the Legis lature suitable provision should always be made for anticipated liabilities and the provision in Article 201A of the Account Code that adjustment should not be made in the previous years accounts in certain circumstrances should not be used as a clock to conceal the results of defective budgeting. The owns of proving that the dishursements could not have reasonably been auticipated should be on the Controlling Offices.

distinctly stated whether provision for the proposed charge has or has not been made in the hindget estimates of the year, and if it has not been made whether the funds can be found by reappropriation

Inevitable Payments

193 The want of provision in the estimate does not operate to prevent payment of any sums really due by Government nor the want of sanction to prevent record of any actual payment

104 Mone indispitably parable should never be left impaid and money paid should under no encounstances be left out of the accounts a day longer than is absolutely necessary. It is no economy to post pone mentable paraments and it is very important to ascertain liquidate and record the payment of oll actual obligations at the carbiest possible date.

CHAPTER 12-DEPOSITS

Explanations Limitations Revenue Deposits—Repayments Form of Voucher	195 196 201 202	Clearanco Register
Quarterly Certificate	203	Deposits of tees 217 A

Explanations

195 (a) Deposits proper are classified according to the department through which they are received The usual classes are (1) Revenue Deposits, (2) Civil Court Deposits, and (3) Criminal Court Denosits

Another important class is Personal Deposits , the account Lept of them in the treasury is of the nature of a banking deposit account

- Other classes may be added under the order of the Accountant General Separate registers should always be maintained under the instructions of the Accountant General for deposits which when they lapse will be creditable to Central Revenues
- 1 In provinces where all branches of the civil administration, revenue criminal and evil are under the same others, the system may be ndopted of including all deposits of the distinct and subordinate courts in one register as retenue deposits, or the Treasury Others may be directed to receive and keep accounts of all such deposits in exactly the same way as revenue deposits, but in separate registers and returns under the designation of "Curl Courts and Magistrates' deposits"
- (b) The following rulings regarding classification are to be observed -
 - (1) Revenue Deposits -(1) Tarnest money Deposits made by intend-No 83.

Page 105. Article 195-

Delete clause (b) (1) (2) of this Article.

[C A. Code, Vol I, 8th Edn (2nd Rep), No 63, dated lat August 1935]

- (2) At stations where tuere is no aranen of the imperial Bank of India, an officer commanding a regiment of Bengal Cavalry may, when the eash in his regimental chest reaches a large amount, lodge a part of it as an ordinary deposit in the treasury it should be shown as a revenue denosit
- (11) Personal Deposits -(1) Receipts and payments on account of wards' and attached estates and estates under Government manage ment are recorded in the treasury in personal ledgers
- (2) Personal ledger accounts for regimental funds may be opened in civil treasuries by officers commanding regiments of cavalry and infantry and batteries and companies of nrtillery and by Assistant Surgeons, Army Bearer Corps They should be opened in the name of

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the commanding officers or Assistant Surgeons as the case may be, and

do not require the special permission of the Auditor General in each case A half yearly certificate of the balances of these accounts may he furnished by Treasury Officers on the application of the Officer Commanding

(3) Other Personal Deposits made by Government servants in their official capacity may not be accepted without the special permission of the Auditor General for the opening of a banking account with the ticasury

Limitations

- 196 Save as provided in clause (b) (1) of Article 195 in respect of the Military Department, these rules do not apply to departments which are not under the audit control of the local Accountant General Whatever sums are paid into a treasury by officers of these departments, or on their account, must be carried to the credit of the department concerned in the Civil accounts
- 197 It is the business of the Treasury Officer to see that no item is credited as a deposit save under formal order of competent authority and also, if the amount could be credited to some known head in the Government account, to make representations to the court or authority ordering its acceptance. No sums are to be credited in any deposit register which can be carried to any other head of account. for example, revenue paid to Government on account of a demand not yet due should at once be finally carried to the proper Budget bead, and may not be placed in deposit

Norr-Covernment Promissory Notes or other scennty deposits (not being eash) received from revenue farmers or other contractors are not revenue, and must on no recount be credited as revenue.

- 198 The treatment of the following items as deposits is pro ubited --
- (a) No pay, pension, or other allowance should be placed in deposit on the ground of the absence of the payee or for any other reason , in a district office pay should not be drawn till the claimant appears
- 1 This prohibition does not extend to the balance of the cheque for payment of Indian military pensioners.
- 2 Wien a pension is granted to several persons jointly, it may not be drawn on the appearance of one claimant only, and payment of his reputed share made, the balance being placed in deposit
- (b) No fines should be placed in deposit on the ground that appeal is pending , they should be credited at once to Government and refund ed, if necessiry, on order of the appellate court But compensation fines (including costs in criminal cases) due to an injured party, and not to Government, should be kept in deposit both in appealable and non appealable cases, till they lapse under the ordinary rule
- (c) Refunds, whether of stamp or of other receipts, can be drawn only on the appearance and on the receipt of the person entitled to them after production of duo anthority, on no account may they be

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charged on the receipt of an official and lodged in deposit pending demand

Norz 1 -The following rules have been laid down for the payment of refunds of revenue eredited (other than Income tax) ar amounts deposited in cases where the amount involved does not exceed R100 -

- (1) On receipt of a refund order passed by the Collector or other officer concerned the Treasury Officer may at his discretion issue a natice (a) inviting the person to whom the refund is to be made to receive payment at the treasury, and (b) intimating that on failure to comply with the invitation within one month (or such tonger per of as may appear necessary) the amount of the refund will be remitted to the payed by postat money nrder at his expense
 - (2) When the payeo appears in person at the treasury, the Treasury Officer should see that no avaidable delay needs in getting the vaucher for the refund signed by the pavee who may then receive the pavenum personally or by a duty authorised agent or by money order at his own стрепзе
- (3) When a money order is issued under clause (b) of the notice referred to in Rule 1 the purpose of the remittance should be briefly stated by the Treasury Officer on the acknowledgment portion of the money order form in continuation of the printed entry there "Received the sum specified above on-," sufficient space being teft below the manuscript entry thus made for the signature or thumb impression of the payer. The amount of the money order should not be remitted in each to the Post Office, but the Treesury Officer should send a money order form duly filled in together with a certificate that the amount of the order and the money order fee thereon have been credited to the Post Office at the treasury accounts by per contra trunsfer The Post Office may be the contra trunsfer The Post Office with the contract trunsfer The Post Office with the contract trunsfer the contract trunsfer the contract trunsfer trunsfer the contract trunsfer tru accept the meacy orders on the authority of the Treasury Officer's eertificate.
 - (4) On receipt of the money order acknowledgment daty signed by the parce, it should be attached to the usual receipt in Form 17 or 27, as the care may be, in which the futt amount of the refund and the deduction made therefrom on account of the money order fee should be clearly shown; the receipt will then be disposed of in the usuat way. The Account Department will accept such voucher with the money order neknowledgement as a valid receipt for the full amount of the refund entered therein

Note 2 -The rules regarding refunds of Income tax nee given in Appendix 2

- 199 (a) The net sale proceeds of impounded eattle are to be kept in deposit for three months, and if no claim be made within that time. are to be credited to the proper account.
- (b) The sale proceeds of unclaimed property are not to be placed in deposit at all, under Act V of 1861, section 26, the property itself is to be kept for six months, but money realized by sale is at once (seetion 27) at the disposal of Government, and should be taken to credit of Administration of Justice Exception must, however, be made in the ease of property left by persons dying intestate and without heirs. which civil courts will secure and hold for certain periods in accordance with the local law
- 1 If unclaimed property he perishable and be sold because it cannot be kent or if it be sold for the benefit of the owner or because its value is less than ten rupees, its proceeds should be held for six munths in deposit, but the circumstances abould be clearly stated under " Nature of deposit ".

- 2 Money belonging to prisoners in jail should not be held for long terms by the Jail Department, but should be paid into the treasury at convenient intervals.
- 3 The Police Department should have no deposits except security and carnest money deposits, which should be paid into the treasury as Revenue Deposits; un claimed property found by, or delivered up to, a police officer should be made over to the magistrate; proceeds of sales of old stores or other Government property should be paid into the treasury for credit to Government, no pay, reward, or other allowance payable to a police officer should be held undisbursed
- 200 Money tendered as personal deposits by private individuals or by Government servants acting in other than their official capacity, and funds of quasi public institutions even though, like certain dis pensaries, they are aided by Government, may not be accepted for deposit in a treasury without the special sanction of the local Government. Nor can any jewels or other property received for custody and restoration in kind be brought on the deposit register, though the value be stated in money.

Note -A single exception is made in a case where o district officer has to receive from an Indian State a sum of money to be paid out to certain claimants; if, the money is paid in coin of a native mint, it may be credited in the deposit register at its reputed value , repayments, which will be in the same coin, being of course charged at the same value

Revenue Deposits-Repayments

- 201 (a) A person claiming refund of a deposit must produce an order of the court or authority which ordered acceptance of the deposit , this order the Treasury Officer will compare with the entry in the register of receipts, and, if the balance be sufficient, he will take the payce's receipt, make payment, and record it at once, under his initials both in the register of repayments, Form 26, from which a daily total is carried to the cash book and in that of receipts, noting in both also the date and amount of the repsyment. If there he not a sufficient balance at credit of the particular item, the Treasury Officer will endorse this fact on the order and return it to the person presenting it
- (b) Carnest Money Deposits of the Civil and Military Departments will be refunded only under the authority of an order endorsed upon the original deposit receipt of the Treasury Officer, by the departmental officer in whose favour the deposit was made. It must be borne in mind that no part payment can ever be made If, however, the departmental officer desires that the deposit, instead of being refunded, be carried to the credit of Government, he will return the receipt with this direction, whereupon the Treasury Officer will make the necessary transfer on the authority of this voucher

Norr - When, at a treasury which banks with a branch bank, a deposit is repaid by an order on the bank, the entry in the register of receipts will be made when the order is issued and that in the register of repayments when the repayment is reported in the daily bank sheet

Form of Voucher

202 In order to avoid the inconvenience and risk which accompany the payment of money upon proceedings recorded in the vernacular languages, and to ensure caution in the issue of such orders, the Government has directed that every order issued by a court or office for the

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payment of money from a Government treasury shall be in English, unless the presiding officer is innequanted with that language. If the disbursing officer does not understand English, and the officer ordering the payment does, the order for payment shall be both in the vernacular and in English.

Norz-Form 27 has been prescribed for the repayment order and voucher for

deposits repaid.

Quarterly Certificate

203 At the end of every quarter a certificate must be recorded on the extract register of receipts by every district officer not in personal charge of the treasury or by a gazetted officer of the district staff (not being the Treasury Officer) selected by the district officer for the pur pose, that be has personally carefully examined the register, and that the entries are made with the utmost care and regularity

Nort -This examination is not intended to be mechanical, and to secure only that all necessary cutries are made and initialled without fail at it it lime of its transcrip, but also that no moneys are unnecessarily placed in deposit, or allowed to remaile there without rood cause

Clearance Register

204 In April coch year the Treasury Officer should examine the Receipt Register of the second preceding year, and transfer to a Cleiu inco Register in Form 28 with sintable change in the herdings oil the outstonding balonces which are not reported for lapse under Article 200 To this Cleoronce Register should also be transferred any items in the last preceding Cleorance Register but one that are for special reasons not allowed to lopse to Government under Article 208 while the bulk of the outstandings in it so lopse. It should then be submitted to the Account Office with a view to reparaments during the next two years being recorded on it in the columns provided for the purpose

Old items thus transferred from one Clemanee Register to a second one should be excefully watched by the district officer and must in the ordinary course lapse at the end of the two years for which the latter is entrent. They cannot be allowed to be earned forward to a third Clemanee Register without the special smetion of the Account and General. In the district offices the repriment of items entered in a Clearance Register submitted to the Account Office should continue to be recorded in the original Receipt Registers. It is not intended that Clearunce Registers should be used in district offices.

205 A certificate from the administrator of every personal ledger account (to the effect that the balance elained by him is of a named amount and detailing his outstanding cleances in order to explain the difference between his balance and that admitted by the Treasury Officer in his plus and minus memorandum) should be transmitted along with the Clearance Registers for other classes of deposits

Lapses-Annual Account

206 Deposits not exceeding one rupee unclaimed for one whole account year, balances not exceeding one rupee of deposits partly repaid during the year then closing, and all balances unclaimed for mora than

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three complete account years will, at the close of March in each year, be credited to Government by means of transfer entries in the Accountant General's Office Of deposits or balances thus lapsing, the Treasury Officer must submit to the Accountant General, immediately after 31st March, a list in Form 29

NOTE 1—Early in March the registers of deposits should be taken up, and an extract made on rived paper of those of each class which would in ordinary course whether from age or pettiners, lapse at the end of the mouth This 1 st should then be renered by the district officer and any item which in its opinion should not be so dealt with should be struck out and at the same time (if it be an item lapsing from age) entered on the first page of the Glearine Pegisters for the class, full debal of the regions why it is not to 1 Glearine Pegisters for the task, full debal of the regions why it is not not not given in covering memoriandum. Similarly, if now item is regard in the course of the mouth it alould be truck out of this list at the same as the payment is set in it in the registers of receipt and reprision. Of the 33st March each of these lasts should be aroun else-led with the register of receipts wherein its items should be marked off as having lapsed and been credited on 31st Varch and the total of the list should be deducted in the plus and rinus intermendant from balance shown at credit of the principal reliased deposits the list itself, signed by the district officer being forwarded to the Accounting General Tlis duty may be delegated by the district officer to a gazetted officer of the district staff, not being the Treasury Officer.

NOTE 2.—In prepring the lipsed statement the items should be enterel in chromological order, and separate totals should be given for deposits relating to different years

NOTE 3—In cases in which the lapsed deposits are ereditable to provincial recurses the Provincial Governments may raise the limit of one rupeo laid down in this Article to any amount not exceeding rupees fire.

Norm 4 —The Government of India have raised the limit of one rapes prescribed in this article to rupees five for the Central Deposits of the Customs, Salt and Navy Departments

NOTE 5—The rule in this article, requiring that ull deposits and halances of deposits not exceeding one rupee remaining unclaimed for one whole account year should be credited to Gorerment at the close of each year, is not binding in respect of the deposits of the Courts of Small Causes in the Bombay Presidency In that Presidency all deposits paid into such courts irrespective of amount, are creditable to Government as lapsed only after the completion of three account verts

207 Deposits credited to Government under Article 206 cannot be repuld without the sanction of the Accountrat General but this synction will be given as a matter of course on ascertaining that the item was really received was carried to credit as lapsed and is now claimed by the person who might have drawn it any time before the lapse. The amount of a lapsed deposit refunded will however, be charged in the cash book as a refund and not debited to deposits. But the payment of the deposit should be recorded in the district register of receipts so as to guard against a second repayment.

Norm—As District Registers of Receipts are destroyed after varyin' intervals in different provinces the entry of repayments in those registers will not be possibly if the reprivaments are made after the registers have been destroyed. The rule in the last sentence of the above article is therefore inoperature in such cases.

An neither the Treasur nor the Audit Officer has any means of verifying a claimant's title to a refund in such cases the responsibility for such verification will devolve on the authority who sizes the application for refund in Form No 30.

[208—212

208 The application for smetion will be made in Form 30. There must be a separate application for deposits replyable to each person, and it will be used as the vancher on which the priment is to be mide and submitted to the Accountant General with the Last of Payments in which it is charged

Civil and Criminal Courts' Deposits

- 209 (a) There are two methods in which the accounts of civil court and of criminal court deposits may be kept
- (b) In the first of these, each deposit is separately paid into and darm from the treasury, upon documents passed by the presiding officer and setting forth the particulars necessary for the entries in the receipt register. In this case the registers of receipt and repayment are lept and the monthly and annual returns and lapsed lists submitted by the Treasury Officer in the manner above preseribed for revenue deposits although the sets of registers and returns must all be kept separate from those of the revenue deposits. For these no further instructions are necessary

Norz—This method is not desirable if the judge or magistrate is a separate officer from the district officer and has to keep a separate set of deposit accounts for his own purposes

210 According to the other method, the civil courts and magistrates merely hank with the treasure, remitting without defini their gross deposit receipts for credit in a personal ledger and misking repayments by cheques on the treasure which are taken to debit of the same personal account. These personal ledgers and the corresponding accounts and returns must be kept by Treasure Officers in the form prescribed for personal deposits but quite separate from those of personal deposits proper, and they will be designated as civil court or eriminal court deposits

Note -The Treasury Officer, in sending as his vouchers the paid orders of the civil court should attach them to a covering list showing the number and amount of

- 211 The object and effect of this arrangement is simply to relieve the Treasury Officers of responsibility for the defails of the deposit from actions not to abolish detailed record but to confine it to the depart mental office in which registers of receipts and payments must be left up in the same form and be worked on the same principle as above presembed for the Treasury Officer's accounts of revenue deposits. The evil control of a payment of the monthly detailed returns despatched to the Accountant General (although the vouchers are sent by the Treasury Officer) for the quarterly certificate, and for the Clearance Registers and statement of lapses,—vide Articles 203 to 207
- 212 The civil court or magistrate will incorporate with his own accounts and returns the deposit items of his subordinate courts as a Freasure Officer does those of subordinate treasures It may, however, be arranged that some subordinate courts should keep independent

accounts and submit their returns direct to the Accountant General

Separate accounts will, of course, be kept for, and separate returns submitted by, the several Small Cause Courts Note 1-Each transaction of receipt or payment of a civil and criminal court

deposit must be initialled by-

- (a) the Judge or Magistrate, or
- (b) in the case of a High or Chief Court or a Judicial Commissioner's Court, by any gazetted officer of the Court . (c) in the case of a Small Cause Court, unless otherwise ordered by the local
- Government by a Registrar appointed under section 13 of the Presidency Small Cruse Courle Act, 1882 (AV of 1882), or under section 12 of the Provincial Small Cause Courts Act, 1887 (I of 1857)

Note 2-The plus and minus memoran lum of the balance of the deposits should be stated by the Judge or Magistrato upon the register of receipt transmitted to the Accountant General.

- 213 In civil courts where numerous petty sums are received from suitors for immediate disbursement in full (as for diet, postage etc.), the detailed control might, with the approbation of the chief judicial authorities be left with the receiving court
- 1 The receiving court however, should record and deal with these petty deposits will the same care and formulaty as others. It should enter all in defaul in a rejuster of deposit recents of the ordinary form habelled. "Sheriff"s petty accounts," and reprinted mould be recorded in the similar separate register of reprint, both to repriment notify to be received in the solution required reprise of reprimer both be lamified and intested like the general register. From these two separate registers duly totals would be carried into the general register (though, of cours, without numbers) and rise out or register of the personal ledger form in which a faily behance would be struck monthly totals of receipts and of payments on Sheriff's pitty accounts would be noted on the extracts from the general registers submitted to the Accountant General, and lanses perio healty reported
- 2 The detailed instructions regarding these petty deposits would be prescribel, whenever the system was permitted, by the chief judicial authority and the Accountant General in communication

Agreement with Treasury.

- 214 When the different civil courts of a district bank with the civil treasury, the Treasury Officer may, if it facilitates the comparison of the accounts, open a personal ledger account for each court, even though the deposit transactions of the subordinate courts be brought by a superior court in detail on its own registers
- 215 (a) To prevent disagreement between the deposit figures reported to the Accountant General by envil courts and by Treasury Officers, it is necessary to arrange that the former shall report only completed transactions A civil court does not usually receive money, but gives the intending depositor an order to the Treasury Officer to accept it , and so, though recording the issue of this order in a court register with sufficient detail, it will not bring the item on the deposit register till the Treasury Officer advises receipt Similarly it will ascertain from the treasury at the close of the month which of its payment warrants have been eashed, and detail at foot of its extract register of repayments the warrants which are unpaid deducting their total from the total of the extract

Г216-217 A

(b) The Treasury Officer will formsh the court with a duly advice list

of the sums received and paid or advise the receipts and payments in a page bool as may be laid down by the Accountant General 1 When It is inconvenient for a depositor to proceed to the treasury with the

our so der to hole his deposit it may be received by the court, and ly it after wards forwarded to the treasury of the treasury sould make remitteness only, if at a greater distince, they slow frequently at fixed laterals. Similarly, when it is inconvenient for a claimit for proceed to the treasury should make remitteness only, when it is inconvenient for a claimit to proceed to the treasury there to obtain or prayment of a deposit to all gio may pry him in each provided that there are in the court funds sufficient whether of extrent deposit receipts or of the office permanent advance.

2 In these cases however, the gross receipts and payments taking place at the court must be shown as remitted to and from the treasury, and the payment bo sup-ported by the paid orders. If the receipts are in excess of the payments the ex-eswill be remitted in eash to the treasury, and if the payments are in excess of the receipts the treasury will pay the excess to the court, which will thus recoup the

permanent advance necount.

3 No permanent advance should be given and held apart specially for the repay ment of deposits. the office permanent idvance may be augmented sufficiently

216 When the list of lapses is made up by the Judge or Magistrate notice of the amount must be sent to the Treasury Officer to enable him to deduct the amount in the personal ledger

Personal Deposits-Repayments

217 Withdrawals are made only on cheques signed by the respon sible administrator which are current for three months from the data of issue

Deposits of Fees

- 217 A. The following are the rules for accounting for fees received by Government servants for work done for private bodies -
 - (4) In cases where a Government servant is permitted to return the whole of a fee be should collect it himself and the Government accounts will not be concerned with the transaction
 - (11) In cases where recoveries from the private bodies are divisible between the Government and the Government servant concerned -
 - (a) All the fees must in the first instance be paid into the treasury to the credit of Government (as far as possible by the bodies paying the fee) and the amounts due to the Government servants concerned must be drawn on regular bills
 - (b) If the exact amount of the fees and the distribution of shares between Government and the Government servallt are I nown beforehand the share due to Government should be credited as revenue of the Department to which the Government servant belongs and the rest should go to the deposit head " Deposits of fees received by Govern ment servants for work done for private bodies" under

- "Civil Deposits" for disbursement to the Government servant on a regular bill.
- (c) If the amount of the fees or the shares are known only approximately beforehand, the recoveries should be credited to the head "Deposits of fees received by Government servants for work done for private bodies", pending final settlement, when the recoveries should be disposed of as in (b) above

Note—These rules are intended to be applied to case in which the whole or a such as 1 yields to the Government servant doing work for private bodies or persons. They are not appliently to cases, eg free levied for curitima work in departments where it is in existence, where a Government servant undert kee work as a part of his official dates although, in view of the extra work module and in consideration of the fees realised, he is numerated by a share out of these receipts in such cases the fees realised are adjustible as departmental receipts and the disbursements to the Government servant as departmental expenditure under Alborances, Honoraran, etc.

Νo.

Pages 113 114, Article 217 A-

Add the following as clause (111)

(iii) The Government servant he Head of Office on behalf of a Nor amount due to him on a bill specify the payment of fees and forward through the Treasury Officer concludes of the credit in the Treasury will, after vertying the credits, auth bill to the Treasury Officer who will head—see Clause (ii) (b) above

In the cases referred to in clause General will, when returning the bill, a the State share of the fee to Govern of the department to which the Gove

(C A Code, Vol. I., 8th Edu. (2nd Rep)]

CHAPTER 13-LOCAL FUNDS

Explanation Rece pts and Payments Verification of Balances

Cantonment I un le 218 Muccllaneous 222

223 223 A

Explanation

218 The expression "Local Fund" denotes-

(1) revenues odministered by bodies which by law or rule having the force of law come under the control of Government. whether in regard to the proceedings generally, or to specific matters such as the sanctioning of their budge's, sanction to the creation or filling up of particular oppointments the enactment of leave, pension or similar rules ,

(2) the revenues of any body which may be specially notified by sucral in Council as such

ands are not included in the public

Page 115, Chapter 13, Article 218-

Delete the Note below this Artici

[C A Code Vol I Sth I da (nd Rop)

ment may, with the sanction of the

their funds in avernment

secount money being paid in and drawn out nature of receipt or expenditure

I This rule does not apply if the charges of any special orders drawn from the treasury on detailed bills in nil be larged by the Treasury Officer in the accounts the income tax fund subser pt on, etc., being credited by transfer

220 A No Local Fund is ollowed to overdraw th credit, without obtaining beforehand a loan or contributa overdraft either from the local Government or the Govern

221 Service stamps may not be used by a Local Fund of r or ony Government officer acting in a capacity connected with a Local l'und such as President or Secretary of a Local Fund Committee but service labels may be used on the correspondence of a public officer acting us such even though the correspondence may relate to the affairs of o Local Fund

1 Telegraphic messages the charges for which are to be borne by Local Funds. should be classed as Private and not as State.

Verification of Balances

222 The balances of credit of each fond ore verified at the end of the year by the Treasury Officer in communication with the Accountant General on the one side, and the officer or committee administering the fund on the other. The halance on the Accountant General's hooks is the balance acl nowledged by the Government, and the Treasury Officer is required to follow it, and not the local accounts, as his standard

Cantonment Funds

223 The transactions of Cantonment Funds are accounted for in the same way as those of other Local Funds and an annual consolidated account, in duplicate, is submitted by the cantonment authorities to the Examiner or Inspector of Local Fund Accounts

Miscellaneous

- 223 A Unless any of the following arrangements has been authorised by the Government a Local Fund is required to pay in advance the estimated amount of charges to be incurred or cost of services to be rendered by Government on account of the Fund
 - (a) Payments as made by Government may be charged to the brlances of the deposits of the Local Fund in Government books
 - (b) Recovery from the Local Fund may be postponed till the time when Government has to make payment for the charges.
 - (c) Payments may be made as advances from Government funds in the first instance, pending recovery from the Local Fund

Note —In some provinces Local Funds have to pay for medicines supplied and their live list, can not be accurately known till the account of supplies has been received from the Military Department. In cases where such account as not likely to be received by Slat March the Local Fund is required to pay during March the sum roughly estimated as the value of the medicines. Any over recovery will be re-adjusted in the new year.

. . .

CHAPTER 14-POWERS OF SANCTION.

Classification of Charges		224	Date of Filect of Sanction .	232
Powers of Sanction to Lxpenditure		225	Lapse of Sanction	233
Write off of Losses	٠	227	Additional Grants and Reappro	
Remission of Disallowances .		228	priations	234
Communication of Sanctions .	٠	229	Excesses over Grants	233

Classification of Charges

224 Service payments on Government account are divided into three classes—Central, Provincial reserved and Provincial transferred. The Devolution Rules and Schedules attached thereto show how this division is made.

Powers of Sanction to Expenditure

225 All the most important general rules on the subject of finnicial powers in respect of expenditure from Central Revenues, exercised by the Secretary of State, the Government of India, the Provincial Government acting as agents of the Central Government, the minor local Governments, the Departments of Government of India and other authorities are contained in the Book of Fiannicial Powers issued by the Government of India, and the delegations made under these rules to lower authorities are incorporated in the Manuals of the Accountants General concerned

226 Deleted

Write off of Losses

227 (a) The Imanee Department of a provincial Government acting as an agent of the Central Government has power to write off finally the irrecoverable value of stores or public mone; lost by fraud or the negligence of the individuals or other causes, but must report such losses to the Government of India when the loss exceeds Rs 10,000. It may also delegate to Heads of Departments or other subordinate authorites the power to write off losses under this rule provided that (1) the amount of the write off in any individual case shall not exceed such maximum limit or limits, not higher than Rs 1,000, as the Provincial Government may prescribe for each such subordinate authority, and (2) the loss does not disclose (1) a defect of system the amendment of which requires the orders of higher authority or (1) serious negligence on the part of some individual officer or officers which might possibly call for disciplinary action requiring the orders of higher authority.

Norm—This rule does not apply to losses of cash in treasures whether in the course of reintance or out of treasure balance small coin depot, or currency clear Individual cross of such losses should be reported to the Government of India and their specific approval obtained before any ten of 10ss is written off to Central Bereaues (b) A Department of the Government of India has power to write off

finally the irrecoverable value of stores or public money lost by fraud, etc., up to a maximum limit of R10,000 in any individual case. It may also delegate to minor local Governments and Heads of Depirtments or te off losses under this rule

No. 17.

tags the powers of a

Page 117, Article 227, Exception 1-

Delete "a" at the ead of the word "exercises" and add the 1, ag words after "Baluchistan".--

" and in Political Agencies in the N.-W F. P., His Excellency the Governor of the N.-W. F. P. (acting as Agent to the Governor General)." C A Code, Vol I, 8th Eda (2nd Rep.), No 17, duted ist April 1935 Execution 2.—The Auditor General in India may sanction the writing off Aprilly of irrecoverable advances and of the irrecoverable value of stores or public money lost by friend or the negligence of individuals or other causes up to a limit of Rs 5,000 in

Execution 3—The Chief Engineer, Central Public Works Department, may finrespect of works other than provincial works in the Delin Province) senction the final writing off of the irrecoverable value of stores up to a limit of Rs 5000, of the loss of public money by fraud etc, up to a limit of Rs 1000 and of the losses of revenue and irrecoverable advances up to a limit of Rs 250 subject, in each case to the restrictions imposed by claim 6 (a) of this article

NOTE 1 -This rule does not upply to the Army and Railway Departments of the Government of India whose powers in this matter are regulated by separato orders

Note 2—Subject to provide (2) in clause (a) of this Article, the powers under Article 207 (b) have been delegated to the Central Board of Revenue to write off shally precoverable value of stores or public money lost by fraud, etc., up to a maximum thant of Rs 25000 in any individual case

- (c) Officers of the Income tax Department have power to write off irrecoverable balances of income tax demands as shown below
 - 1. Commissioners of Income fax
 - 2. Assistant Commissioners of Incometax. Bombay and Calcutta Cities
 - 3 Other Assistant Commissioners of Income tax
 - 4 Income tax Officers

Unlimited powers

Power to write off sums not exceeding Rs 1.000 meach case

Power to write off sums not exceeding

Power to write off sums not exceeding Rs 50 in each ease if empowered to do sn by the Commissioner of Income tax.

Note -- The abovementioned powers of the Commissioners of Income-tax in regard to the write off of irrecoverable demands of meme tax, are not shared by the Central Board of Persune of the Government of India.

(d) All sanctions to writes off under this article excepting those falling under clause (c) should be communicated to the Accountant General who will scrutings in each case and bring to notice any defect of system which appears to reduire attention

Norm I —This Article applies also to losses of revenue and irrecoverable advances, but Productal Governments acting as agents of the Central Government are authorized to write off advances made from Central Revenue up to a limit of Rs 500, inclusive of principal and interest, in each individual case and all cases of writes off of such advances beyond this amount whether irrecoverable or not, should be submitted to the Government of lada for sanction. Remissions of irrecoverable advances to cultivators are governed by Article 151

NOTE 2 -- Provincial Governments may re-delegate to Heads of Departments and Commissioners of drissons the power to write off advances made from Central Revenues subject to a limit of \$100 and the conditions precised in clause (a)

NOTE 2.—The hunts laid down in Notes 1 and 2 above are applicable only the defances the write off of which is debathen to Central Revenues They do not apply to cases of write off the incidence of which is accepted by the local Government as a Promiscal clarge

Nore 4,-Deleted

Note 5 -The expression "value of stores" interpreted as meaning "book value" where pri "replacement value" in other cases.

in this Article should be ure maintained, and

Remission of Disallowances

228 The Covernor General in Council may waive the recovery of an amount placed under objection, but it is open to the Auditor Geograf or an Accountant Ceneral to require that the action taken in any case shall be reported as soon as possible, to the Committee on Public Accounts

*1 A Department of the

Government of India.

No 55

Page 119, Article 228, Rule 1-

(a) At the end of condition (i) in this rule substitute a senic colon for the

full stop (42)

(C A Code, lol I 8th Edn (2nd Rep.) As we dated the let July 1035] for the word Its

- our is not in receipt of pay exceeding Rs 12 000 a year or, in the case of others the overdrawal has not the effect of raising the Government servant's pay beyond Rs 12,000 in any year , and

(ii) the everdrawal has not been occasioned by delay in notifying a promotion or reversion.

These powers may be exercised by the officers noted below provided that the yearly pay limit referred to in clause 2 (i) above does not exceed Rs 1,500 in may individual case --

No 82

Page 119_

Read "Article 228" for "Article 221" in the Correction Slip No 41, dated the 1st Jone 1935

(C. A Code, Vol I 8th Fin (2nd Rep.) No 82 dated the 2nd September 193.)

e 119, Article 228, Rule I-

Insert the following after the entry " The Agent to the Governor General, erefor about jab States" in the second sub paragraph of this rule -

"The Chief Commissioner, Delhi"

of an order

[C A Code Vel I, 8th Pds (2nd Rep.) No 37 dated "le lat May 11% of to accord that sanction — in the authority is the local Government of a Governor's province whether such a sanction should be commonicated through the Finance Department of the Government is to be determined by the rules of business of the local Government

Nort.-The functions of the Finance Department in Covernors' provinces are defined in the Devolution Rules. L2AGG

- 230 (a) The powers of the Government of India which are not delegated to any Department of that Government vest in the Finance Department of that Government and orders resuled under such powers are communicated to the Audit Department by the Finance Department If an order sometioning expenditure be sent to the Accountant General direction a Department and that Department is not empowered to sinction the Evipenditure the Accountant General will not refuse obedience but will report to the Finance Department of the Government of India that such an order has been issued and request that it may be communicated to him by the Finance Department in ordinary course
- (b) Orders issued by Departments of the Government of India in the exercise of their own powers of sanction are sent direct to the Audit Department without communication to the Finance Department 1 / 1/2.
- (c) If any orders have been issued by any Department of the Government of India with the concurrence of the Auditor General it will be incutioned in the endorsement to the Accountint General that the orders have been issued with the concurrence of the Auditor General

Note —Indersements communicating financial cancilous of the Government of India to Audit and Account Officers under clause (a)-of this Article may be a gred by any officer of the Finance Department including—

(i) the Financial Commissioner Railways and his officers in relation to same tions given by the Railway Department, in matters pertaining to Railways

(4) the Financial Adriser Military Finance and his officers in respect of sanctions given by the Army Department in malities pertain no to the Army, Nary and A - 7 to and concerning military estimates and

psis and Telegraphs in relation to sanct ons of Industries and Labour in matters pertaining felegraphs and Indian Stores Departients

bdr conveying sanction to the grant of its and compensatory allowance should y of the reasons for the grant of the ffice to see that it is correctly classified

pensatory allowance as the case may be In case, in anchi an so real record in an open letter is considered undesirable the reasons for the grant of such additions to pay should be communicated confidentially to the Audit Officer. A similar procedure should also be followed in all other cases in which the rules require that reasons for the grant of special concessions or allowances should be recorded.

231 Sanctions accorded by the Government of India and the Provin cuil Governments to grants of India and alienations of land recuiue other than those in which assignments of land revelue are treated as easy pay ments should be communicated to the audit officer in a consolidated monthly return giving the details necessary for enabling the audit offices to audit the sanctions accorded

231 A When proposals for a new grunt in aid are placed b tore the Central Standing Finance Committee, details are required to be furnished showing the purpose of the grant and the exact nature of the conditions on which it is proposed to male it. As it is the duity of Audit to compare such purpose and conditions with those enumerated by the Government of Iudia in their subsequent orders of sanction mudit officers should be supplied, when the sanction is conveyed to them under Articles 229 and 230, with relevant extracts from the Proceedings of the Committee

Note 1 -These orders are not applicable to grants in aid sanctioned before the

11th August 1926

NOTE 2 - The procedure indicated above should be followed whenever possible, in the case of expenditure on provincial subjects

Date of Effect of Sanction

232 Statutory Rules made by the Secretary of State in Council have effect from the date on which they are passed and executive orders saved by the Secretary of State tale effect from the date of issue of the despatch letter or telegrant in which the sanction is conveyed

A sanction of the Government of India or a sanction relating to central subjects of a local Government or other authority has effect from the date of the orders conveying the sanction

In all cases these rules are subject to my special provisions as to the date of effect in the rules orders or sanctions themselves

Lapse of Sanction

233 A sanction for any fresh charge which has not been acted on for a year must be held to have lapsed unless it is specifically renewed

Note.—This urticle does not upply to n case where un allowance sanctioned for an appointment or a class of officers has not been drawn by a particular incumbent of the appointment or a particular set of officers nor does at opply to addit ons made gradually from year to year to a permanent establishment under u general scheme which has been sanctioned by proper authority

233-A A sanction accorded by the Secretary of State, in the absence of any indication to the contrary in the order itself, will lapse only if and when it is superseded by nn order of later date

Additional Grants and Reappropriations

- 234 (a) An excess over a grant voted by n legislature requires the vote of that legislature.
- (b) Reappropriations within a grant voted by a ligislature are regulated.
 - atea—

 (1) in the case of provincial expenditure, by the Provisions in
 the Devolution Rules and the delegations made thereunder.
 - and
 (2) in the case of central expenditure, by the rules made by the
 - Governor General in Council

Excesses over Grants

235 In the case of non voted expenditure the sanction required for excess over a grant provided in the Budget will, in the case of Governors' provinces, be determined by the provisions of the Devolution Rules, while in the case of provincial expenditure in Burma and of central expenditure the powers of sanction will be determined by the orders of the authority fruig the grant.

CHAPTER 15-SERVICE AND OTHER FUNDS

General Rules [National Health Insurance Con-Provident Funds . 247 tributions Indian Civil Service Family Pen-Unemployment Insurance Stamps . 259 aton Ru'es 248 Widows', Orphans' and Old Age Superior Service (India) Family Pensions Contributions Pension Fund 251-A Voluntary Insurance under the Na-Bombay Family Pension Fund of tional Health Insurance and Governmen Servants 252 Widows', Orphans' and Old Age General Family Pension Fund, Hindu Family Annuity Fund Contributory Pensions Acts 259 DD and Bengal Christian Family Pen 10n Fund . . 254

General Rules

236 Subscriptions to a Service or Provident Fund of Government can be received from such Government servants as are either required or permitted by the rules of the Fund to subscribe to it, the recoveries being made ordinarily by deduction from pay bills

- 1 This rule applies also in Service Funds for Vilitary Officers, e.g. the Indian Military Service Family Pension Regulations and the Queen's Vilitary Widows Fund
- 237 Subscriptions to the other funds named below may be received only under the special instructions of the authorities of the Fund received through the Accountant General

Postal Insurance and Lafe Annuity Fund

Bengul Uncovenanted Service Family Pension Fund

Bombay Family Pension Fund of Government Servants

Bengal and Madras Service Family Pension Fund

General Pamily Pension Fund

General lamily lension rund

Hindu Family Annuity Fund

Bengal Christian Family Pension Fund

The subscriptions of Gavernment servants and Gavernment pensioners to these Funds are recoverable by deduction from the pay ar pension bits of the subscribers; except that in the case of the General Family Pension Fund the Hindu Family Amnuity Fund and the Bengal Christian Family Pension Fund, such subscriptions may, at the option of the subscriber, be paid in cash either direct to the fund concerned or at a Government Treasury (See Article 239)

233 The subscriber is himself responsible for seeing that proper deduction is made from his bills, though for his convenience, it has been ruled (tide Article 43) that the responsibility for making the necessary defluctions regularly and currectly devolves upon the drawers of the bills

239 Subscriptions in cash are ordinarily payable only to the authorities of the Fund, but in the following cases, cash if tendered, may be received at treasuries—

- (a) Indian Civil Service Family Pension Rules
 - (b) Superior Services (India) Family Pension Fund Rules
 - (c) Civil Engineers' Provident Fund
 - (d) Hindu Family Annuity Fund (See Article 237)
 - (e) Bengal Christian Family Pension Fund (See Article 237.)
 - (f) Bengal Unconvenanted Service Family Pension Fund
- (g) Bombay Family Pension Fund of Government Servants
- (h) General Family Pension Fund (See Article 237)

No 44

Poge 123, Article 240

Substitute the following for this Articla .-

240 In cases in which subscriptions (including refunds of withdrawals) are paid by deduction from pay bills, the requisite particulars should be entered by the subscriber, if be draws his own pay or the Head of office in other cases, in a separate schedu'e in one of the forms 30 A, 30 B, or 30 C as may suit the requirements of the fund concerned, and the form so completed should be nttached to the pay bill concerned. If the absorption is recovered in easi, as permitted by Article 230, the number of the account or policy and all other necessary particulars must be furnished. In all cases where a subscription is paid for the first time that rule or special authority under which the aubscription may be recaived abould also be quoted in the form or, in case of cash payments, in the separated openment of particulars

[C A Code tol I, 8th Edn (3nd Rep), No 41, dated the 1st June 1935]

first kind and upon "setual sanctioned salary " in the case of foreign service of the second kind

242 When a subscriber to any Fund whose subscriptions are real ised by deduction from bill is transferred to another district, the fact that he is subscribing to the Fund should be certified in his last pay certificate by noting thereon the amount recoverable monthly and the number of his account or policy

1 When a subscriber to the Postal Insurance and Life Annuty Fun] is transferred to another audit circle, notice of Iransfer abould be given to the Audit Officer concerned and to the Accountant General, Fosts and Telegraphs, through the local Accountant General.

243 Advances from any find may be drawn from the treasury in accordance with the rules of the Fund With this exception, no pay ment on account of any Yund, whether as a refund of a subscription

averpaid or as a repayment of the whole or a part of the amaunt accumutated to the credit of the subscriber, can be made without the express authority of the Accountant General.

1. Payment, when nuthorised, will be made only on the personal receipt of the depositor, or, when he is absent from India, on that of his duly authorized agent. In the event of his duath, payment should be made only to his legal representative.

244. When a subscriber to one of the Service ar Provident Funds of Gavernment is about to retire and under the rules of the Fund the manny 13 mg at his credit becomes payable on retirement, he should place himself in communication with the Account Officer at the Fund giving the data of his retirement and requesting that steps may be taken to close his necessital and pay him the amount one. The Account Officer being satisfied of the correctness of the date should then ask the Treasury Officer who disburses the subscriber's pay to intimate to him the final payment of fund subscription and when this has been done, should arrange far payment of the amount at credit af the officer.

245. Subscribers to the Postal Insurance and Life Annuity Fund, who have retired from the service and whose pensious are to be paid in ludia, are allawed the option of deducting their premia or subscriptions from pensiou hills. The Audit Officer issuing the Pension Payment Order will in such cases note the amount of the manthly deduction on the Pension Payment Order. The insured person, however, will be personally responsible for entering the carreet amount to be deducted in his pension hill; and if he fails to do this on any accasine, it will be open to him to pay the amount into the Post Office.

246 A detailed list of the subscriptions realised in each an behalf in each fund (and in Madras of all subscriptions whether realised in each or by deduction tram pay hills) showing the date and amount of each receipt and the name of the person on whose helialf it is paid in, will be submitted by the Treasury Officer with the each account. This list will be a eapy of a register maintained in the treasury.

Norr—Except in the case of the Bengal Uncovenanted Service Family Rension. Funds and the Bomby Tamily Pension Family of Government Servins; an important difference with regard to interest as made between the respective solid by deduction and the Bomby Tamily of the Control of the Service of the Service of the Month of payority of the month of payority of the Service of the Servi

Provident Funds.

s for the General Pravident Fund are given in the ed by the Government of India in the Finance

ident Funds which were in existence prior to

No. 13.

ovident Fund.

ge 125, Article 247—

Delete the following items from this Article :-

(3) Civil Veterinary Department Officers' Provident Fund

(5) Tinancial Department Officers' Provident Fund
 (6) Opium Department Officers' Provident Fund.

[C A Cede Vol 1 8th Ldn (2nd Rep.) No 13, dated 1st April 1935.]

Fund.

Inles.

all European and ind also from other

(a) were appointed to the service between the 1st August 1914 and the 4th January 1923, or
(b) were appointed in the years 1912 and 1913 and have been

admitted as subscribers.

249 Deleted

250 Donations and disparity fines are payable on marrage, these varies according to ago and will be advised by the Accountant Learnal, Central Riveaues, on recept of the intimation of the subscriber's marrage. Donations and disparity fines may be paid in one sum, or in 12 equil monthly instalments. It paid in instalments interest on the un paid portion will be level at the rate of 5½ per cent per amount. The palance of any contribution due at an officer's death will be recovered ra eably, without further interest, from the pensions of his widow and orphans in tout quarterly instalments.

Nore—The Government of Iedus has ruked that a subscriber may pay his done thou in toner instalaments than 1. and insplace pay a number of instalaments to, cutur, tetore they are due. In such cases interest is calculated only on the unpush believes the contract of the co

251 Donations and disparity fines become due from the date of marriage latterest at the rate of of per cent per anatum is charged on sums which have not been paid within one month from the date on which they become due

Superior Service (India) Family Pension Fund.

251 A The conditions of personal eligibility to join the fund will be found in rules 6 and 13 of the Fund Rules. The subscription payable will be communicated by the Accountant General, Central Reviews, 1 to 15 the account officer of the fund in India, any alteration in the rates also being advised by him

Bombay Family Pension Fund of Government Servants

252 The following classes of persons not being members of the Army and not being subscribers to the Bengal Uncovenanted Service Family Pension Fund or the Bengal and Madras Service Family Pension I und may become authernhers—

 All Non European members of the Covenanted Indian Civil Service, who are not subscribers to the Indian Civil Service Family Pension Scheme;

- (11) All persons in the Uncovenanted service of Government employed within the Bombay Presidency, whose service qualities for pension from Government .
- (iii) Persons originally of classes (i) and (ii) receiving pension from Government .
- (iv) Persons employed in Departments under the control of the Central Government whose service qualities for pension from Government and whose employment is not restricted to any particular province, but who are hable to serve in any part of India .
- (v) Persons employed in Local Fund Offices within the Bombay Presidency, whose service qualifies for pension from the General Revenues

253 New subscribers are admitted subject to the sanction of the Accountant General, Bombay, and a copy of such sanction is, when accorded, forwarded to the Audit Officer concerned, who will communi cate it to the Treasury Officer, or other disbursing officer who is to iccoince the subscriptions Subscriptions may, however, pending the receipt of such sanction be received from any person who is not man festly excluded from subscribing by the terms of Article 2.02 If the sunction is not received within three months from the commencement of the subscription, a report should be made by the Treasury Officer to the Audit Officer, who will send it on to the Accountant General Bombay, if necessary

General Family Pension Fund, Hindu Family Annuity Fund and Bengal Christian Family Pension Fund

254 It must be distinctly understood that Government exercises no supervision over the management of these funds and is in no way res pousible for their solvency

*National Health Insurance Contributions

255 The National Health Insurance contribution of 3d per week per man is payable by the Indian Government on behalf of all British soldiers employed in India and an annual payment is made by the India Office at 13s per head on the hasis of the average monthly strength of British soldiers in India The total amount paid by the India Office is charged in the Home accounts to Military services. The contribution in respect of soldiers employed extra regimentally in departments other than the Military Department are credited in India to the Military Department as described in the following Articles

NOTE.—The term "British soldiers" includes warrant and non-commissioned officers and men employed extra recumentally in Civil or Military Department in India.

256 The officer who draws the pay of a British soldier employed extra regimentally should attach a statement to the pay bill showing the name of the contributor the period for which the contribution should be admisted and the amount of the contribution

[&]quot;The general rules of this chapter do not apply to these contributions

[257—259-B

257. The amount of contribution should be calculated as follows .-3d, multiplied by the number of Mondays in each month When pay 19 drawn for any portion of a week (commencing Monday) the contribution is to be adjusted in full No contribution is adjustable for any week (commencing Monday)

for which no pay is drawn 258 The Account Officer concerned will adjust the contributions for the month to the credit of the nearest Controller of Military Accounts by debit to the department in which the soldier is employed Sterling amounts of the contribution will be converted into Indian Currency at the rate of 1s 6d the rupce

Unemployment Insurance Stamps.

- 259. A stock of these stamps is maintained for sale to Masters of Vessels at-
 - (1) the local depôts at Madras, Malabar, Tanjere, South Arcot, East Godavari, Vizagapatam, Calcutta, Rangoon, Karachi and Aden .
 - (2) the branch depôt at Tuticorin , and No. 192.

Page 127, Article 259-A .-

Substitute the following for the second sentence of this Article -

"Under this Act, as amended by the National Health Insurance and Contributory Pensions Act, 1935, the normal contribution payable in respect of a soldier will be at the ordinary rate of 11d a week, of which sum the soldier will be required to pay 5/d, a week with effect from the week beginning the 6th January 1936"

[C. A Code, Volume I, 8th Edition (2nd Reprint), No 192, dated the 1st October 1937.]

- Journal of the first sub paragraph of this Article -"In Indu, the soldier's share of the contribution is recovered from him as a stoppage from his pay Recoveries at the rate of 52 annas a week will be made from the pay of all British soldiers in India When soldiers are trans ferred out of India the recoveries should be effected un to and modular the

on being the same as applicable to pay for the voyage period The total of the weekly recoveries at the end of each month should be rounded off to the anna next above "

[C A Code, Volume I, 8th Edition (2nd Reprint), No 103, dated the 1st October 1937]

muian revenues, the charge out .operation of the above Act being paid by the India Office on the boom on the average strengths of British soldiers in India and charged in the Home accounts to Military services

Nort 1-Recoveries will be effected from the 4th January 1926, the amount recoverable for the month of January 1926 being Re. 120 only

No. 194.

Pages 127-128, Article 259-B --

Delete Notes 1 and 3 under this Article and substitute the following for the oxisting Noto 2 --

" Nore -The extent to which and the conditions under which the War Departmen accopts liability for a part of the contribution in respect of men of the Army Reserve Supplementary Reserve and Territorial Army during training are laid down in paragraph of Appendix XXVI, King's Regulations Financial Instructions (Home) and the Pay Duties Manual "

[C A Code, Volume I, 8th Edition (2nd Roprint), No 194, dated the 1st October 1937]

exua regimentally should attach a statement to the pay bill showing and name of the contributor, the period for which the contribution has been recovered and the amount of the contribution

NOTE.-All last pay certificates issued on transfer of soldiers should show the month or week up to and for which the contribution has been recovered

259 D The Account Officer concerned will adjust the contributions for the month to the credit of the nearest Controller of Military Accounts by debit to the department in which the soldier is employed

Voluntary Insurance under the National Health Insurance and Widows',

Orphans and Old Age Contributory Pensions Acts 259 DD Men of the Subordinate and Mechanic class recruited from the United Kingdom for service in India, who are street "-

No. 162.

Page 128, Article 259 DD-For "18d" and "9d." in lines 8 and 10 respectively of this Article substitute " 20d " and " 11d "

[O A. Code, Vol I, 8th Edn (2nd Rep.), No. 162, dated 2nd January 1937.]

- ---- contributors L'ension Scheme and 24 "a week under the Contributory Pension Scheme only These payments are made to the Ministry of Health in England twice a year

Government bears half the cost of the combined contribution under the National Health Insurance and Contributory Pension Scheme for the first five years of service and thereafter, half the contribution under the contributory Pension Scheme only The other half of the contributions, in both cases, is borne by the contributor biniself

Note 1 -The scheme mentioned above is applicable to persons recruited on or after 7th August 1930 but the pension side of the Scheme does not apply to female employees who are permitted to become voluntury contributors under the combined Acts for the initial period of service only on the same terms as for men

Note 2 -In the case of an appointee who has been engaged for service in India for a definite period of less than five years with a prospect of being appointed to the permanent service at the end of such period, his or her claim to benefit under the National Health Insurance Act would not be admissible after that period has expired and contributions under the Combined National Health Insurance and Contributory Pensions Schemo should cease on confirmation in such service. Where, however, circum stances arise which render permanent retention impracticable and it is decided to extend the agreement for a further definite period, the employee will be entired under tle Arts to continue to contribute on the condition that contributions for Health Insurance are only physical during such definite extension if the effect thereof is that the employees' absence from Great British or Northern Iroland will not exceed \$12 years from the date of his or her entry into the service under the original agreement.

of hear

[250 E.-250 G

* 27

CHAPTER 15-A .- MIECELLANEOUS

Basses and Mini oy Light Dues 253 L. General rules liahamas and Leeward Islands ting to co **-53 6[1**] Light Dues Decused Distressed and Discharted seamen 25J H. Irom the

Basses and Minicoy Lig

209 L. These dues with paid or collect P) No Indian currency at the official rate of exchaihy the Secretary of Stote for the adjustment of veen the Indian and the Imperial Lachequers. A table sho ount less able in Indian currency will be supplied to each colinthe Board of trade Commission at seven and a half per ceat ou realisations is created to Customs and the balance to the occount current with the Secretary of State When a refund of these dues is made the collectors of the dues should show them in their statements of collections periodically bent to Lugland, but, except with special authority of the Board of Trade, repayments are not to be made without the production of the original receipts. One receipt for both dues in Form B B M I should be issued for cach ship for the same voyoge, and one entry without distinguishing the Basses from the Minicoy dues should be made in the prescribed account form (Schedule 45) These dues are now for the most part collected to Lugland

1 The Minicoy dues should not be shown separately from the Basses dues but in one sum both in the counterfoil and in the account

2 All refunds of Light dues should be adjusted at the official rate of exchange at the time the refunds are made

259 F. The receipt Form (B B M. I.) required in each province should be obtained direct from the Linance Department of the Board of Trade by the Collectors of Customs of the major ports and all other forms from the Superintendent, Board of Trade Stores The Collectors of Customs of the minor ports in each pravince should obtain their requirements through the Collector of Customs of the major port concerned

Nort.-The Secretary to the Government of Biliar and Orissa in the Revenue Department acts for this purpo e as a Collector of Customs of a major port for innor sorts in Bibar and Orissa.

259 G The following rules respecting Light Dues Forms should be observed by the officers who collect those dues in India -

- 1 The stock of Light Dues Receipt forms to be retained at each port or outport should not exceed the number required for issue during a period of eighteen months , but when one book of 25 forms is more than sufficient for that period, two such books should form the maximum stock to be retained
- 2 The Collectors of Customs of the major ports should forward. with each indent for forms, a statement showing the number of forms

lying in stock at the different ports. They should also state the serial numbers of Lorms B. B. M. Lissued from time to time to Collectors of Cus. toms at the minor norts in the quarterly percents in respect of these Light dues submitted to the India Office through the Accountant General

- 3 I orms should be assued consecutively according to the printed numbers, the lower numbers being issued first, and not more than one book of 25 forms should be in use at the same time. If this can be avoided Forms of an earlier series should, however, he used before those of a lutar
- 4 Great care should be exercised in the preservation of these forms and any forms cancelled or defaced should, together with the correspond ing counter parts, be attached to the accounts for transmission to the Board of Irade The numbers of any forms lost or destroyed, should be stated with an explanation on the accounts. The numbers of the unused Light Dues Receipt torms on hand should be quoted by Collectors and Sub Collectors on each of their accounts for transmission to the Board of Trade
- when Basses Light dues are repaid the original receipts should be retained and attached to the corresponding repayment receipts for trans mission with the accounts to the Board of Trade

Bahamas and Leeward Islands Light dues

259 G (1) These dues have been imposed by the Order in Council of His Majesty dated the 17th December 1931, and are levied on, and collected from all vessels visiting Ports in British India which pass and derive bene fits from these Lights in accordance with special instructions from the Board of Trade The usual commission of 7½ per cent on the amount of the dues collected is credited to 'Customs' The procedure laid down in Articles 259 E to 259 G for the collection accounting and supply of forms for the Passes and Minicoy Light dues applies mutatis mutandis in respect of these ones also. The forms used for record of the receipts refunds and accounting of these dues are the same as those used in the case of the Basses and Minicos dues

Deceased, Distressed and Discharged Seamen

- 259 H The following rules have been laid down for the guidance of Naval officers for accounting for the receipts from estates of deceased, and the expenditure on relief of distressed seamen
 - 1 These rules are prepared at the request of the Board of Trade
- 2 Shipping Masters Master Attendants or other officers charged with the duty of collecting the wages and effects of deceased seamen and of administering relief to seamen found in distress should keep a sepa rate cash account of all such transactions in Form 31 A which is the same as Form C C 18
- 3 They should also keep all the subsidiary accounts in the form desembed by the Board of Trade's "Instructions to Officers in British Dominions Colonies and Possessions", and draw out their vouchers as therein directed

- 4 It may be understood that all receipts and charges must be passed through the District Treasur; account dails, in full any balance in band being remitted to the Treasury
- 5 Should the officer concerned need funds for meeting relief charges he should supply himself by bills drawn up by himself showing the specific charges to be puid which bills should be countersized before payment by such responsible officer as the local Government may appoint

Note —As there is no officer in Rangoon Madras Karaehi Adea and Chittagong to whom the work of countersigning the Shapping Master a bulls for expenditure on account of rel of distressed scame can suitably be entrusted the Government of India have agreed to dispense with the requirements of countersignature in respect of such bulls

- 6 Immediately on the expiration of every month an account in riplicate (in Form 31 A) of the month's transactions should be made out, the original being forwarded direct to the Board of Tride (with all vouchers) the duplicate to the India Office and the triplicate to the Accountant General
- 7 Sterling wages due to seamen left behind in India are payable in Indian currency at the rate of exchange laid down in paragraph 77 of the Board of Trade's "Instructions to Officers in British Dominions, Colonies and Possessions" (1927 edition) which is reproduced below—
- "17 Payment in foreign money—When wages are paid in any other currency than that stated in the Agreement payment should be made at the rate of exclange for the time be ng entrent at the place where the payment is made (section 130 of the Merchant Shipping Act 1394). The Board of Trade are adv sed that unler this section when a seaman is paid in foreign money he should receive the equivalent in currency of the amount to which he would be entitled if paid in sterling the calculation being based upon the recogn sed rate of exchange ruling at the port and that if no single rate obtains but two rates are quoted one for buying cheques and it other for seiling cheques the buying rate should be taken. Any at pullation in the Agree ment to the effect that money advanced to seamen in fore gn currency shall be computed at certain specified rates of exchange is invalid.

The above rule has however no bearing on the adjustment between the Indian and Imperial Governments as the amounts actually received or paid in Rupers will in the Account rendered (in Form C C 18) to the Board of Trade be converted at the official rate of exchange the Board having agreed to deal with any loss or gain due to the difference between the market and the official rates. The market rate used in the conversion of the original balance of wages due to the seamen shall be noted on the convevance order when the seaman 15 being repartiated

8 Wages of discharged seamen.—The wages of all seamen serving in British ships who are left behind in India on account of sickness or impresoment are (if the ship is of other than Indian Registry) required to be paid by the master of the ship to the seamen themselves (oude Section 38 of the Merchant Shipping Act 1996 read with Part II of the Act of 1894). Where however a seaman is left in charge of a Shipping Master and has consented by signing the agreement on Form C C 6 to bis wages being deposited with the Shipping Master the Board of Tiade require that the wages so paid over shall be remitted to them or at may rate credited to them in the month in which they were received by the

Shipping Master. When advances are made to the seam, i in hispit I or when the wages are paid over to the seamon on his discharge arom hospital or prion, they should be debited to the Board of fride in the account for the month in which the payment is made. This procedure need histories be applied only in the ease of scamen other than natives it hadm.

- 9 Wages and effects of deceased stamen—The wiges and effects of deceased seamen members of crews of all United Lingdom registered sings and of all British ships of other than United Lingdom or Indian registry (a) where the final port of destination is in the United Lingdom and (1) when they are engaged in trading letween the United Lingdom and In him parts shall be remitted and accounted for res the Board of Trade require (see sections 169—173 of the Merchant Shipping Act, 1894 as extended by section 29 of the Merchant Shipping Act, 1894 as extended by section 29 of the Merchant Shipping Act, 1894 as extended by section 29 of the Merchant Shipping Act, 1894 as extended by section 29 of the Merchant Shipping Act, 1896 the Board's regulations require that in the case of deceased seamen (other than Indians) the accounts should be transmitted monthly to them. In the case of deceased lasears the Board are not concerned with the wages and effects in the hands of Shipping Matters in India and those will be dealt with under the orders of Government in accordance with the provisions of the Indian Merchant Shipping Act where such provisions apply
- 10 Unclaimed wages and deposits of all Indian scamen should be dealt with finally in India as the Board of Trade are not concerned in the matter. As regards unclaimed wages and denosits of scimen (other than Indians) the procedure in rule S above should be followed
- 11 Transactions referred to in Rules \$10 above in cases where the Bord of Trade are not concerned with them will be credited und r the liend P Deposits and Advances, etc.—Civil deposits " and credited to diovernment under the ordinary rule for lapsed deposits prescribed in Article 206 Separate extract registers of the deposits must be submit tell to the Accountant General by the Shapping Mosters.
- 12 Provents ruthorised to be made when the wages of lessers have been received by the Board of Trade should however be included in the accounts rendered by the Shipping Masters to the Board of Trade.

General Rules and Franciples relating to contracts etc

259 I The Statustory Rules and Orders of the Sceretary of State relation to contracts and agreements involving liabilities on the part of the State the classes of deede contracts and other instruments antiborised by the Governor General in Conneil to be executed by various and in ties of the Civil Department and the general principles which have been laid down by the Governor General in Conneil for the guidance of authorities who have to enter into contracts or agreements involving expenditure from Central Revenues have been reproduced in Appendices 8-F, S-Q, and 8-II respectively

Payments for Articles Ordered Direct from the United Kingdom

259 J Payments for articles obtained by a direct order from printed firms and individuals in the United Kingdom can be made only through the High Commissioner for India [side Rules 7 (c) (a) of Appendix 4 and 13 (h) of Appendix 5] The officer desiring such a payment should as soon as all the formalties necessary in connection with the receipt, inspection and verification of irticles have been completed forward the firms bills in original to his Accounts Officer for audit and payment. Particular care should be taken to ensure that no double payment is authorised in respect of the same claim.

The Accounts Officer when making remittances to the High Comnissing it should endorse to the afficers concerned in India a copy of his letter of authority in Form S 1 289 D, to the Supplying firms (See Article 321 A Audit Code)

Vills for stores ordered by officers in India direct from firms abroad in to b basis subject to inspection by the Director General India Store Department London may lioweyer be paid by the High Commissioner In such cases the purchasing officers may if they consider it desirable authorise the suppliers to submit their bills to the Director General India Store Department London who will certify that the stores referred to therein have been inspected by him and despatched under his arrange ment. After verification the Director General will pass them on to the High Commissioner for parment. Such payments are presed on to the Accounts Officers concerned through the Remutance Account supported by the suppliers' bills duly certified by the Director General India Store Department London.

Note 1—Spec al care should be ever sed by the Purphasing Officer in different atom the article purphasel through the agency of the Director General of Stores. India Store Depriment London from those merely delivered to or slippel through his agency. In the former ease payment cannot be made from India, whereas in the latter ease the procedure preservibed above should be observed.

ACTE o —The procedure laid down in this Article should be followed mutatis mutands in the case of other payments eg those chargeable to the estimates for a work to be made direct to a party in the United Kundon.

No 28

e 133, Arnele 259 K-

Insert the following as a new Article with its heading —
Purchase of Stores

209 K Instructions relating to the purchase of stationery and pnating es will be found in Appendix 4 A and of other classes of stores in endix 4

[C A Code Vol I Sth Edn (2nd Pep) No 23 dated the 1st May 1935]

APPENDIX 1

[SEE Art 42 (d) AND (e)]

Form of Bond of Indemnity for drawing pay, pensions, annuities, ste-

This Indenture made the hundred and day of Between one thou and nine

(1)

(2)

(3)

Correins on pue uses in newtherny

Page 135, Appendix 1-

No. 26,

The words "their execute occurring in clause 1 of the B

IC A Code, Vol I, Sth Edn

various officials whose duty the Accountant General of at the time of such payar chalf such payment we also of a certificate of hous- Accest of lowing after the words "Secretary of Sta risions payable on behalf of other Government

ate the words "according to prescribed in the Civil Service Regulations" out and in the Civil Service Regulations of abstitute the words "according to prescribed in required by the Civil Service Regulations" out

280 6 [C A Code, Vol I, 8th Edn (2nd Rep.), No 28, dated the 1st

AND WHEREAS II such a superior to the from the time to time made as they fall due without requiring the production of the said certificates save a certificate of non employment as presented in the Civil Service of Regulations, signed by a representative of the company upon being indemnified for the company of the company of the company to the company of the company to the company to the company of the company to the company of the company to the company of the company to the company to the company of the company to the company of the company of the company to the company of the compan

by the company against any loss by reason of such payments as aforesaid on account of any officer who may at the date of such payment be deceased and upon the company entering into such an agreement as is hereinafter contained

which the firm has agreed to do

Now this Indenture with premises the first for themselves and their successors hereby covenant with the Secretary of State and his successors that

so long as the Secretary of State shall allow such payments as aforesaid to be made without requiring the producton of the certificates hereinbefore referred to subject nevertheless as hereinafter provided the company will within seven days from the time when they shall have received notice of the death of any enstomer for the receipt of or on whose behalf the firm may have received any such payments as aforesaid communicate the date of such death to the official for the time heing responsible for the payments to such deceased officer and further company will immediately after the expiration of the said period of seven

days repay and refund to the Secretary of State so much of any money which may have been received from such disbutsing official as aforesaid on hehalf of such deceased customer as aforesaid as shall be in excess of the amount of the pay pension annuity allowance or other payment as the case may be to which such deceased customer was entitled up to the date of his decease

AND ALSO that if and whenever any change in the constitution of the firm shall happen whether by the death or retirement of any member thereof or the introduction or accession of a new member or members thereof or otherwise housoever the firm will on every such occasion within 7 days after the change shall have occurred give notice in writing to the Secretary of State of the same having happened with full particulars thereof including the full name or names of ary new member or members so introduced as oforesaid and in every ease where any such introduction has taken place will as soon as may be thereafter on being so required by the Secretary of State procure the new member or members introduced to enter into a fresh Bond in the same form as these presents either alone or jointly with all the original or remaining members of the firm

PROVIDED ALWAYS AND IT IS HEREBY AGREED and declared that the arrangement hereby made shall not be determined except by express notice in that behalf given as next hereinafter provided Provided ALWAYS AND IT IS HEREBY FURTHER AGREED and declared that either the firm or the Secretary of State shall be entitled to determine the arrangement hereby made on giving to the other 14 days notice in writing in that hehalf and on the expiration of such 14 days this arrange ment shall determine and the hability of the company under the covenants herein contained shall cease in respect of any such payments as aforesaid made after that date but nothing herein contained shall he deemed to exonerate or release the company from their liability under the covenant herein contained in respect of any such payments as aforessid made prior to that date frequency atwars and it is bereby further agreed and declared that in the case of pensions from company will as required by the first survive regulations once in every year

certificate of non employment signed by the pensioner himself AND FURTHER that nothing herein contained shall be deemed to preclude the Sceretary of State or the Accountant General requiring the production of certificates in proof of the life of any particular

any of the said officials whose duty it is to make such payments as aforesaid

furnish to the Secretary of State or the official or officials responsible for the payment of such pensions a certificate by one of the persons prescribed by the said Regulations of the life of each pensioner whose pension is paid to the firm and a

APPENDEX 1

person or persons entitled to receive such payments as aforesaid if the Secretary of State or the official shall deem it necessary nor shall the firm's arrangement made by these presents be deemed to be thereby terminated. In witness whereof the said parties have herenito set their respective hands and scals the day and year first above written

N.B -An incorporated firm executing the bond may delete the words in italics.

APPENDIX 2

(SEE ART 46)

Extract from the rules regarding Income tax Refunds

- 1 All refunds will be granted on the special income tax form of refund
- 2 Each order for refund of meome tax contains the following certificates -
 - (1) Certified that with reference to the assessment record of for the year No a refun of Rs is due to
 - (4) Certified that the income tax concerning which this refund is given he been credited in the treasury
 - (iii) Certified that no refund order regarding the sum now in question he previously been granted and this order of refund has been entered i the original file of assessment under my signature

The whole onus of granting n refund is on the Income tax Officer alone and i will be a part of the duties of inspecting officers, and not of the Accounts Department, to see that the rules have heen properly observed

3 Fach order of refund will be numbered serially and will be stamped with the stamp of the office of resure. The month of the date of issus will be written and not indicated by a figure.

No. 19.

rendix 2. Rule 4-

ords 'Income tax Officers will maintain separate refund order i treasury or sub treasury" at the end of this Rule substitute

ill ordinarily be only one Refund Order Book for treasuries or in a district or circle but the Commissioners of Income tax discretion prescribe separate Refund Order Books for each b treasury where they may consider it necessary to do so."

A Code Vol I 8th Edn (2nd Rep.) No 19, dated let April 1935]

another district the sub treasury offleer, treasury offleer of the district or the Agent of the Imperial Bank where the voucher is made payable will be informed by the Income tax Officer In the case of special circles dealing with salary cases the voucher circ be cashed in any sub treasury or Branch of the Imperial Bank which falls within the area of the circle

8 The encashment of refund tombers resumed as payable in a district within an income tax circle will be verified by treasury officers at fixed intervals of not more than one month as may be arranged with Income tax Officers. Where a voucher is issued as payable in a district offer than that comprised in the circle the fact of payment will be notified to the Income tax Officer by the treasury officer.

onal enstody of the ub treasury offices may be, the hook h salary cases the ecountant Genera maintain separate

ry or the treasury

nk of India in the

beher will be made

within the circle is

- 9 Where a refund is paid by money order the Income tax Officer will show the amount found to be due for refund in the first certificate of the voncher, but will pass for payment a sum representing the amount due for refund plus the amount of money order commission. For instance, if the refund were for a sum of Rs 25, the entry in time 4 of the refund someter would be "Passed for payment of Rs 25 annas four (Rs 25.40), that is Rs 25 as above plus Rs 0.40 money order commission." The voncher will be sent to the treasury officer with the rioney order form filled up and with a request for the issue of a money order in the ordinary course. The appropriate details will be entered up the counterfoil of the refund voncher. The sum passed for payment will be shown by the treasury officer under the head "refunds" in the treasury accounts. The money order incept issued by the Post Office will be forwarded by the Post Office will be forwarded by the treasury officer to the Income tax Officer who will attach it to the counterfoil of the refund voncher
- 10 If a refund under section 48 or 49 of the Indian Income tax Act is due to an assesse who is not resident in India, it will be remitted to him direct by a bank draft or money order at his cost unless he appoints an agent to receive parament in India.
- 11 When a duplicate voucher is asked for because the period of the original voucher has expired the original should be cancelled by the Income tax Officer and attached to its counterfoil A new voucher will then be issued, necessary cross references being entered in the counterfoils of both vouchers
- 12 When a duplicate voucher is asked for on the ground that the original has heen lost, the duplicate will not be issued until the period of the original voucher has expired and until the Income tax Officer has statisfied limited that it has not been easked and has stopped payment of it at the treasury on which it was issued
- 13 In the special salary circles, when a refund is due to a person in receipt of salary which is being taxed at the source the Incometra Officer may if convenient to the assesse, e.g. in the case of railway servants in receipt of small pay who have no hanking account, grant the refund, by authorising short payments of the tax due on the next salary or pay bill or bills. Where this procedure is adopted the fact of the deductions should be noted in the mouthly invoice of income tax deductions.

APPENDIX 3
Deleted,

for such neticles they shall conform to such specifications and or shall satisfy such tests

Rule 6-Nothing in these rules shall be deemed to prohibit the purchase of articles by one Department or Railway from another

Rule "—The articles enumerated in Annexite A, or any other articles of a special or innusual character, may, when suitable and economical purchases cannot be made in necordance with the preceding rules, be obtained without reference to those rules subject to the following conditions —

- (a) Where the value of the purchase exceeds Rs 5,000 the purchasing officer shall place on record his revious for not effecting the purchase in accordance with the preceding rules
- (b) The purchasing officer may at his discretion either obtain the article that he requires by indent on the India Store Department London or purchase it direct from manifacturers or dealers abroad. Where resort is had to direct purchase from manifacturers or dealers abroad, tenders shall, whenever practicable, be first obtained.
- (c) When nriteles are purchased abroad under this rule through the agency of the India Stor. Department, London, payment shall be made by that Department. In other cases payment shall be made.
 - (*) in countries other than Great Britain and Northern Ireland, direct to the suppliers by the purchasing officer
 - (11) in Great Britain and Northern Ireland through the High Commissioner for India.

Rule 8—Lethal weapons, maintions of war, technical apparatus and equip ment, and any other stores required by the Naval, Military or Air Forces of the Crown in India for which drawines, patterns specifications or designs have been issued, presembed or announced by the Admiralty, Wir Office, Air Ministry, Government of India, or Communder in Chief in India, shall be obtained by indent on the India Store Department, Loadon unless they are realiable in India in accordance with the presembed drawing pattern specification or design Air departure from this rule requires stuction of the Government of India, and whenever an expenditure exceeding Rs 20,000 is incurred in any individual case to which such struction has been necorded it shall be reported to the Secretary of Stefe for India in Conneil

ANNEXURE A (See RULE 7)

- (1) Seeds.
- (11) Cinchona Bark
- (ur) Articles for experimental purposes
- (iv) China, glass, entlery, plate, crockery and perishable fabrics, including linen for residences which are furnished by Government
- (v) Copper zinc and other nan ferrons metal produced in Australia or America.
- (vi) Timber produced in Australia or North America.
- (vii) Such articles as the Saperintendents of Vaccine Depots may require for the preparation of vaccine lymph
- (viii) Chemicals and scientific instruments

APPENDIX 4.

- (ix) Preserved and tinned foodstuffs
- (x) Articles required for Viceregal residences

Norm—Subsidiary instructions for the guidance of officers who are required to make purchases of stores under the provisions of the above Rules are contained in the pumphlet issued by the Government of India, Department of In lustries and Labour, under their Office Memorandum No S 217, dated the 17th September 1931, as amended from time to time

APPENDIX 4-A.

(See RULE 21, APPENDIX 5)

Rules for the supply of Stationery and Printing Stores for the Public Service

It is the policy of the Government of India to make their purchases of the purchase states of the purchase states and the industries of the country, so far'as is consistent with economy and efficiency. In pursuance of this policy the following rules have been presented for the supply of such stores, they supersede all previous orders regarding the purchase of states of the supply of the states of the supply of the supply of the states of the supply of the supp

N.B.—Tie term stationery and printing stores includes all stationery stores, office appliances printing stores, plant and machinery as set forth in the Appendix.

Rule 1 -Articles monufactured in Indio from Indion materials

All articles which are produced in India in the form of raw material, or are manufactured in India from materials produced in India should, in preference to articles not manufactured in India or wholly or partly manufactured in India from imported materials, the purchased locally, provided that the quality is sufficiently good for the purpose, and the price reasonable

Note.—Although a street comparison of praces is not enjoined by this rule, it is essential in the interests of clouony that the purchasing officer should take into consideration so tar as may be possible the prace at which articles of similar quality not rainfactured or produced in India can be purchased at the time

Rule 2-Articles manufactured in Indio from imported moterials

Articles wholly or partly manufactured in India from imported materials should also be purchased in India in preference to articles not manufactured in India, provided that the quality is sufficiently good and the price not unfavour able

Rule 3-Articles which ore not manufactured in India

Articles which are not manufactured in India should be obtained by indent upon the India Store Department, London, except in the following cases —

(a) When the articles are niready in India at the time of order or are niready on their way out, and their price and quality are not unfavourable as compared with those at which similar articles could be obtained through the India Store Department, London, and the cost of the supply does not exceed the limits prescribed in Rule II When the total value of the articles is trilling it is generally desirable to purchase them locally

(b) Plant, machinery] and component parts thereof, required for the purpose of a printing press or stationery office, and all office machinery and appliances may be purchased from brunches established in India of manifichting firms borne on the list of the Controller of Printing and Stationery, India, provided that the following conditions are observed —

following conditions are observed —

(i) that the purphase is minde by the Controller of Printing and Stationery, India or in the cash of printing stores required for those Survey of India, by the Surveyor General of India,

APPENDIX 4-A

APPENDIX 4-A.

(See RULE 21, APPENDIX 5)

Rules for the supply of Stationery and Printing Stores for the Public Service

It is the policy of the Government of India to make their purchases of stationery and printing stores for the public service in such a way as to encourage the industries of the country, so far as is consistent with economy and efficience. In pursuance of this policy the following rules have been presembed for the suppl of such stores, they supersede all previous orders regarding the purchase of stationery and printing stores which are not explicitly continued. They are applicable to the Government of India and to provinces other than Governon Provinces.

N.B.—The term stationery and printing stores includes all stationery stores, offic appliances, printing stores, plant find machinery as set forth in the Appendix.

Rule 1 -Articles manufactured in India from Indian materials

All articles which are produced in India in the form of raw material, of are manufactured in India from materials produced in India should, in preferent to articles not manufactured in India or wholly or partly manufactured in India from imported materials, he purchased locally, provided that the quality is sufficiently good for the purpose, and the price reasonable

Note.—Although a strict comparison of prices is not enjoined by this rule, it is essential in the interests of economy it consideration, so far as many

consideration, so far as man

- (c) Officers in charge of Government Printing Presses on purchase locally an articloor any number of similar articles, purchased at one time, included in list C up to Rs 250 or with the sanction of the Controller of Printing and Stationery, India up to Rs 1000 in each case.
- (d) The Surveyor General of India exercises full powers in respect of stores included in list C required for his map reproduction offices
- (e) The Master, Security Printing India exercises full powers in respect of stationery and printing stores, other than those intended for office use, required in connection with Security Printing
- (f) To meet argent and unfore-seen requirements Agants of State Railways computed by the seed of the Railways of the Railways computed to a limit of Rs. 5,000 per annum, and any article or any number of similar articles purchased at one time, included in the lists B and C up to Rs. 1,000 in each case. They have power to delegate all or any of their powers to the Controller of Stores of the Railway Printing. Press.

Rule S - Petty purchases

Page 144, Appendes 4 A (as revised by correction No 51, dated the 1st July 9

Rule 8 (b).

- (i) In line 1 of this Rule for the words "minor local Governments" substitute the words "minor Provincial Governments, other Provincial Governments acting as agents of the Central Government in the administration of central subjects"
- (i) In line 1 of the provise to this Rule, for the words "immer local a Governments" substitute the words "immer Provincial Governments and other 2 Provincial Governments acting as agents of the Central Government in the administration of central subjects"
 - [C A Code, Vol I, 8th Fdition (2nd Reprint), No 187, dated the 1st June 1937]

[C A Code, Vol I, 8th Edn (and I ep.) No 51, dated the lat July 1935]

firms in India and from the India Store Department, London, for the purpose of test and comparison in India Indents will be sent to the India Store Department, London, only in the case of accepted samples received from that Department.

APPENDIX 4-A

No 51

1

Page 144 Appendix 4 A-

Substitute the following for this Appendix -

APPENDIX 4 A

(See Rule 21, Appendix 5)

RULES REGULATING THE PURCHASE OF STATIONERY AND PRINTING STORES FOR THE PUBLIC SERVICE, 1935

Preamble

The policy of the Government of India is to make their purchases of statuency and printing stores for the public service in such a way as to encour age the development of the industries of the country to the utmost possible extent consistent with economy and efficiency and the following rules, which are applicable to the purchase of such stores for the Government of India and for provinces other than Governors' provinces, are prescribed in accordance with this policy. These rules supersede all previous orders on the subject and apply to the purchase of all the articles included in the appendix to these rules.

Rule 1 —Purchase in India

Savo as provided in rule 5 all stationery and printing stores required to he purchased for the public service shall be purchased on the condition that delivery shall be made in India for payment in rupees in India

Rule 2 — Tenders

(a) Tenders shall be invited in India and also abload when conside desirable unless the value of the order to be placed as small or sufficiences one which shall be recorded) exist for concluding that it is not involved interest to call for tenders

- (c) Officers in charge of Government Printing Presses can purchase locally any article or any number of similar articles, purchased at one time, included in list C in to Re 250 or with the sanction of the Controller of Printing and Stationery, India up to Rs 1,000 in each case
- (d) The Surveyor General of India exercises full powers in respect of stores included in list C required for his map reproduction offices
- (e) The Master, Scennty Printing India exercises full powers in respect of stationery and printing stores, other than those intended for office use, required in connection with Security Printing
- (f) To meet urgent and unforeseen requirements Agents of State Railways can purchase locally stores included in list A up to Rs 500 in each case, subject to a limit of Rs 5,000 per annum, and any article or any number of similar articles purchased at one time, included in the lists B and C up to Rs 1 000 in each case. They have power to delegate all or any of their powers to the Controller of Stores of the Railway or the officer in charge of the Railway Printing. Press.

Rule 8 -Petty purchases

(a) When it is inconvenient to obtain stores included in lists A and B through the agency of the Controller of Printing and Stationery India petty local purchases may be under without reference to the preceding rules by the horities to what the Ro. 187.

Page 144, Appendix 4 A (as revised by correction No 51, dated the 1st July 1935) --

Rule 8 (b)

- (5) In line 1 of this Rule for the words "minor local Governments substitute the words "minor Provincial Governments, other Provincial Governments acting as agents of the Central Government in the administratio of central subjects"
- (ii) In line 1 of the proviso to this Rule, for the words "minor loc Governments" substitute the words "minor Provincial Governments and othe Provincial Governments acting as agents of the Central Government in the administration of central subjects".
 - [C A Code, Vol I, Sth Fdition (2nd Reprint), No 187, dated the 1st June 1937]
 - [C A Code, Vol I, Sth Edn (*nd Rep.) No. 51, dated the 1st July 1935]

firms in India and from the India Store Department) London, for the purpose of test and comparison in India Indents vill he sent to the India Store Department, London, only in the case of accepted samples received from that

Rule 5-Articles which should be purchased in India

- (a) Those of a perishable nature (including ferro-gallic linen, ferriprussiate paper, typewriter and similar ribbons, steneil paper and earbon paper)
- (b) Block tin, untimony and pig lead
- (c) Printing and duplicating inks
- (d) Accessories for typewriters and other office machines.
- (e) Cheap articles of common use required in small quantities only
- (f) Such other classes of articles that can be obtained more contoureally in the local market or that cannot conveniently be purchased through the agency of the India Store Department, London as may from time to time be presented by the Government of India.

Rule 6 - Special purchases in India

In cases of emergency or when meannemence to the public service would be caused by writine to obtain an article from England through the India Store Department London or when, owing to the greater promptified of supply, an economy can be effected by purchesing in India articles which under the foregoing rules should be obtained through that Department the purchase may be made in India subject to the limits prescribed in Rule II, provided that the niticles are in India in the time of order or are already on their way out. In onch cases if the value of the inticles exceeds Rs 1500 the sanctioning officer should place on recorl the reasons which make the total purchase de trable. This record shall be available for the inspection of the Audit Officer or the supervising officer when required

Rule 7 -- Inter-departmental purchases

Nothing in the rules is to be deemed to probabil the purchase of stationers or printing stores by one Department or Railway from another

Rule 8-Method of obtaining articles not purchased in India

Subject to the exceptions in rules 3 (c) and 4 all articles which under the foregoing rules are not to be bought in India should ordinarily be obtained by indeat on the India Store Department, London, through the Controller of Printing and Stationery, India, except in the case of printing machinery required by the Surveyor General of India, who will indeat direct on the India Store Department, London

Rule 9 -Method of comparing prices

In all cases in which the selection of source of supply depends upon comparison of prices the procedure to be adopted for such a comparison is as follows—

(s) A reference should be made to Home prices as ascertained from time to time by the Controller of Printing and Stationery, India, from the India Store Department, London, or otherwise, and freight should he added at the current rates paid by the India Storo Department, London, together with such charges for interest, insurance and freight brokerage as may be declared from time to time by the Chief Controller of Stores

- (11) In cases of important contracts, the prices ruling in the English market should be ascertained by telegraphic reference to the India Store Department, London
- (iii) In cases where the necessary information as to Home prices is not available the purchase in India shall be subject to the condition that the price is reasonable.
- (10) In order to arrive at the market value at an Indian port of the article imported from ahroad the following charges shall be included —

(a) Landing, wharfage and port charges.

- (b) Cusloms duty as shown in the tariff to be applicable to be calculated either on its cost plus the additional charges mentioned in the earlier part of this rule or on the value shown in the tariff selectule, as the case may be
- (v) The cost of carriage to site from port or place of manufacture, as the case may be, shall be taken into account

Rule 10 -Tests

Any articles purchased in India which should be tested are hable to the specifications laid down from time to time by the Controller of Printing and Should be required to pass the tests prescribed for such saleles

Rule 11-Financial limits on powers of officers to make purchases in India

In the case of all purchases made in India under these rules -

- (a) The Controller of Printing and Stationery, India, exercises full powers
- (b) Departments of the Government of India, minor local Governments, Heads of Departments other than the Controller of Finning and Stationery, India, " and " an purchase articles under these rules or delegate to officers subordinate to them powers to purchase articles under these rules up to Rs 20 in each case subject to a maximum lum tot Rs 250 per annum

Provided that, except in the case of minor local Governments, these powers shall not be delegated without the sanction of and subject to such additional restrictions as may be imposed by the Government of India

Provided further that, with respect to the purchase of printing stores required for the Survey of India only, the Surveyor General of India shall exercise full powers.

- (c) · · · · ·
 - (a) Officers in charge of Government Printing presses can purchase any one article or any number of similar articles, purchased at one time, included in the het of printing stores, up to Rs 250, or with the sanction of the Controller of Printing and Stationery, India, up to Rs 1000 in each case.
 - (e) The Deputy Controller of Stationery, Calcutta, is authorised to purchase stationery and printing stores locally to meet urgent demands up to a

limit of Rs 10,000 in each case, but must make a report to the Controller of Printing and Stationery if the value exceeds Rs 250

Note 1 - These powers are subject to the rules of the budget system, and to such limitations as may be imposed by the Government of India regarding the power to enter into contracts.

Norr 2 -The Government of India are authorised to modify the powers and monetary limit, prescribed in this rule at their discretion.

monetary limits presented in this rule at later discretion, entered in Appendix B of the Government of India Stationery rules, to make direct purchases, are not affected by this rule

Rule 12-Powers of the Master, Security Printing

The Master, Security Printing, India, is authorised to exercise in respect of the specification and purchase of paper, machinery, appliances and printing stores, other than those intended for office use, required in connection with security printing, the powers conferred on the Controller of Printing and Stationery by rules 3 (b) (i), 3 (c) (i), 8, 10 and 11 (a)

Rule 13-Power to sanction departures from the rules

The Government of Indin have power to sanction departures from the rules are in which departure is in the public interest (subject to a report to the Secretary of State if the expenditure exceds Rs 50,000) Application for sametion in such cases should be made to the Government of India in the Department of Indiaries and Labour

No. 188

Page 149, Appendix 4 A "Lists" (as amended by correction No 52, dated the 1st July 1935)---

For Lists A and B substitute the following -

A .- Stationery Stores.

- I Paper of all kinds, whether in sheets, rolls, reels or pads, and envelopes of all kinds
 - 2 Cardboards, mill boards, pulphoards, pastehourds and strawboards
 - 3 Parchment and vellum (imitation or real)
 - 4 Book binding materials
 - 5 Books (blank, ruled or loose leaf including equipment)
 - 6 Writing and drawing materials including -
 - (a) pens, peneils, crayons, chalks (writing and drawing) and pen nihs of all kinds,
 - (b) inks, ink powders, ruling paste ink stands and inkpots
 - (c) water colours and boxes, sancers and brushes for such colours and slants.
 - (d) rulers tracing cloth, ferro gallio linen and ferro prussiate cloth .
 - (e) Erasors (steel or ruhber), slates, and sponges, pads (writing, hlotting and signature)
 - 7 Desk appliances including -
 - (a) Knives, hones, scissors, punching and stapling tools, bells,
 - (b) envelope cases, trays, date cards, tag lahels,
 - (c) pins, pin cushions, fasteners paper cutters eyelets paper clips paper weights, gum bottles and hrushes and sealing wax
 - 8 Ruhber stamps metal seals etc, rollers (ruhber, thumh impression and oplostyle), thumh impression slahs and pocket cases, pads (ruhher and leather) for stamping
 - 9 Glue, gum, paste, tags, tape, straps, thread and twine, if required for office purposes,
 - 10 Packing cases and other packing materials (for Stationery Offices and Printing Presset only)

B -Office Machinery and Apphances

- 1 Typewriters and accessories including ribbons
- 2 Duplicators (flat and rotary) and office printing machines and accessories
 - 3 Calculating machines
 - 4 Addressographs, protectographs and similar machines
 - 5 Card index systems and cabinets
- 6 Miscellaneous office requirites, $\epsilon\,g$, letter scales numbering and dating machines
 - 7 Machinery, etc., required for testing paper and other stationery stores
 - [C A Code Vol. I 8th Edition ("and Reprint) No 188 dated the 1st June 1937]

No. 9.

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1. I, 8th Edn (2nd Rop.) No O, dated let April 1935]

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mission to Banks - Commission to Banks for the remittance of funds 15 dinarily madmissible. In very special cases, as for instance on Famine Rebef. orks, such charges may be allowed, but only when the arrangements have been nctioned by the local Government the before sanctioning such special arrangeents should satisfy them class in reference to the Deputy Controller of the arrency having jurisdiction in the malter of resource arrangements that no more onomical arrangements can be made and that the particular method proposed is

- herwise free from abjection 3 Construction and Repairs - The classification of expenditure on construcon and repairs executed by civil afficer, will be made under the following iles -
 - (1) Where the buildings etc., are under the administrative control of the Public Works Department, the expenditure should be charged to the grant of that Department pravided that, if it does not exceed Ra 2,500 nr any higher limit fixed, in this connection, by the local Government, it may be charged as contingent expenditure for as "works" expenditure if the Inenl Government so prescribe) of the Civil Department carrying out the work
 - (11) Where the huldings, etc., are under the administrative control of the Departments which accupy them, the expenuture should be treated as "works' expenditure of the Department concerned, but it is open to a local Government to declare works of petty construction and repairs up to a certain munetare limit to he fixed by it as "petty works" and to classify expenditure relating thereto as contingent expenditure of the Department concerned

NOTE.—The provises in clause (1) is not applicable to transactions of Provincial contents in Governors Province other than in Novam unless in all crise a definite segment has been made under stem 6 (a) of Schedule II to the Devolution Rules, f petty works under the administrative control of the Public Works Department.

- 4 Electrical Installations -(a) All works and repairs in connection with anitary, Water supply and Electrical installations to Government buildings hould be carried out by, or through the ngency of, the Public Works Department xcupt in special cases under the orders of the local Government. The rules elating to the provision of these installations in Government buildings occupied s private residences are laid down in Rules 45 A and B of the Fundamental Rules and the Supplementary Rules is ned thereunder
- (b) As a general exception to this rule the Posts and Telegraphs Department s authorised to execute works and repairs in connection with Electrical installations a Post Office and Telegraph buildings

APPENDIX 5

(c) The Post Masters General and Deputy Post Masters General, Railway

No 119.

Page 151, Appendix 5, Rule 4-

Insert the following as clause (e) of this Rule -

(e) At places within the area in which the Central Public Works Department operates and where there is no staff of that Departmen the procedure for the execution of works and repairs in connection with der supply and electrical matallations in Government building Contral Civil Departments shall be a

No. 201. Page 151, Appendix 5, Rule 4-

(i) In the heading of this Rule for the words "Electrical Installations" substitute "Sanstary, Water-supply and Electrical Installations"

(n) Insert the following as clause (d) of this Rule re numbering the existing clauses (d) and (e) as (e) and (f) -

(d) The Electrical installations in Government buildings, etc. (including ground lighting equipment) under the administrative control of the Director of Civil Aviation in India constitute another exception to this rule. In their case the Directorate is left free either to execute such works and repairs departmentally or to omploy the agency of the Public Works Department or Military Engineer Services at their discretion

[O A Code, Vol I, 8th Edn (2nd Rep). No 201, dated the 1st December 1937.]

DE AL C D 23 H 1 OL OIL OU نا و ده پرمجونه جانتهادی دو و there was was carry or the Public Works allotment Consequently such special repairs, together with the purchase and repair of furniture not comprehended in the preceding fixtures, should be paid for by the department converned and be charged in the contingent bill The repair of furniture where supplied by the Public Works Depirtment for new office buildings under the orders of the local Government will be similarly charged,

6 Hot weather establishment - Hot weather establishment and fittings are a Government charge, which may be mearred subject to the provisions of Article 83 of this Code on condition that the rates paid to the establishment do not exceed the rates sanctioned by local Governments for corresponding servants. The following officers, viz -

(1) the Inspector General of Forests,

(2) the Director General of Posts and Telegraphs

(3) Deleted.

(4) the Director, Imperial Institute of Veterinary Research, Pasa

(5) the Director General of Observatories,

(6) the Auditor General (7) Deleted.

(8) the Controller of the Currency,

(9) the Chief Inspector of Mines in India, Dhanbad, and (10) the Military Adviser in Chief, Indian States Forces,

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No. 9.

5—Note at the beginning of this Appendix—

the end of the same and only with the concar phingent Charges

s in the orders in this Appendix rnor a province at far as pro-

ode, Vol. I, 8th Eda (2nd Rep.) No 3, dated 1st April 1935]

to churches are contained in -mation Department of the Government

mission to Banks -- Commission to Banks for the remittance of funds is ordinably inadmissible. In very special cases, as for instance on Famine Rebel Works, such charges may be allowed, but only when the arrangements have been canctioned by the local Government who before canctioning such special arrange menta should satisfy themselves by reference to the Deputy Controller of the Currency having jurisdiction in the matter of resource arrangements that no more economical arrangements can be made, and that the particular method proposed is otherwise free from objection

- 3 Construction and Repairs -The classification of expenditure on construc tion and repairs executed by civil officers will be made under the following rales --
 - (1) Where the buildings, etc., are under the administrative contr I of the Public Works Department the expenditure should be charged to the grant of that Department, provided that, if it does not exceed Rs 2,500 or any higher limit fixed, in this connection, by the local Government, it may be charged as contingent expenditure for as "works" expenditure if the local Government so prescribe) of the Civil Department carrying out the work
 - (to) Where the buildings, etc., are under the administrative control of the Departments which occupy them, the expenditure should be treated as "works' expenditure of the Department concerned but it is open to a local Government to declare works of petty construction and repairs up to a certain monetary limit to be fixed by it as "petty works' and to classify expenditure relating thereto as contingent expenditure of the Department concerned

Note -The proviso in clause (i) is not anniheable to te-

Na. 81.

Page 150, Appendix 5-

Insert the following as rule 3 A with the heading Conveyance Hire -3 A. Conveyance Hire When a non gazetted or inferior Government servant is despatched on duty to a place at some distance from his office, or is summoned to his office by a special order of a gazetted officer ontside the ordinary hours of duty, the expenditure involved may be paid by Government and charged to contingencies, provided-

- (a) that the head of the office our dies that the expenditure was actually incurred, was unavoidable, and is within the scheduled scale of charges for the conveyance ueed,
- not entitled to draw (b) that the Government , rules for the journey, travellia . Lianted any compensatory leave and and tha does not and will not otherwise receive any special remuneration for the performance of the duty which necessitated the journey.
- (C A Cede, Vel 1, 8th Edn (2nd lep | No 81 dated the 2nd September 1935)

APPENDIX 5

(c) The Post Masters General and Deputy Post Masters General, Railway

No 119

Page 151, Appendix 5, Rule 4-

Insert the following as clause (e) of this Rule -

(e) At places within the area in which the Central Public_Works Department operates and where there is no staff of that Department the procedure for the execution of works and repairs in connection with der supply and electrical installations in Government building Contral Civil Departments shall be as

No. 201. Page 151, Appendix 5, Rule 4-

(i) In the heading of this Rule for the words "Electrical Installations" substitute "Sanitary Water-supply and Electrical Installations"

(ii) Insert the following as clause (d) of this Rule re numbering the existing clauses (d) and (e) as (e) and (f) -

(d) The Electrical installations in Government buildings, etc (including ground lighting equipment) under the administrative control of the Director of Civil Aviation in India constitute another exception to this rule. In their case the Directorate is left free either to execute such works and repairs departmentally or to employ the agency of the Public Works Department or Military Engineer Services at their discretion

[O A Code Vol I, 8th E in (2nd Rep.) No 201 dated the 1st December 1937.]

the Public Works allotment Consequently such special repairs together with the ni rebase and repair of furniture not comprehended in the preceding fixtures, should be paid for by the department concerned and be charged in the contingent bill The repair of furniture where supplied by the Pul he Works Dip ir brent for new office buildings under the orders of the local Government will be similarly charged

6 Hot weather establishment - Not weather establishment and fittings are a Government charge which may be mentred subject to the provisions of Article 83 of this Code on condition that the rates paid to the establishment do not exceed the rates sanctioned by local Governments for corresponding servants. The following officers, vis -

(1) the Inspector General of Forests,

(2) the Director General of Posts and Telegraphs

(3) Deleted,

(4) the Director, Imperial Institute of Vetermary Research, Pusa

(5) the Director General of Observatories

(6) the Auditor General

(7) Deleted,

(8) the Controller of the Currency,
(9) the Chief Inspector of M nes in India Dhanbad and

(10) the Military Adviser in Chief, Indian States Force.

located on public grounds at a bill station and who is not entitled to livery, may be provided with warm clothing costing Rs. 780 a year or Rs 15 every second year, and with a blanket costing Rs. 280 every year

Nore.—Warm clothing may be supplied under orders of the local Government to No. 163.

oge 153, Appendix 5, Rule 8-Delete clause (e) under this rule

[C A Code, Vol I, 8th Edn (2nd Rep.), No 163, dated 2nd January 1937]

(f) The charges must be brought together in the contingent bill in such a manner as to enable the Account Office to see that the total cost is within the limit prescribed, and that the rules have been observed

(9) Charges for clothing and other articles for supply to inferior servants should be supported by a certificate to th ments held by the inferior servants for

heen supplied with them during previou

other articles and the rate at which paid for, should also be stated. II Provincial—(h) Liveries may be supplied under

Government, which rules should (1) name the office be supplied with liveries , (2) state the those offices may be supplied with les the cost of each livery supply liveries to their

livery, or each check the

ed to want of each as Account Office to own are duly observed

muer the rules of the local Government ...or servants requiring it.

so the submission of certificate and details in clause (g) at the case of (Provincial) liveries and warm clothing

__ in exceptional cases (e.g., in currency offices) imported locks may . the present be used but, as a general rule, locally manufactured locks should be used, the supply heing obtained from the Chief Controller of Stores, Indian Stores Department, who will purchase the locks in accordance with Rule 1 or Rule 2 of the Store Purchase Rules (Appendix 4 to this Code) As the requirements of individual officers in respect of imported locks are usually small and that cost trifling, such locks should ordinarily be purchased locally under Rule 3 (a) of the Store Purchase Rules. In cases where it is found necessary to purchase an imported lock through the India Store Department, London, the reason why an imported lock is considered essential should be stated in the indent

Demands for locks of local manufacture should be consolidated as far as possible and annual indents sent to the Chief Controller of Stores, Indian Stores Department during the month of December Fach lock will be subjected to inspec tion and test hefore issue by the Indian Stores Department Supplementary indents to meet emergent demands may however be submitted to the Chief Controller of Stores at auv time during the year

- 10 Motor Cars—Charges for the maintenance and upkeep of a car supplied to a Government officer other than Heads of Provinces and Administrations, if the public expense, will be borne by the Government and by the officer respectively, in the manner indicated below, the general principle being that the officer renge the car shall bear those of its running expenses which are largely dependent is regards amount on carefulness of management and which affect the continued efficiency of the car—
 - (1) The officer using the ca-shall pay the cost of petrol, tyre renerals manor repairs and renewals, labru occasional storage charges and ni than at the periodical overhaulung

Note—Minor reprirs and renewals are those which cost less than Rs 50 er at not connected with the prescribed periodical orethauling. Provided that It a new component costing more than Rs 15 is used in connection with a minor repair of renewal the officer shall be entitled to charge to Government its actual cost but not any mo whop charges on account of the examination of the defective car and the setting up of the new part

- (a) All other charges shall be paid by the Government, meluding wages of chauffeur and eleaner, the cost of antiform of the chanfleur, and all charges incurred in connection with the annual varnishing and the periodical overhanding.
- 11 Police Clothing -See 7 Jail Supplies and Police Clothing
- 12 Postal and Telegram Charges, I Postal charges—(a) Payment for Postal Commission on money orders and value payable parcels can be passed as ordinary contingent charges, unless in any case the Head of the Account Office considers it necessary to require the sanction of the local Government
- (b) No charges shall be entered in any contingent bill for any postage labels other than service postage labels except in the case of postage stamps required for letters or other articles to be sent to Foreign countries other than Privily possessions. Receipts from the Trectury Officer will not be necessary for the service postage stamps supplied under the procedure laid down in classes I the service postage stamps supplied under the procedure laid down in classes I and III of Article 93. In other cases receipts for expenditure nearried in the purchase of service postage stamps should be obtained upon appended form alled up by the treasury clerks and signed by the Treasury Officer.
- (c) Whenever the cost of an establishment is divided between two heads, the charge for service postage libels may be divided in the same proportion
- II Telegram charges—(d) Service posture estumes only shall be used in pay ment of telegrams despatched on public service whether sent from Government or railway telegranh offices except to the exes of telegrams sent from railway telegranh offices except to the exes of telegrams sent from railway telegranh offices except to the exes of telegrams sent from railway telegranh offices except to the exes of telegrams sent from railway things on the Bongal Dooner Railway in which exes payment will be made in exh

Norr-Telegraph offices are required to show an a recept for a State telegrant the amount near for it in service stamps and also to write prominently on the receipt to a 1's late."

(e) If any officer is compelled to send a telegram at a time when he is temperarily without service stamps.he should pay for it in each, and the record manufact to him will state when the value of the telegram but will not bear on it the word "State". The value of such telegrams as are paid for in each may subsequently be recovered from Government, a certificate signed by the head of the office that

the telegram was sent on State service and that cash payment was unavoidable heing attached to the voucher concerned

- (f) State messages may be classed as 'express" or "ordinary" at the discretion of the sender and the following general principles are prescribed for the guidance of officers, who should also bear in mind the necessity for keeping expenditure as low as possible
 - A telegram should not be sent where a letter would serve the same purpose equally well.
 - (2) State telegrams should, as a rule, be sent in tha "ordinary" class
 - (3) Messages should be classed as "express" only-
 - (a) in cases of great emergency,
 - (b) in cases where the despatching officer knows that the line is blocked and ensiders his message sufficiently important to take precedence of ordinary traffic
 - (4) State telegrams should, except when extreme precision is important, be expressed in as few words as possible, and mere auxiliary or connective words which can obviously be filled in by the receiver, should be omitted
 - (g) Books of telegram forms required for official use may be obtained on payment from any principal Government Telegraph Office
 - (h) If a Government official asks for repetition of a telegram received by him in his official capacity he shall not be required to pay any transmission charge in the first instance. If however the repetition reveals no error on the part of the telegraph service, the necessary charge will be recovered.
 - 13 I (a) The following rules govern the issue of official publications published in India -

A. Priced Publications

- (1) All departments of the Government of India, heads of departments and minor administrations under the control of the Government of India, whose printing charges are borne by the Stationery and Printing Department, will have separate wonetary allotments within which they will be at liberty to order from the Central Publication Branch the supply of their own publications or the publications of other non paying departments whether for their own use of the other control of the control of the other own publications and are undependently responsible for the preparation of their distribution lists will similarly be provided with separatic monetary allotments. Provision for the requirements of other subordinate offices will be made by their administrative offices or department; in their respective allotment. All indeeds for publications from these offices should be forwarded through their administrative departments.
- (2) Monetary allotments will be fixed on a five-year basis, the anyings or excesses in one year heigh carried forward to the next year until the end of the period of 5 years.

- 10 Motor Cars Charges for the maintenance and upkeep of a car supplied to a Government officer other than Heads of Provinces and Administrations, at the public expense, will be borne by the Government and by the officer respectively, in the manner indicated below, the general principle being that the officer nong the car shall hear those of its running expenses which are largely dependent as regards amount on carefulness of management and which affect the continued efficiency of the car -
 - (1) The officer using the car shall pay the cost of petrol, tyre renewalminor repairs and renewals, lubrie occasional storage charges and all than at the periodical overhauber t

Norz -Minor repairs and renewals are those which cost less than Rs 50 or 216 not connected with the prescribed perioded overhanding Prouded that II a new component costing more than IR a 15 is used in connection with a minor reput or renewal the officer shall be entitled to charge to Government its netaal cost but as any we keep charges on account of the examination of the defective car and the setting no of the new part

- (a) All other charges shall be paid by the Government including wages of chauffeur and cleaner, the cost of uniform of the chauffeur, and all charges incurred in connection with the annual rarnishing and the periodical overhanling
- 11 Police Clothing -Sec 7 Jail Supplies and Police Clothing
- 12 Postgl and Telegram Charges [Postal charges (a) Paymen's for Postal Commission on money orders and value payable parcels can be passed as ordinary contingent charges, unless in any case the Head of the Account Office considers it necessary to require the sanction of the local a-
- (b) No charem labela

No 191.

Substitute the following for the last sentence of Rule 12 (6) to this Fage 154, Appendix 5-

Appendix -

"A proper receipt in machine numbered Form No 18 A should always be obtained from the Treasury for the service postage stamps which are

[C A Code, Vol I, 8th I'dn (2nd Rep.) No 191 dated the let August 1937] purchased (cf Art 5, ibid)" rue is divited netween two heads, the and in the same proportion

II Telegram charges -(d) Service postage stamps only shall be used in pay ment of telegrams despatched on public service whether sent from Government or railway telegraph offices except in the case of telegrams sent from railway ciations

on the Bengal Dooars Railway in which case payment will be made in each Rore.—Televish offices are required to show in a receipt for a State telegram the amount new for it in service stamps and also to write prominently on the receipt the word " State"

(e) If any officer is compelled to send a telegram at a time when he is temporarily without service stamps he should pay for it in each, and the receipt granted to but our service stamps he should pay for it in each, and the granted to him will state the value of the telegram but will not bear on it the word "State". The value of the telegram but will not bear on it to recently Franced to him well state the value of the telegram but will not hear on it use "State" The value of such telegrams as are paid for in each may subsequently be recovered. be recovered from Government, a certificate signed by the head of the office that the telegram was sent on State service and that cash payment was unavoidable being attached to the voucher concerned

- (f) State messages may be classed as "express" or "ordinary" at the disert tion of the sender and the following general principles are prescribed for the guidance of officers, who should also bear in mind the necessity for keepin expenditure as low as possible —
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 - (2) State telegrams should, as a rule, be sent in the "ordinary" class
 - (3) Messages should be classed as "express" only-
 - (o) in cases of great emergency,
 - (b) in cases where the despatching officer knows that the line is blocke and ensiders his message sufficiently important to take piecedene of ordinary traffic
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 - 13 I (a) The following roles govern the issue of official publications put lished in India .-

A Priced Publications

- (1) All departments of the Government of India, heads of department and minor administrations under the control of the Government of India, whos printing charges are borne by the Stationery and Printing Department, while he stationer and Printing Department, with have separate monetary allotments within which they will be at liberty to order from the Central Prolitection Branch the supply of their own publications or the publications of the publications of other non-paying departments whether for their own us or for free distribution, without reference to those departments Subordinations of the distribution has the transparence of the independently responsible to the preparation of their distribution lists will similarly be provided with separate monetary allotments. Provision for the requirements of other subordinate offices will be made by their administrative offices or department in their respective allotment. All indents for publications from these offices should be forwarded through their administrative departments.
 - (2) Monetary allotments will be fixed on a five year hasis, the savings of excess in one year heing carried forward to the next year until the end of the period of 5 years.

- (3) Supplementary allotments necessitated by exceptional circumstances will be senctioned by the Department of Industries and Lahour and will lapse on the termination of the year for which they are intended. Exceptional circumstances might be considered to have prisen when large expenditure of a nonrecurring nature has to be incurred on publications not normally required by a department either for its own use or for free distribution
- (4) Supplies of publications will be regulated through the medium of (1) distribution hets and (2) indents which should be submitted in the Govern ment of India standard form No S 147 This form should be used for easual supplies as well as for giving standing orders for the regular supply of gazettes, journals and other remodical publications
- (5) The monetary allotment fixed for each office or department will be given an account number which should always be quoted in the case of supply by distribution lists on the duplicate printing requisition (Form No 5 99A) and in other cases on the form of indent. The value of supply in each case will be debited against the appropriate necount at full published page less & per cent discount Transit and other incidental charges will not form a chairs against the milenting department

No. 15.

156, Appendix 5, Rule 13-I Clause (a), A Priced Publications-

Sub clause (7)-

Delete the words 'by cash, cheque, etc, only" in one 9 of this sub c ause

) Sub clause (8)-

Delete the words "by cash, cheque, etc.," at the end of this sub clause (111) Insert the following as sub clause (9) and re number the existing

clauses (9) to (11) as (10) to (12) -

(9) Payment to the Central Publication Branch may be made by cash beque or by depositing the amount into a local treasury for credit to the 1 XXXIV Stationery and Printing Central-Sale of Gazettes and other 11 o 1st August 1937] heations', and sending the treasury chalan to the Central Publication In the case of small amounts not exceeding Rs 3 where it is nvenient to adopt any of the methods mentioned above, payment mr nade by non service postage stamps

[C A C de, Vol I 8th Edn (2nd Rep No lo dated 1st A) vil 19

substitute " 124 per

dated the 1st April

sub clause 7, 371

orce and Royal Indian ent of India), (2) the Telegraphs Department,

enue Department (Manu and Commissions (8) the - the Bengal Pilot Service

- (8) Publications of non paying departments indented for by raying deput ments will be supplied to paying departments on payment of the full published price less 25 per cent discount by eash, cheque, etc
- (9) All sums received by the sale of publications of departments other than paving departments will be credited in full to the head "AXMIV-Stationery and Printing Central " In the case of the sale proceeds of public catious of paying departments other than those referred to in Rule 2, 33 } per cent only wil be credited to that head, the halance being credited to the paying depretment concerned.

(10) Publications required for supply to the India Office, to Home Gov ernment offices and to the High Commissioner for India for official use will be charged against the matery allotment of the department responsible for the issue of the publication Copies sent to the High Commissioner for sale wil not le delited against the department concerned, but will be finally adjusted on the ale account of the Control Publication Branch The High Commissioner for India will continue to exerci e discretion in regard to the supply of copics of central publications free of charge to deserving institutions, societies, etc. but the cost of such any place wilt be deluted against the monetary allotiment of the department issuing the publication. For this purpose the High Commis-sioner will upper the Manager of Publications, at the end of every quarter with a list of publications issued by him free of charge to enable the latter to debit the cost against the monetary allotments of the department concerned

(11) The cost or parliamentary papers printed in India and supplied to the India Oface will be recovered from His Majesty's Stationery Office at the runes selling price in India less 25 per cent discount, plus the cost of trans niss on decuction being made for spoilt copies and for copies supplied for the of the India Office

B Unpriced Publications

The cost of printing of such publications relating to paving Department 1 horne In those Departments and of those relating to non paying Departmen is met cut of the Stationery and Printing Grant. The control over their dis tubution lests with the Heads of Departments responsible for their last a with out in any was affecting the monetary limits mentioned in the preceding rule:

Paception 1-Post and Telegraph Guide and the Government Telegrap Gazette and Public and State Abbreviated Addresses should be obtained from the Post Office and Telegraph Department respectively on each payment by officin an l others requiring them

Exception 2 -Publications tike the Madios and Bombay Army Lists which though a sued under the authority of Government, are published by a private pres are at o excluded from the operation of the rule Payments for the number of comes of such publications taken by Government will be recovered by the press of hills submitted against the department concerned

(b) Official publications! (other than parliamentary papers) published_1 The following are not to he rugland should be procured by Departments considered official publica th Government of India, and by local Govern tions -

Acts of Parliament (except ments requiring them for their own use and fo Military Acts, which the Secretary of State will supply) -

London Gazette War Office Army List British Postal Gu de British Code List Royal Navy List Mercantile Navy List

the use of the officers subordinate to them, b indents forwarded to the address of the Assistan Under Secretary of State for India, the revenue (Central or Provincial) to which the cost is charge

able, the head of account or grant to which it i debitable being specified in the requisition

(c) Parliamentary papers required for Departments and officers elsewhere the in the Presidencies of Madras and Bombar will be supplied as published by the Secretary of State to the Home Department of the Government of India under the

APPENDIX 5

- (c) These rules do not apply to maps supplied by the Survey Department for which there is a set of rules issued by the Surveyor General, which is published at pages 964 and 965 of Part II of the Garette of India, dated 6th September 1902.
- for acting

 (1) the payments are of a purely contingent character, are drawn on contingent that only the payments of a purely contingent character, are drawn on contingent bill and may be withdrawn at any time at the discretion of the

thdrawn at any time at the discretion of the

No 62

Page 159, Appendix 5, Rule 14-

- (1) Insert after the words " night Durwans " occurring in line 6 of thi Rule the words ' or for similar services"
- (2) For the words inferior servan's" in line 5 of the main rule and 1 line 1 of provise (3) thereto substitute "Government servants"
- (3) In clause (11) of provise 3 substitute the words "a Government ser vant" for "an inferior servant" and in clause (11) of that provise substitut the words "Government servant" for "inferior servant".
- (4) For the words "Rs 2" in line 3 of proviso (3) to this Rule reac "Rs 10"
 - [C A Code Vol I, 8th Edn (2nd Rep.) No (', dated the lat July 1935]
- 15 Rent—(a) The rent of any land or building occupied for public purposes shall be paid by the public office or department occupying it, and recorded in the public accounts as a charge of that office or department. The first charge in every fiver made in any contingent hill should be supported by a certificate from the Exemitye Lugineer concerned, that a suitable huilding belonging to the same officering the supported was not available for the purpose required
- Norz 1.—In the United Provuees the annual certificats referred to in the above rile in respect of huidings rented for the use of the Departments of the Central Government will be given by the Head of the Department concerned after he has consulted such other odicers of the Central Government as may have buildings under their centre' at the same station.
- Note 2—The condition prescribed in clause (a) of this rule regarding the grant of an annual certificate by the Executive Engineer concerned, has been related in the case of the office accommodation provided by the Director, Intelligence Borrau, for his executive officers classifier than at Simila and Delhi and for his executive officers remaining throughout the year at Delhi.
- NOTE 3.—The condition regarding the Executive Engineer's certificate has been relaxed in the case of buildings leased for use as Post Offices engaged in recurring and delivering letters.
- (b) This rule does not authorise payments or adjustments between departments

APPENDIX 5.

(c) The responsibility for the recovery of rents from officers in Civil employ opporing public buildings ordinarily rests with the Public Works Department but in any front cases in there the cost of n building has been treated as a Civil charge, the Accommant General must take the nucessary steps to see that the Executive Engineer of the division concerned is furnished with the necessary particulars.

No1.—Lo.al Governments may delegate to Commissioners of Divisions, Heads of Departments, the Cinef Justices of High Courts, the Chief Judges of Chief Courts, the Judieval Commissioner Central Provinces, and the Revenue Commissioner, Baluch stant, the jower to sanction within the limit of budget provision, payment of reat on lands and outlidings levised by Government up to 2 limit of Rs 144 per annum in 2ald vice subject to the continon specified bove. Departments of the Government of India may delegate similar powers to the Heads of Departments under them Heads of Departments possess in addition to these powers power to sunction house rent for ordnary office accommodation referred to in Article 100.

- 16 Revairs -See 3 Construction and Repairs
- 17 Sanitary Installations See 4 Electrical Installations
- 18 Rubber Stamps See 21 Stationery and Printing Stores
- 19 Scales (Country) -Country scales are good enough for weighing letters They can be obtained from the Postal Workshop, Aligarb
- 20 Section-uniting and copying—(a) No charge may be made for section withing, se for copying manuscript by piece work, without the previous sanction of the authority which could sanction employment of an establishment The sanction should specify the number of men the number of words to be copied per rippe, and the rate for tabular work. The sanction may be given to the expenditure of a specified maximum sum in a fixed period, and the bills must state the number of persons paid and the amount of matter
- (b) No person in receipt of a salary from Government can be paid for section witing save with the special sanction of the local Government and no periodical ailor nuce may be charged as section writing

Norr - Herds of Departments, including in this term Collectors and District 1 Magis trates and District and Sessions Julges may be empowered by local Governments to sanction such charges within Budget limits and subject to the provise contained in the closing paragraph of the above rule

- 2I Stationery and Printing Stores—The conditions under which stationery and printing stores may be purchased locally and the financial limits on the powers of officers to purchase such stores locally are laid down in the Ruies for the supply of stationery and printing stores for the public service, which have been reproduced in Appendix 4A to this code
 - 22 Taxes, Municipal and Cantonment—(a) As a general rule, Municipal rates and taxes on non residential buildings paid by, or passed on to a Depurt ment, other than the Whitner Department, occupying the whole or part of the building is charged to continguous of the Department concerned Where, bowever, the whole or part of the fax is paid by the Public Works Department or by a Civil Department as the Department in administrative control of the building, the payments may be charged to the maintenance estimate of the buildings concerned

- (b) Taxes on non residential haildings occupied by Departments other the the Military Department, if paid by a department nominated by Government this behalf and not passed on to the occupying Departments are charged to "47 Miscellaneous-Rents, Rates and Taxes'
- (c) Taxes on residential buildings if payable by Government, whether t' buildings are under the administrative control of the Public Works Departme or any other civil department, are charged to the maintenance estimates of the huldings concerned

Norg.—In cases where the whole or any portion of the taxes, which by local ru or custom are ordinarily leviable from the tenant, is paid by a department other tha the department in administrative control of the building, the charge may be treate as contingent expenditure of the paying department.

(d) Taxes both on residential and non residential haildings owned or occupie hy the Military Department are debited to military estimates.

Norr .- The Rules regulating the payment of Unmerpal rates and taxes on hunk ings in the occupation of Departments of the Central Government or of Governmen servants under the administrative control of that Government will be fund : Appendix 5-4

23 Telegram Charges - See 12 Postal and Telegrom Charges

24 Typeuriters, Calculating Machines, etc - (a) Officers under the admir istrative coatrol of the Central Government (including Minor Administrations should obtain Typewriters, Copying Machines, Duplicators and Calculatin Machines, through the Controller of Printing and Stationery, with the previous sanction of a competent authority (side list in Appendix G to the Rules for th supply of Stationery Stores)

NOTE -A list of approved typewriters, etc., is given in the Stationery Office Pric Last and the sanctioning authority may authorise the supply of any of these types

(b) In the case of officers entitled to the free issue of stationery the hil for typewriters and other machines will be paid by the Coatroller, except that hill for the supply of a calculating machine will be forwarded with the supply to the indenting officer for payment direct to the supplying firm or agent. In the ease of officers who obtain stationery on payment (vide Appendix B to the Rule referred to above) the hill will be forwarded with the supply to the indenting office for payment to the suppliers

> paired_locally_should h the necessary repairs

d No machine can le rejected as worn out or unfit for use until it has been condemned by the Controller who, if he finds it in such a condition as to render further repairs unprofitable may issue a new typewriter in place of the one returned

Figury should be obtained

(d) Typewriters requir " 1

tioners, on hire That offi supplied After the Commission, etc., is dissolved, the machines should be returned to the Central Stationery Office, Calcutta In no circumstances should new machines he purchased direct for Commissions, etc, and a reasonable time must be allowed to the Central Stationers Office, Calcutta, to make the necessary arrangenents for the supply of the machines.

(c) The responsibility for the recovery of rents from officers in Civil employ overlying public buildings ordinarily rests with the Public Works Department but in exceptional cases where the cost of a building has been treated no a Civil charge, the Accountant General must take the necessary steps to see that the Executive Engineer of the division concerned is furnished with the necess ryparticulars.

Non.—Loud Governments may delegate to Commissioners of Driv 20th, Heads of Departments the Chief Justices of High Courts, the Chief Judges of Chief Courts, the Judgerd Commissioner, Cestral Provinces, and the Because Commissioner, Baliefi islan, the power to sanction, within the limit of budget provision, payment of rest or leads and unitings seased by Government up to a limit of Rs 144 per anium in each case subject to the continuous specified bove. Departments of the Government of India may delegate smaller powers to the Heads of Department suder them Heads of Department spoases an addition to these powers power to sanction hour-rest for ordinary office accommodation referred to an Article 100

- 16 Repairs See 3 Construction and Repairs
- 17 Sanitary Installations See 4 Electrical Installations
 - 18 Rubber Stamps See 21 Stationery and Printing Stores
- 19 Scales (Country) -- Country scales are good enough for weigning letters ie; can be obtained from the Postal Workshop, Aligarh
- 20 Section-writing and copying—(a) No charge may be made for section itling, so for copying manuscript by piece work, without the previous sanction the authority which could sanction employment of an establishment. The action should specify the number of men the number of words to be copied per pec, and the rate for tabular work. The sanction may be given to the expending of a specified maximum sum in a fixed period, and the bills must state the pulper of persons paid and the amount of matter
- (b) No person in receipt of n salary from Government can be paid for section ring; save with the special sanction of the local Government, and no periodical logatic may be charged as section writing.

Norr-He ' ' '

osing paragraph of the above rule

tlus term Collectors and District Magis be empowered by local Governments to a subject to the provise contained in the

- 21 Stationery and Printing Stores—The conditions under which stationers of printing stores may be purchased locally and the financial limits on the owners of officers to purchase such stores locally are laid down in the Ruies or the supply of stationers and printing stores for the public service, which have seen reproduced in Appendix 4 A to this code
- 22 Taxes, Municipal and Cantonment—(a) As a general rule, Municipal rates and taxes on non residential buildings paid by, or passed on to a Depurt next, other than the Military Department, occupying the whole or part of the building is charged to contingencies of the Department concerned Where, bow-yer, the whole or part of the tax is paid by the Public Works Department, or by a Civil Department as the Department in administrative control of the building, the purments may be charged to the maintenance estimate of the buildings concerned

- (b) Taxes on non residential huldings occupied by Departments other than the Military Department, if paid by a department nominated by Government in this hehalf and not passed on to the occupying Departments are charged to "47-Miscellaneous—Rents, Rates and Taxes"
- (c) Taxes on residential huildings if payable by Government, whether the buildings are under the administrative control of the Public Works Department or any other civil department, are charged to the maintenance estimates of the huildings concerned

Nort.—In cases where the whole or any portion of the taxes, which ey level rule or easton are ordinarily levable from the tenant, is paid by a department other than the department in administrative control of the building, the charge may be treated as contingent expenditure of the paying department.

(d) Taxes both on residential and non residential buildings owned or occupied by the Military Department are deluted to military estimates

Norm.—The Rules regulating the payment of Munucipal rates and taxes on building in the occupation of Departments of the Central Government or of Government screants under the administrative control of that Government will be found in Appendix 5 A

23 Telegram Charges - See 12 Postal and Telegram Charges

24 Typewriters, Calculating Machines, etc.—(a) Officers under the administrative control of the Central Government (including Minor Administrations) should obtain Typewriters, Copying Machines, Duplicators and Calculating Machines, through the Controller of Printing and Stationery, with the previous sanction of a Competent authority (vide list in Appendix G to the Rules for the supply of Stationery Stores).

Norr.-A list of approved typewriters, etc., is given in the Stationery Office Price List and the sanctioning authority may authorise the supply of any of these types

(b) In the case of officers entitled to the free issue of stationery the bill for typewniers and other machines will be paid by the Controller, except that a hill for the supply of a calculating finachine will be forwarded with the supply to the indenting officer for payment afrect to the supplying firm or agent). In the case of officers who obtain stationery on payment (wide Appendix B to the Rules referred to above) the hill will be forwarded with the supply to the indenting officer for payment to the suppliers.

d locally should be necessary repairs, No machine can be

rejected as worn out or unfit for use until it has been condemned by the Controller, who, if he finds it in such a condition as to render further repairs unprofitable, may issue a new typewriter in place of the one returned

(d) Tyr

Enquiry sho
tioners, on

supplied After the Commission, etc., is dissolved, the machines should be returned
to the Central Stationery Gffice, Calcutta In no
tances should no
reachines he purchased direct for Commissions, etc.,
be allowed to the Central Stationery Office, Calcutta to

ments for the supply of the machines.

mourton to Banks -- Commission to Banks for the remittance of funds is ordinarily madmissible. In very special cases, as for instance on Famine Relief Works, such charges may be allowed, but only when the arrangements have been sanctioned by the local Government who before sanctioning such special arrange ments should satisfy themselves by reference to the Deputy Controller of the Currency having juri-diction in the matter of resource arrangements that no more economical arrangements can be made, and that the particular method proposed is otherwise tree from objection

- & Construction and Repairs The classification of expenditure on constrution and repair executed by civil ofacer will be made under the followin miles -
 - (i) Where the buildings, ite, are under the administrative control of il Public Works Department, the expenditure should be charged to f grunt of that Department, provided that, if it does not ever R- 2,500 or any higher limit fixed, in this connection, by the lo Covernment, it may be charged as contingent expenditure for " works " expenditure if the local Government so prescribe) the Civil Department carrying out the work.
 - (a) Where the buildings etc., are under the administrative control of Departments which occups them the expensione should be tr as "works" expenditure of the Department concerned, but open to a local Government to declare works of petty cousts . and repairs up to a certain monetary limit to be fixed by it as works' and to classify expenditure relating thereto as con expenditure of the Department concerned.

Nort -The province in clame (if is not applicable to transportions of all rme ente in Governors' Province out to

No. 81.

'sky

age 150, Appendix 5-

Insert the following as rale 3-A with the heading Conveyance

3-A. Conveyance Hire When a non-gazetted or inferior (ervant is despatched on duty to a place at some distance from or is summoned to his office by a apenal order of a gaz-outside the ordinary hours of duty, the expenditure in be paid by Government and charged to contingencies, provided-

- (a) that the head of the office cer ifies that the was actually incurred, was unavoidable, and a scheduled scale of charges for the conveyance need;
 - (b) that the Government serrant concerned is not entit travelling allowance under the ordinary rules for t and that he is not granted any compensator, does not and will not otherwise receive any muneration for the performance of the duty which

the journey. . . . cox was (2rd Rep.) No S1, dated the 2nd South

APPENDIX 5 A.

[SEE APPENDER 5, RULE 22 (d) NOTE]

Rules for the payment of Municipal Rates and Taxes on Buildings

The following rules govern the payment of municipal taxes on buildings in the central Government or of Government servints in due the administrative control of that Government

I Taxes on buildings other than residential buildings

- (a) If the building is in the occupation of a single department, the taxes should be paid by that department
- (b) If the building is in the occupation of more than one department, or if the taxes are payable in a lump sum for a number of buildings in a miningial area, the taxes may be paid in the first instance, by any one department nominated in this behalf by the Government of India. When one of the several department occupying a building or huildings assessed to lump unit naise is either the Military Department or a Commercial Department, in portion of the taxes calculated protein in proportion to the accommodation actually occupied by each of the several departments, should be prised on to the Military or the Commercial Department concerned. The balance thereafter remaining if it relates to a ungle non-commercial department occupying the rest of the building, should be passed on to that department if it relates to more than one non-commercial department, it should not be passed on.
- Norm 1-Pefore payment is made by a department which is not in occupation of the entire building concerned or if payment cannot be delayed as soon after payment as joville an acceptance abould be obtained from every department which is in occupation of any portion of it

fore 2 - to municipal taxes are payable on public buildings attented in canton ments.

II Taxes on buildings occupied as residences

(a) Except as provided in the note below this rule taxes which are by local rule or custom ordinarily leviable from tenants should be paid, in respect of the term of his occupancy, by the occupant of the building even though be he entitled to rent free guarders.

Norz.—If in any case it has been decided by competent authority that the whole or any pertion of the taxes should be borne by Government and not be the occupant of the building the whole its; should be paid in the first instruce by the department in administrative control of the building and the portion if any, payable by the occupant should then be recovered from him

(b) Taxes which are by local rule or custom not ternshle from tenants should be not by the department in administrative control of the building the portion representing taxes in the nature of property or house tax being treated as part of the cost of maintenance of such building and the rest, if any, being recovered from the occupants concerpted.

APPENDIX 5 A.

[SEE APPENDER 5, RULE 22 (d) NOTE]

Rules for the payment of Municipal Rates and Taxes on Buildings

The following rules govern the payment of municipal taxes on buildings in the compation of Departments of the Central Government or of Government servings under the administrative control of that Government

I Tazes on buildings other than residential buildings

- (a) If the hulding is in the occupation of a single department, the taxes should be paid by that department
- (b) If the building is in the occupation of more than one department, or if the taxes are parable in a lump sum for a number of buildings in a municipal area, the taxes may be paid, in the first instance, by any one department nominated in this behalf by the Government of India. When one of the several departments occupying a building of subdings assessed to lump sum faxes is either the Uhitary Department or a Commercial Department, in portion of the taxes calculated practa, in proportion to the necommodnion netually occupied by each of the several departments, should be passed on to the Mittars or the Commercial Department concerned. The balance thereafter remaining, if it relates to a single non-commercial department occupying the rest of the building, should be passed on to that department if it relates to more than one non-commercial department, it—loud not be passed on.

Nors 1-Vefore payment is made by a department which is not in occupation of the entire building concerned or if payment cannot be delayed as soon after payment as resulte, an acceptance should be obtained from every department which is in accumation of any nortion of it.

Note 2-No municipal times are payable on public buildings situated in canton ments...

II Taxes on buildings occupied as residences

(a) Except as provided in the note below this rule taxes which are by local rule or custom ordinarily levinihe from tenants should be paid, in respect of the term of his occupancy, by the occupant of the building, even though he be entitled to rent free counters

Norz-If in any case it has been decided by competent authority that the whols or any portion of the lares should be borne by Government and not by the occupant of the lull ing the whole tax should be pand in the first instruce by the department in administrative control of the building and the portion, if any, payable by the ocupant should then be recovered from him

(b) Tuxes which are by local rule or custom not levishle from tensants should be noted by the department in administrative control of the building, the portion representing taxes in the nature of property or house tax heing treated as part of the cost of maintenance of such building and the rest, if any, heing recovered from the occupants concerned.

III Method of payment

The Government of India have prescribed that municipal taxes payable by Government on Government buildings should be paid by book adjustment or in each according as the municipalities concerned do or do not bank with a Government treasury

IV Certificate to accompany payment

(a) Charges for municipal taxes in respect of buildings which are borne on the books of the Public Works Department should be supported by a certificate from the Public Works Divisional Officer concerned in which he states utility that he accepts the assessment or, if he considere any assessment to be excessive, that all means have been or are being taken to secure its reduction. In respect of other Government huildings, the certificate should be given by the departmental officer concerned.

(b) If an assessment appears to be excessive, proceedings should be taken to obtain redress under the ordinary Municipal Law

Recourse to the special provisions of Act AI of 1881 may, however, be had went than been found impossible to effect an amicable, though possibly arbitrary settlement with the local authority of a ca-o in which the property to be assessed is, from its nature, such as not to admit of the application of ordinary principles in assessing the parment thereon of any particular tax. An example would be a case in which, whereas the assessment should be on the letting value, the property is of such a nature that it is difficult to concave of its being let or im possible to form an estimate of the rent which would be obtained if Government offered to let it

APPENDIX 6 .

(SEE CHAP 6, ART 110)

Inter departmental Transfers

Nort.—The rules in this Appendix are rules of accounts classification issued by the Auditor General water his statutory powers and are, therefore, binding on all Government is I lakis but a local Government has in respect of these rules, the power to decide withher a particular department or undertaking should to regirred as a Co intervil Department.

It is within the powers of a local Government to declare Government Printing or any underlying curried out by a Department such as a Jail Printing Press to be a Commercial Department, deeple the fact that Government Printing and Julis are included in the rules of this Appendix as instances of Public Service Departme, its

The tellowing rules are presented for regulating the conditions under which one department of the public service may charge another department for services rendered or articles supplied to it, and the procedure to be observed in recording such charges in the public accounts—

- I For the purposes of inter-departmental parments the Departments of Queremment are divided into service departments and commercial departments, according to the following principles —
 - A —Public Service Departments—These are conclinated for the discharge of those functions which either (a) are inseparable from, and form part of the idea of Government or (b) are necessary to and form part of, the general conduct of business. Their cost is shown in the public accounts as the cost of the service as a whole and without reference to the details of service rendered. e.g.—
 - (a) Administration of Justice Tails and Convict Settlements, Police, Civil Works Military Works Army
 - (b) Survey Government Printing Stationery
 - B Quan Commercial Departments These are maintained for the purpose of rendering particular services on partment made for the services rendered or for the articles supplied. Their functions are not part of the ordinary idea of Government or administration. e.g.—
 - Forests Po to and Telegraphic Railways Irrection Nationin, Finhankment and Drainner Works Cinchona Plantations Northern India Saft Revenue Department

II —A commercial department should charge any other department for services rendered or articles supplied in the same way as it would charge a member of the nable.

Norr -The Forest Department may charge any other Department for tegetable animal or nuneral products extracted from a forest area.

1 When a Commercial Department of the Central Government, which has to pay intered on its onlistondine expaid executes works for another Department of Government Central or Provincial, interest on the capital expenditure during the period of contraction will be charged and adjusted in accordance with the following rules, whether the works, after construction are to be handed over finally

or only for use subject to payment of rent at fixed rates to cover interest on capital outlay and maintenance charges ---

- (s) Interest at the rate charged by the Governor General in Council for advances to the Provincial Lorns Fund during the year, should be calculated on half the sum of the anadjusted outlay on each work at the beginning and end of the year. In the case of company managed Railways which have to pay to Government interest on capital advances calculated on monthly or half yearly balances under the provisions of their working contracts, interest should be calculated monthly or half yearly as the case may be, on the capital optlay up to the end of the preceding month or half year, plus half the outlay of the month or the half year concerned
- (a) The whole of the amount recoverable from a particular department for any financial year should be debited to that department annually in one lump sum
- (111) In the accounts of the department executing the work the recoveries of interest should be taken in reduction of the interest charges payable by that department. The corresponding debits may be adjusted by the paying department as follows -
 - (c) as payments of rent, in the case of works that are to be handed over on a rent paying basis , and
 - (b) as part of the cost of the work in accordance with the principles in paragraph 275 of the Public Works Account Code, in the case of works which are to be handed over finally after con pletion

Norr 1—Interest should also be levied as indicated in clause (s) thore when works of the nature mentioned are executed by such Commercial Departments for Local bodies private firms or individuals which have not deposited with Government the cost of the cost the cost of the works

Note 2 -The above rule is not binding on a Provincial Government in case the department executing the word is a department of that flovernment.

UI -Deleted

IV -Service departments are not allowed to make charges against other service departments for services which fall within the class of duties for which they Services rendered or supplies made to commercial are con tituted (see rule VI) hould however be

No 146

Page 166, Appendix 6, Rule IV-

Substitute the following for the existing sub p The suply of residential accommodation by one te pontalina

another shall not for the purposes of these rules be held in all such cases the rent of arged for residential accomable un t r the rules for the time being in force from accommodation

bases he the rent ter in rest ly accommodated ni i nroter int a ditta ! If Government see

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modation to the for the purpose

ervice rendered

[C A Code Vol I, 8th Edn (2nd Rep.) No 1 | ntl 1 rdm | n which now commercial activities are intermus, of the commercial and non-commercial activities should be directangled and this rule, including the

provisions of sub rule 4 below, should be applied to those activities only which are regarded as commercial For example, although the Porest Department is trended as a commercial department, the pranchplo of charging real. For meanmoid of supplied by the Public Works Department (see "mb rules" below) should not be applied to the Pouble Works Department (see "mb rules" below) should not be applied to the Porest Research Institute and College, Delum Dun, as the Institute of the institution is to curry on reserved work and to trum men for service in the Porest Department, and nothing is manufactured in the institution for a commercial system of necounts mustured §

- 1 Connet bloom is, however, manily charged for, such as that supplied to the Public Works Department (Government of India, Finance Department, Resolution No 517, dated 20th Jinnary 1872), and to the Porest and Navy Departments ab Port Blur. No charge is, however, made in the even of works undertaken by the Public Works Department at Port Blarr, which are treated as jail works
- 2 Expenditure by the Pablic Works Department on buildings of commercial departments is charactelle to the great of those departments Similarly, the expenditure in the Pablic Works Department in connection with building works which have been entired to the administration of a non-commercial department using or requiring them should be charged to the grant of the department concerned. Where however the works, the administration of which is not transferred from the Public Works Department are on the Public Works Department excepted by another department obtained of the Public Works Department, the charges in connection with them are debutible to the Public Works Great See also Roll 3 of Appendix 5
- 3 The Army Department should, in respect of inter departmental transactions, charge and be charged for services to and from other departments, unless the resulting accounting and look keeping will releasly lead to undesarable and expensive complications. In cases where it is emasdered that such complications are likely to arise, a decision to depart from the general principle should not be taken by the educational authorities will out consulting the under office concerned. The reasons for anch a departure should invariably be recorded in full.

Norr—The cost of gittonery supplied to and runting work done for the writen perfect of the cost of the

Priced publication of the Carl Departments of the Central Government are supplied to these officers on each priment only Unpriced evil publications no, however, supplied to them free of chargo under the special sanction of the Carl Department concerned Similarty, unpriced publications of the Military Department are supplied free of cost to the Carl Department under the operal sanct on of the Director, Royal Indian Navy, as the case may be

- 4 Rent shoull be charged for office accommodation supplied by the Public Works Department_io_Commercial_Departments and Government Commercial_Department for The rates to be charged for 100 square feet of accommodation occupied may be fixed by the Public Works Department necording to the local rates.
- Departments of the Army and Military units and formations are not required to pay year for offee recommodation supplied by the Public Works Department in Central (Civil) Italians in any string in Index; he are sent charged for multiprobabilities in any station in Index is one sent charged for multiprobabilities; in any station in Index occupied by offices maintained from Central (Civil) Revenues with the execution of those multiprobabilities in any design of the Indian Posts and Telegraphs Department

Presistion - A local Government may, in regard to individual commercial departments or undertakings, relax at their discretion the provisions of this sub-rule

V -- Deleted

VI —A branch of a service department supplementary to its general duties is sententines constituted upon commercial principles, and so far as regards the work of this branch, it is allowed to charge as a commercial department, e.g.,

Jail manufacture, Survey map publishing, Printing (Publishing Department), Steamers employed in carning freight, Mint (Micellancous Services other than Rupee Comage), Government Commercial under taking

VII —A branch of a department whether service or commercial constituted for the sub-vidary service of that department but employed for analogous service of snother department, may charge that other department e.g.

Workshops of a department Agent for Government Consignments (ecryices for Civil Department) Mathematical Instrument Factory, Supply and Transport (employed on petty services), Dockwards Arsenals

Note—Types and other printing materials and all stores supplied by the Central Press Calcutta cities from its workshop or by local purchase, to Provincial Government Presses should be charged for the valuation in the case of articles from factured at the workshop being taken at the approximate cost of product on without any argin for profit The Accountant General Central Revenues will rise the necessary debit in his serkange account with the Account Officer concerned

VIII—(a) A regularly organized store bronch of a department (whether service or commercial), should charge any other department whose requirements it is made, for the convenience of the public service, to supply eg =

Medical Stores to Civil Departments and stores issued by the Army to other

Norr--Public Works Department Stores referred to in paragraph 187 (1) of the Public Works Account Code should always be charged for

(b) In order to prevent undue exaggeration of the public revenue and expenditure, a store department which is systematically employed in supplying the requirements of another department, should take the credits it receives by deduction from its extenditure on stores, and not by credit to receives.

IX —A public department cannot be assessed to pay revenue to Government, but fees and duties levinble by law must be paid by public departments in the same way as by purities individuals

X.—All payments of amounts due by one Public Department to another should be made by book transfers, except when such transfers do not suit the methods of account or of business adopted by the receiving department. When payments are made by the issue of cheques the procedure prescribed in Article 23 A should be observed.

NOTE 1—The cost of stationery supplied to the Bulway Department (Railway Board) from the Contral Stationery Stores, Calcutta and of all pranting work excusted for it at "11. Government of India preserve will be "Aquistel by book debut. The amounts will be shown as deduct entires under the head." 48 Stationery and Printing—Central", the entires being prepared by the Controller of Printing and Stationery in communication with the Accountant General, Central Revenues, and the Railway Department.

Nore 2—Pryment, for Reuter's and Indian News Agency messages, supplied to High Officials and Government Departments should be made by chemics drawn on the Imperial Bank of India in favour of the Accounts Officer, Telegriph Check Office, Cilicuita Where, however, this is not possible, the payment should be made by

APPENDIX 6

Remittince Transfer Receipt or demand draft at par without stamp duty, marked Government Account " See Article 168 and the Note thereunder

Note 3—Claims on account of reats and maintenance of telegraph wires leased to the Public Weiks Department, and of chegraph lastraments, etc. supplied that department are not adjusted by book transfer Half serily bills for the periods ending on the 30th Jone and the 31st December surjoined by details such as the total an ount of the previous bill and particulars of the fresh charges working up to the total of the new bill, are presented to the Account Officer concerned by the respective Deputy Accountant General, Posts and Telegraphs, for transactions within his Audit Circle The amount of there hills should be accepted in full, subject to readjustment later if necessary, on verification of the details in correspondence with the officers of the Public Works Department concerned, and should be paid by means of non negotiable Bank draft on the Imperial Pank of India in favour of the Deputy Accountant General, Posts and Telegrapis, concerned

The debits appearing in the Bank Account should be treated as Public Works Remittances and adjusted in the manner faid down in Article 692, tudit Code Where the payment has to be made by a Pay and Accounts Officer, he will have the option of paying by cheque or Brink drift as may appear to him convenient

As there is no branch of the Imperial Bank of India of Rauch, the claims of the Telegraph Department against the Public Works Department in Bihar and Ories, are paid by the Accountant General, Bihar and Oriess, by means of Remittance Transfer Receipts

Note 4 -The use of Railway Credit Note and Warrant Forms being permissible only on prement of the prescribed commission, it is now open to departmental authorities to tender payment for radway freights and fares in eash

ANNEXURE

(SEE NOTE TO ROLE IV)

List of Commercial Undertalings of the Central Government.

- 1 The Security Printing, India, including the Central Stamp Store, Nasik Road
- 2 The Currency Note Press, Nusik Road,
- 3 The Imperial Institute of Animal Husbandry and Dairying, Wellington
- 4 The Opium Factory, Ghazipur
- 5 The Imperial Veterinary Serum Institute, Izatnagar
- G The Indian State Broadcasting Service
- 7 The Indian Radio Times, Bombay Section
- 8 Indian Light house Administration (Headquarters and Light house Districts)
- 9 Commissariat Department, Andamans (Butchery, Bakery, Dairy, Ice Factory)
- 10 Navy Department, Andamans (Dockyard Accounts)
- 11 Shipping Office, Andamans.
- 12. Forest Department, Andamans.
- 13 Bengal Pilot Service, Calcutta

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APPENDIX 7

(See Chap 7, Art 110)

Rules for the payment of compensation for land taken up under the Land Acquisition Act I of 1894 (Finance Department Resolution No 2209 A dated 19th May 1895—As modified by Finance Department No 3469 A dated 12th August 1896, No 4166 A, dated 21st September 1897 No 1605 A, dated 3rd April 1900 and No 289 A, dated 19th March 1914)

Land Aequisition Officers

1 After all prelumnanes in respect to estimate etc. that may be required the departmental rules in farce for the time being have been duly carried out the land will be taken mader the Act either by the Collector or by come special officer who is placed at the disposal of the Public Works Department and invested with the powers of a Collector under the Act — the procedure differs in the two cases.

Procedure of Special Officers appointed under the Act

*2 Officers who are specially employed for this worl being invested with the respect of a Collector under the Act and placed at the disposal of the Public Worl's Department are regarded as Public Works disbursers and are supplied with funds in the manner prescribed for the works onthat of Public Worl's officers if expenditure being accounted for under the rules in the Public Works Account Code The following procedure shall be observed by such officers.

3 When an award is made under section 11 of the Act the officer shall have a statement prepared in the appended form (marked A) showing the amounts pay able to each person under the award and shall on the day the award is made, forward a copy of the statement signed by himself to the Accountant General with whom he is in account. Before signing the copy, the officer should carefully satisfy himself that it correctly shows the amounts due under the award as de of the himself enter the total of column 6 of the statement in words both in the original and copy. A subsidiary statement in Form AA giving particulars regarding the acceptance by the persons concerned, of the amounts entered in column 6 of the award statement should also be furnished to the Accountant General as soon as possible. If the subsidiary statement is not complete on the day that the award is made the necessary entries in column 7 of statement A will be made in the Accountant General's office on the receipt of the statement in Form AA

4 In cases where an award has been made by a Court under section 26 of the Act, a second award statement should be prepared in the accompanying form (marked B) by the Land Acq institute Officer as soon as the decision of the Court is acceptaired and a copy thereof forwarded to the Accountant General On receipt of this statement the Accountant General will proceed to check the entries in columns I to 4 with the original award by the officer

5 Any change in the apportanement of the officer's award made by a Court under section 30 of the Act should also similarly be communicated to the Accountant General for the necessary corrections in the award statement. And if under

Unless there be something repugnant in the subject or context the rules given in this appeal of for the acquisition of lind for the Public Works Department apply mutatis mutantle to their departments of Government also

-ection 31 (3) of the Act, it has been arranged to grant n compensation otherwise than in eash, the nature of such compensation should be clearly specified in the column of remarks in the inward statement.

*6 In giving notice of the award mader section 12 (2) and tendering payment ander section 31 (1) to such of the persons interested as were not present personally or by their representatives when the award was made, the officer shall require them to appear personally or by representatives by a certain date, to receive payment of the compensation awarded to them intimating also that no interest will be allowed to them if they fait to uppear. If they do not uppear, and an act apply for a reference to the Civil Court under section 18, the officer shall, after any further endeavour to secure their attendance that may seem desirable, cause the amounts due to be paid in the treasury as revenue deposits payable to the persons to whom they are respectively due, and vouched for in the accompanying form (marked E). The officer shall also give notice to the pages of such deposits specifying the treasury in which the deposits have been made In the Collector's accounts the amounts deposited in the treasury will at once be charged off as Public Works expenditure, and when the persons interested under the av ard ultimately claim payment the amounts will be paid to them in the same manuer as ordinary revenue deposits. The officer should, as far as possible, arrange to mal e the payments due in or near the village to which the payers belong, in order that the number of undishnesed sums to be placed in deposit on account of non attendance may be reduced to a minimum " benever payment is claimed through a representative, whether before or after deposit of the amount awarded. such representative must show legal anthority for receiving the compensation on hehalf of his principal

A orn 1 — In the Tunjab in the case of petty payments if the payers do not appear on the day of head for payment and do not apply for a reference to the Cavil Court in the section 18 the others shall issue notices to them informing them that if they do not intend to a certain due to be compensation awarded them will be remitted by money order, the amount of the money order fee being deducted. The following rules must be observed in making such payments by money order.

(1) No sums exceeding Rs 50 in each separate case may be paid by money order

(ii) No compensation due on account of land which is owned jointly by the proprietors of a village or sub division of a village may be paid by money

(iii) In each money order so issued, the purpose of the remittence should be by this with an the archaeological parties, thereof in contamination of the printed entry. Received it is sumspected to have on sufficient space being left below the manuscript entry thus made for the significant or thumb impression of the parce.

On recent of the money order acknowledgment daly signed by the payer it doubt be attached to the usual recent in Form C in which the full muon into the commensation and the deduction made therefore on a recount of the money order fee should be clearly along it is recent will then be disposed of in the usual way. The Account Department will except such voucher with the money order acknowledgment as a valid recent for the full amount entered therein.

(ii) For the words " paid in my presence by each " in Form C, the words " and by money order" shall be substituted.

The Accountant Ceneral will accept in the case of compensation paid by money order, a receipt for the amount entered in the award statemen less the amount of the money order fee as a valued accept for the full amount entered in the award statement.

award, or as soon as he ascertains that an award has been made by the Girl Court, Irepare o statement in kerm A or B or in both, as the case may he, showing the mononts due, and forward n copy thereof to the Accountant Generol concerned in the manner prescribed in paragraphs 3 and 4. Additions and olterations in the ward statement should also be communicated to the Accountant Generol as prescribed in paragraph 5, and a subsidiory stotement in Form AA should, if necessary, he turnished as laid down in paragraph J. The procedure laid down in paragraph 6 should olso be observed by such Collector or Civil Officer

- *13 In making the payments due under the award, the Collector shall toke from each person to whom poyment is made a receipt in Form C, containing a niferance, to the particular entry in the award showing the amount due to the payer. In the case of poyment to a number of persons under a single oword, an ocquittance roll may be substituted for separate receipts as laid down in paraph 7. These receipts will be the Treasury Officer's souchers for the payments, and shall be forwarded by him with the secounts of the mouth to the Accountont General. For payments into Civil Courts the procedure laid down in paragraphs 8 and 9 should be observed.
- 14 The Treasury Officer has no concern with the award or with the navard statement, he makes the payments ou the nuthority of the Collector, or other officer a-vesting compensation. The Collector may either draw the dmount to he dis bursed to each paye separately, in which case he should countersign the receipt in Form C, and make it payable at the Treasury to the payes, nilering the words
- 'l'aid in my presence in cush to he disbursed by herqui' to "Pny", or he may draw the total amount to he disbursed by him under the award on his own receipt as an advance, and after moking the payments forward the receipts of the payees to the Ireasury Officer in odjustment of the advance. In the former case, an advice het of the forms passed for payment should he sent to the Treasury Officer, who in turn should sen weekly on odvice of orders paid

Audit by Account Officers

16 Whether the payment is made by a special officer or by the Collector (or other Civil officer) the audit of the Accountant General shall consist in seeing that every payment is supported by a recept in Forms C, CC, D or L, and that the amount paid on such recept is the amount payable under the nward, as shown in the statement of which he will have received copies under the preceding orders. The Accountant General will also note in the last column of Form A the date on which possession is taken os reported to him by the Excentive Engineer or other column.

16 The Accountant General will, as he receives the vouchers, fill in the entries in the appropriate columns of the oward stotements (Forms A and B); and as he receives the reports of possession he will fill in the entries in column 10 of this statement in Form A when all the vouchers showing either payment to the pairs. or payment into the Court on deposit and reports of possession have been received, he will forward the completed statements in Forms A, AA, and B to the Chief Revenue Authority. This will complete the oudst of the Accountant General, any other or further returns or reports from the officers who assess or pive compensation will be disposed of by the Chief Revenue Authority without reference to the Accountant General. See also Articles 556 to 558 of the Audit Coul.

17. Deleted.

*18 When the land is acquired for, and the cot is delatable to, any other Department than the Public Works Department, the procedure will also be the same, the Account Officer who will midit the payments being substituted for the Accountant General.

Procedure when no money compensation is paid.

10 In cores in which compensation is granted in the abope of either land in exchange or remission of revenue as provided in rection 31 (3) of the Act, and the land is acquired for Government purposes, no adjustment of the value of the land given in exchange will be required, unless it is reparately purchased by Government. If, however the land is acquired for a body financially independent of Government, the value of the tovernment land given in exchange and the expitalised value of the abustment of Land Revenue should be charged against advances of funds (paragraph 21) made by that body

Investment of compensation money deposited in Court.

20 Investments under rections 32 and 33 of the Act of money deposited in Court should be arranged for, in the care of purchase of Government recutifier, in communication between the Court and the Deputy Controller of the Currency conceined, and purchase of fand should be effected under the Court's orders through the Collector or other Revenue Authority of the Province. The Deputy Controller of the Currency will inform the Court what sum should be remitted to enable him to make the investment, and this amount will be paid from the deposits in Court.

Audit, Adjustment and Recovery of payments on behalf of bodies financially sudequendent of Government

21 In any case in which land is negured for a Municipality or other body mentally independent of Government, the local Government may direct that the payments, instead of being made and audited in the same manner as the ordinary payments of such body, shall be made and audited as if the land were being acquired for Government. If the local Government issues such in order, the Collector or other officer who makes payments on account of the land acquired in the first payment from the Treasury and make payments in the manner laid down in these rules, using the forms prescribed and shall render his accounts to the Civil Accountant General. The Minnerphity or other body will pay the estimated, east of the compensation to the credit of Government may direct, further payment to Government being required as soon as the Accountant General reports that the payments made exceed the amount received in advance. The Accountant General will deal with the accounts and payment in prescribed in these rules, debuting the payments against the advances received for the Minnerphity or other body.

IT few sums cloud be crodict in the tressury accounts to a special deposit herd under Carl Deposits—" Deposits for work done for Politic botics or Individuals ", while any clarify a should be supported by the presented voichers unless these caused to funnished at once, in which case the Accountant General will place them under objection, till the necessity considers have been obtained. If the nourling officer should at any time have in hard any sum in excess of his fameliate requirements, be should right till the library sum in excess of his fameliate requirements, be should right to the special deposit herd, any claimes of the am originally excluded, which is not chimed at the expactation of a year from date of the award wall be posid into a Grad Court by the officer in accordance with Rule S.

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-, Pergannah persons interested in the plot of land situated in the tillaye of He Perenue Roll of the District of

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Nor - In soling there particular in the Award Statement of may be sufficient to enter the letter, a, b, o or d, as the case may its, in column, of the Statement, when the whole amount of the award is shown mone of the four sub-columns a, b, o or d in this anison.n. Particulars of amount entered in column 6 of the award statement. the treasury in which it is depont. Amount undisburs. aftendance, and dowing to non-. page ě Reasons for depositing AMOUNT DEPOSITED IN COLRT -, dated-Court Pariculars regarding the acceptance by the persons concerned of amounts entered in Award Statement No. Garette, ruz , No ---Amount 2 Amount accept [Amount accept ed under pro 2 dated ed without Ra a. p protest Name of work for which land has been acquired payment is made under Name of person to whom No and date of declaration in the award, Serial No. 12 the Statement of A ward under section 11 of

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APPENDIX 7.							
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erre for transfer to cred t of Revenue deposits the som -on account of compensation for land taken up for the RE FOR WHICH LAND HAS BEEN ACQUIR REMARKS. Land Acquisition Officer. Received the above amount and credited to Nevenue Deposits. Treasury Amount payable å toesch ž , payable as detailed below ---Area of land. Acres ran charge ofnersons to whom due Names of 30 Dafed

APPENDIX 8

[Ser Cuuten 9, Afficie 150 (h)]

Rules made by the Governor General in Council for the guidance of persons sending patients for anti rabic treatment and for patients arriving at a Pasteur Institute

Norm 1 —The expenditure connected with levre, advances, travelling expenses and mainter ince charges, etc., of Lovernment servants under the administrative control of a promeral Coremnent as well as the promeral expediture, connected with the aid given to offer persons for anti-rabse treatment is regulated by the rules of the Government concerned.

Note 2-Tie term 'Pasteur Institute' or 'justi uto as used in these rules includes its caux Government base to a 121.

Page 183, Appendix 8-

Insert the following below Note 2 at the beginning of this Appendix -

Nozz 3.—The term "Government servant as used in these rules includes daily abouters employed at the Imperial Institute of Veterinary Research, Mustesar and its sub-stations at Latinagor

- [C A Code, Vol I 8th Edu (2nd R p) No 12t dated the 1st 1 chiuaty 1936]
 - (1) A Government servant of the Cival Veterinary Department or the Medical Department will be treated as on duty for the purposes of pay, travelling allowance, leave and pension for the periods covered by his journeys to and from the Institute and his residence there for treatment, provided that he came into contact with a ribid or suspected animal or with a case of hydrophobia while actually dis charging his official duty
 - (2) Any Government servent who has difficulty in finding at once the recens to enable bin to proceed to an institute and whose substitutive pay exceeds Rs 100 but does not exceed Rs 500 a month, may be granted any virtually as a defined has selected to the institute and back, namely, (a) single fare each way by rink in of the class by which he is entitled to travel on duty, and (b) for jour mays by road or by inter and occan steamers, the cettual cost of transit, not exceeding the traveling allowance admissible for journeys on duty under ordinary rules. He may also be given in advince of one month's substantive pay and be granted one months casual kave, or, when it e appointment of a substitute is found necessity, one month's extra leave on average pay, which will not be distilled to the Government servant's leave nee out any leave required in excess being granted under the ordinary rules.
 - (3) If a Government servant is considered too poor to proceed to an institute at his own expense and if his substantive pay is not more than its. 100 a month, he may be granted his actual travelling expense to the institute and back as defined in rule (2) above and an advance.

of one month's substantive pay and leave as provided for in that rule (Government seriants of the third and fourth grades, as defined in rule 17 of the Supplementor; Rules to Fundamental Rules, may, however, be granted their full actual expenses for journeys by road if this concession is necessary)

Note -- The leave salary of a Government servant in inferior service during the onenth's extra leave on average pay granted under this rule is not subject to the usual conditions that there will be no extra expense to Government

- (4) If a Government servant is drawing not more than Rs. 25 n month, he may be granted, in addition to the terms mentioned in rule (3) above, maintenance allowance during trainment as well as during the journey to and from the Pasteur Institute at the rate of daily allow ance admissible to his grade under Rule 51 of the Supplementary Rules.
- (5) If a Government servant drawing not more than Rs 100 a month is, by reason of age or other sufficient eause, incapable of travelling alone and therefore, requires an attendant to accompany him and is unable to past the expenses, he may be allowed the cost, on account of one attendant, of railway fare, if no railway concession is gruited, and other travelling expenses and maintenance allowance at the rate sanctioned for the patient and also wages not exceeding 1 annas 3 day if the patient is unable to pay the daily expenses of the attendant (More than one attendant may be allowed in special cases as, e.g., when the patient is a woman and in addition to one attendant is compelled to tale one or more children with her?)
- (6) Any Government servant drawing a substantive pay of not more than 14s 500 a month may if a member of his family is bitten by a rabid animal and he has difficulty in finding at one the means of sending him or her to a Pristeur Institute, be granted an advance not exceeding the actual travelling expenses [as defined in rules (2) and (3) above] of the person bitten to the institute and back plus one month; an advance on If his substantive pay does not exceed Is 100 a month, an indvance of travelling expenses for an attendant, if neces sart, may also be given in the rate sanctioned for the patient
- (7) The advances mentioned in rules (2), (3) and (6) above will be recovered in not less than three, but not more than twelve monthly instalments. In the case of advances granted under rule (6) it a Government servants pay does not exceed its 50 a month or, if special circumstances exist which warrant the grant of a further concession to a person drawing not more than its 100 a month, the recovery of the amount advanced os travelling expenses for the attendant may be wanted advanced for the travelling expenses of a member of family of a Government servant whose substantive just does not exceed its 50 a month may also be waived.

Norr-The amount of the advance to be recovered monthly should be fixed in whole rupees, the balance being recovered in the last instalment.

- (8) The above concessions may be sanctioned by Departments of the Gov. ernment of India and by Chief Commissioners
- *Norr -In respect of Government servants under their administrative control Departments of the Government of India and Chief Commissioners may delegate the powers in full or in part to any authority subordinate to them.
 - (9) The Director of a pasteur institute may, on production of satisfactory proof of identity and of a lequite evidence that the patient, if a Government servant, did not receive an advance of one month's pay admissible to him under these rules as a recoverable loan, grant to such a Government servant an advance not exceeding one mouth's substantive pay, intimating the grant to the Head of the Department to which the Government servant belongs with a view to the recovery of the sum advanced from his pay in not less than three, but not more than twelve monthly instalments. The proof furnished by the Government servant will be made a voucher and the charge will be recovered by the Director from the local Treasury Officer, who will arrange to pass it on to the province concerned Subject to the same conditions of proof and recovery, the Director may also make, in very special cases, a further advance not exceeding half a month s substantive pay, to a Government servant who has already received an advance of one month's pay before his departure for the institute but has run short of funds while under treatment. Subject to the same conditions of proof and recovery, the Director may also pay as an advance the maintenance and return journey expenses of Govern ment servants drawing not more than Rs 25 per mensem up to the amount admissible under Rules (3) and (4) Any of the above advances may also be granted subject to the above conditions of proof and recovery, if applied for in the case of the family of a Govern ment servant undergoing treatment at the institute
 - (10) The above concessions may be extended to a Government servant with out a lien on a permanent post while officiating in a permanent or temporary post, the pay which he may draw while so officiating being taken as the substantive pay for the purpose of these rules The grant of the concessions in such a case is not subject to the usual condition that there must be no extra expense to Govern ment, so far as the one month extra leave on average pay men
 - tioned in rule (2) is concerned

2. Any indigent person unconnected with the public service who is bitten by a rabid animal but is unable to proceed to a pasteur institute at his own expense and who is not assisted from no -+

No 106.

Page 185, Appendix 8, Footnote*-

Delete the brackets and words (in respect of

Della Province)" in lines 2 3 of this footnote

[C. A. Code Vo I 8th Edn (2nd Rep.) No 108 dated the lat November 1935] Price anna 1 or 11d

woo sures to entitled persons (excinding Indian States' subjects) residing within his political charge. L2AGG

- (b) maintenance allowance at the following daily raies :--
 - Europeans and Ang'o-Judians Re. 1 during the journey and Rs. 2.8 0 during treatment, Indians 4 arises a day during the journey and 6 amins in day during freetment.
- (c) the cost on account of one or more attendants as in Rule 1 (5).

These concessions may be sanctioned by any Government scraam not below such rank as may be fixed by the Charl Commissioner of the province (except that the maintenance allowance, the return journey charges and the conveyance charges from the station to the institute, it necessary, win be paid by the Director of the institute, a subject to any further rates which may be made by the Chef Commissioner.

- (d) The Director may also make advances to indigent persons who come to the institute maying their own expenses up to the landing station but are made to pay the conveyance charges for the further ouward tommer or to maintain themse ves there or to ner for their actum journey. The nossibinty of recovering these advances should then be investigated in the lobowing manner. The Director should correspond direct with the officers in charge of the district to which the intents, to whom advances have been made, say they belong, and should ask them to take over for investigation clams in respect of the advances made D strict officers should also take over these chains us soon as they are satisfied that the persons who received the advances actually belong to their districts and should inform the Director that they have done so. The Director should then recover the amounts advanced from the T.easury, producing the district others' "acceptances" as vouchers, and the claus should then be passed on to the previnces concerned to be adjusted as the amounts advanced are recovered or written off under the local rules. Any sum which is found to be processable after being passed on to a distinct officer will be debited to the province concerned as a charge under the head " 47-Miscell mous-Miscellaneous charges for the treatment of patients at the pasteur institute" Otherwise, i.e., if no district officer takes over the claim, the Director will send to the Treasury Officer a certificate to this effect on which the advance will be a finaled to the Director. The amount will then be adjusted finally in the books of the Accountant General under the head specified above.
 - (e) With regard to indigent patients who are sent, for treatment, from the pastern institute to a Card or Cantonnent General Hospiti, the Director will in the first instance, defray the expenses connected with their diet and hospital charges ind, in case of death, of their build or elemation, as the case may be, and recover the cost in the same way as in the cases referred to in Rules 2 (d) and 4 (b).

³ An infunction in the form appended to these rules should be sent either with the prirent (in a closed cover addressed to the Director of the institute) or with as little delay as possible after the despatch of the patient.

- 4 Allowances for certified judgents and when namesuble, for their site darts also, will be drawn by the Director of the institute under the following jules --
 - (a) Converges charges from the landing station to the institute may be pain by the Director in exceptional cases in which indigent pith ats are not sufficiently provided with famils for their owned joint; and are mable to travel on foot owing to the severity of their wounds, ill health or old oge. Such charges will be supported in a certificate of indigence, insufficiency of finide supplied and inexpacity of the patient to travel on foot and will be recovered from the local treasury.
 - (b) Maintenance charges for days spent at the institute will be advanced by the Director and recovered by turn from the local Figure Officer. No refund will be made by the Treasmy Officer for my advance made unless vowebed for by a certificate stating indigence and the fund from which the expenditure is to be met.
 - (c) Traviling allowances and municulance charges for the return journey will be paid by the Director of the institute reconling to the russ admissible to a patient and will be recovered from the local Tree sury Officer. The charges will be supported by the intuition received from the officer who is responsible for the original advance and a discharge certificate from the Director in respect of each individual to whom advances are made on these accounts.

Norr 1-This rule may be ariended in respect of any institute by the local Government core med

Note 2 -11 ore alterness will be made from a permanent advance and will be recoupt on emendated bills

- 7. The cost of anti-rulin treatment of all employees of the Certral Government as well as of indigent persons belonging to centrally animumsterial areas, when treated at the Pasteur Institute, Krasauli or at any of its centres in such areas should be reimbursed to the Institute in accordance with the following rules.—
 - (4) In the case of Government servants, whose substantive pay executed Hs 100 per measern the charges should be recovered from the individuals concerned direct by the Director Protect Institute, Kassuli on the officer in charge of the Centre at which the patient is treated.
 - (n) In the case of a Government servant altose substantite pay does not oveced Its 100 per mensem the charge will be recovered from the Department of the Government of India on the Head of the Office or the local Administration under whom to is emply sed through a matterly bit s, and debited against the D partment but the protected but seen the contraction of the contract
 - (iii) In the case of and gent persons belonging to centrally administered areas the charge should be recovered by the Pastern Institute from the local Body or Administration whose offers send such a pat ent for anti-rabic treatment, by submission of quarterly bills. When part by Government the charge in such cases will be deluted to the head. "Af-Wiscell neous-Wiscell aneous charges for the treatment of patients at the Pastern Institute".

APPENDIX 8

FORM OF INTIMATION
(a)————————————————————————————————————
He has been granted the concessions noted on the reverse Nothing
for mainter ance at the institute and return
R* (as shown on the reverse)
journey has been advanced to him.
Station
Signature
(Despatching Officer)
Des gration
Dated the19
(a) Name of the patient. (b) Name of the attendant (if any sent) (c) I. Government servant. 2. Member of the family of \(0 \) 1 3. Indigent person.

(REVERSE)
of concernors granted to ent for artitrative treatment.
Advance of one month's substantive pay
Road journey allowance to the entraining Railway Station
elass Railway fare (tickets) to
Third class free tickets from to
class steamer or boat hire Bs. per head from 10
Diet en route days at per day
Road journey allowance from to
Mileage Rs.
Mo'or Transport Requisition No .
Coolie Rs.

hore....Cop es of this form may be obtained grates at the nearest dispensary or police station.

APPENDIX 8 A.

(SEE CHAPTER 3, APTICLE 41)

Rules regulating the preparation of last-pay certificates in cases of transfers on duty, or of return from leave

- 1 Transfers on duty may be of two kinds
 - A Government servant may proceed on duty from one province or circle
 of audit to another
- (2) A Government servant may proceed on duty from one place to another in the same province or circle of audit
- 2 In the former case the Government should obtain a certificate in Form 31 B
- 3 If he is employed at the station of the Acrountant General or Comptroller of his province, the certificate should be given by that officer
- 4 If he has to pass through that station on his way to his new province, the certificate should be given by the officer in charge of the treasury from which he last drew pay and countersigned by the Accountant General or Compiroller
- 5 If he is not employed at and has not to pass through, the Accountant General's statum, the certificate should be given by the officer on charge of the treasury and a duplicate of it should be forwarded by the Treasury Officer to the Accountant General for countersumature and transmission to the Accountant General of the transferred Government servant's new province
- Exception.—As an exception to Rules 3 4 and 5 above, the last pay certificates of non gractted Government servants transferred from one promise or circle of andit to another, may be given by the head of the office and need not be count ranged by the Audit Officer concerned, but in the case of transfers out of India, the last pay certificite should be signed by the Audit Officer.
- 6 In the second case of transfer the Government servint should obtain a last pay certificate in the same form from the officer in charpe of the treasury from which he last drew pay, or if he is a non gazetted Government servant from the head of the office under whom he was last employed
- 7 A Government servant who has drawn his leave salary in India should before returning to duty obtain a last pay certificate in the same form from the Andit Officer by whom or within whose jurisdiction his leave salary was east paid.

APPENDIX & B

[San Citar 9, Arr 159 (a)]

- Rules regulating the grant of advances to pay for the passages overseas of certain Government servants of non Asiatic domicile and their families
- 1 In these rules "family" means a Government servants wife, legitimate children and step children residing with and wholly dependent upon him
- 2 These rules apply only to greated Government servants of non Assate domes e holding substantively a permanent post is any of the Crul Departments or in the Military tecourist Department and to Mistory Commissioned Officer (including Military Assatont Surgeons with commissioned rank) of non Assate domestic in early employ.

Provided that in the case of officers who are entitled to free prisages under as seincits of passage concessions sunctioned by the Secretary of State, the Government of India or Provincial Governments in advance under these rules will be admissible only when they have exhausted their benefits under the scheme requestion. Advances in this cases it sonctioned after the 31st March 1925 vill beat invices in the creek of sonctioned after the 31st March 1925 vill beat invices in the creek of sonctioned.

Note—A Government servint a domic le for the purpose of the rules in this Appel ly is delair nel necording to the enterior hand down in Appendix B of Sch late IV of the Superior Cuil Strucer Pulse.

- 3 An advance may be made to a Government servent for the cost of passage by sen from a port in India to a pert outside Asia of himself and members of his family and also for the cost of the return 1010ge. The advance for members of its family will be admissible even though they do not accompany the Government seriant on the 1071ge.
- 4 The amount of each advance shall not exceed four months' pay of the Gavernment servant or Rs 6,000 whichever is less, subject to the further condition that it shall not exceed the amount actually required at the time for the purpose for which it is granted. It should be a sum expressed in whole rupees, being a multiple of 30
- 5 When an advance has previously been sanctioned the amount of a further advance should be so regulated that the total amount outstanding will not exceed the hunts mentioned in Rule 4. For the purpose of recoveries each advance shall be treated separately.
- 6 The sanctioning authority will be the Department of the Government of India or other subordinate authority to whom the power may be delevated with the consent of the 1 mance Department or the local Government under whose administrative control the Government servant is serving
- 7 An advance will not be admissible to a Government servent who does r t micen't returning 'o evi' duty on the expiry of the leave and the Government servent stall sulmit with his application for the advance a certificate that be intends to return to eval duty on the expiry of the leave. The applicant should

at the same time state whether he has taken, or intends applying for, an advance for the same purpose under the rules regulating the General Provident Fund or any other similar provident fund rules

S (a) Advances will be received in thirty six equal monthly instalments by compulsory deductions from pay, commencing from the first payment of a full month's pay after the advance is granted. Except as provided in clause (b) of this rule, no recovery will be made from a Government servant while he is on leave A horrower mint, however, made repayment in less than thirty six instalments provided that each instalment is a sum expressed in whole rupees or may repay two or more unsaliments at the same time.

Note.—The recovery of the advance shall ordinarily commence when the first perment of a full meath's pry 13 made to the Government servant on list return from leave. Hat when a Government servant while himself remaining on duty draws as advance for the members of his family only, recovery shall commence in the month following that Is which the advance is drawn.

(b) If the Government servant retires or applies for and receives permission to retire on the expiry of his leave, the outstanding balance of the advance (with interest, if any, accrued thereon) will be recoverable at once, but where andue hardship is likely to result from compelling parament in one installment, a Depart ment of the Government of India or the High Commissioner for India may pieru t a relaxation of this rule to the extent of allawing monthly recoveres the in addition the pension or leave salary admissible in the Government servant at a rate not less than half the monthly amount of such pension ar leave salary in applying this rule consideration should be given to the amount which will be handed over it a provident fund subscriber on his retirement.

Norm—The interest prescribed in the last scattered of rule 2 above will be simple interest and will be calculated on the blances outstanding on the last day of each month. The uneant of interest thus calculated will be recevered in one or nore instalments, each instalment being not appreciably greater than the instalment, which the principal was recovered. The recovery of interest will commettee from the month following that in which the whole of the principal has been repail

- (c) The borrower will submit to the audit officer concerned or if the advance is paid in England to the High Commissioner for India within three weeks of the receipt of the advance, receipts showing the amount of payments made for passages. Where, however, the money for passages has to be remitted from India to England (or size except), the time for submission may be extended by time months. In the event of failure to comply with this rule the amount advanced (with interest, if any, accrued thereon) shall be recoverable at once. If the receipts produced are for an amount less than that advanced the balance shall be recoverable at once.
- o bubject to the conditions of these rules the High Commussioner may anction an advance to a Government serunt on leare drawing his leave salary in London for the cost of return passages to India of the Government servant and his family, provided no advance for the same journey has been previously made
- 10 A Government servant receiving an advance under these rules will, on recupt of the advance, sign and deposit with Government an midertaking in Form 31 C

APPENDIX 8-0

[SEE INTRODUCTORY NOTES-PARA 1.]

Treasury Orders

the Secretary of State in Council, the Governor sue the following general orders under rule 16

ort title and date of effect

the Treasury Orders, and they shall come into h 1922.

II -Definitions

nperial Bank of India or may branch of the is officer in charge of the revenue administration

(c) Principal Auditor is used in the sense in which it is defined in the rules made under section 90 D of the Government of India Act.

(d) Treasury includes a sub-treasury

(e) Treasury Officer means the officer in immediate executive charge of a treasury.

Taxation of moneys standing in the public account,

a R Treasury Ordfold was for the
fold was for the
foreignes which
fole, Vol I, the Res
the charge of
my district not den

into two departments and that of the cash, n account must be either retained in a treasury flitions under which they are deposited in the Lithe-agreement of the Secretary-of-State in College of the Secretary-of-State in the Secretary-of-State in the Secretary of the Secretary of the Secretary control

covernor in Council, with the concurrence of the ct, there shall be in every district a treasury under if moneys atanding in the public account are, in Bank, the treasury of that district shall be divided by the of the account, under the charge of an accountant, at the charge of a treasurer

5 In any treasury m'which a Government servant of the Indian Audit Department has not been appointed, as such, to be treasury officer, the following orders will apply:—

(a) The treasury shall be in the general charge of the Collector, who may entrust the immediate executive control to a treasury officer subordinate to him but may not direct himself of adomistrative control. He shall be responsible for the proper observance of these orders and for the punctual submission of all returns required from the treasury by the Governor General in Council.

- (h) The duty of verifying and certifying the monthly each balance, if any, in the treasury, and of submitting monthly accounts in such form or forms and after such verification as the Auditor General may presenbe, shall be undertaken by the Collector or by such other officer as the Governor in Council may specify it must be performed by the Collector in person at least once in every period of six months.
- (c) A change of incumbent of the office of Collector shall at once be reported to the principal auditor concerned by the incoming Collector, who shall certify to the principal anditor the amount of the cash halance, if any, which he has taken over The certificate shall be submitted in such form and after such verification as the Auditor General may prescribe
- 6 In any treasury in which a Government servant of the Indian Audit Department has been appointed, as such, to be treasury officer, the duties of the Collector in relation to the custody of moneys in the treasury shall be such as the Governor in Council, with the concurrence of the Governor General in Council, may specify

SECTION V -- Payment of Government moneys into the public account

7 Except as provided in order 8, all moneys received by Government servanta in their official capacity, other than moneys withdrawn from the public account under the provisions of section VIII below, shall without undue delay he paid in fall into a treasury or into the Bank and aball be included in the general balances of Government Departmental receipts shall not be appropriated to meet departmental except with the sanction of the Governor General in Council

- 8 In certain exceptional cases, Government servants may be permitted to open a separate account with a bank and to pay into it moneys received by them in their official capacity The conditions on which such permission may be given are detailed in Appendix A.
- 9 (a) The procedure to be adopted by Government servants in paying into treasmines moneys derived from sources of provincial revenue and by treasuries in receiving such moneys and granting receipts for them shall be such as may be specified by the Governor in Council with the concurrence of the Auditor General
- (b) The procedure to be adopted by Government servants in paying into treasures moneys not derived from sources of provincial revenue and by treasuries in receiving such moneys and granting receipts for them shall be such as may be specified by the Governor General in Council
- (e) The procedure to be adopted by Government servants in paying moneys into the Bank and by the Bank in receiving such moneys and granting receipts for them shall be such as may be specified by the Governor General in Council.

SECTION VI -Custody of moneys standing in the public account

- 10 (a) The procedure for the safe custody of moneys in a treasury shall os as the Governor in Council, with the concurrence of the Governor General in Council, may specify
- (b) The Bank is responsible for the safe custody of Government moneys deposited in the Bank.

Steriox VII - Transfer of manshes

11 The tra

No. 23.

letween the ears a traismy and of the Currency section VIII tel

Page 194, Appendix S.C. Treasury Order 11-

For the words " Controller of the Currency " in this Ord

the words "Reserve Bank of India".

he words "Reserve Dank of Links (2nd Rep.), No. 23, dated lit &

12 Definite to this section withdrawal means the withdrawal of funds from the public account for expenditure on proxime it stiggets. The procedure to be adopted by Government scants in withdrawn, funds from the judic account for expenditure on critical subjects whill be such as may be specified by the Governor (seneral in Council).

- 13 General cole, "Uples in any case the Governor in Council, with the emembrace of the Andrian General, otherwise direct, moneys may not be within union the public account without the written permission of the treasure officer of a Government seriout of the Indian Andria Department authorised in this behalf by the Andrian General
 - 14 Power of a principal anditor A principal anditor may, subject to the general central of the Auditor General, permit withdrawal for any purpose
- 15 Instructions to treasury officer -- to) A treasury officer 1714 permit with drawal for the to lowing purposes ---
 - (1) To pay sums the by Government to the drawing officer
 - (ii) To place the drawing officer in funds to racet claims highly to be presented against Government in the immediate future by
 - (1) other Covernment servants or
 - (2) private pritters
 - (iii) To enable the drawing officer to supply finds to asother Government servant from which to meet sunder clause
 - (ii) To pay direct from the free-my sums due by Government to a private party.
 - (8) Unless in any case it be otherwise expressly ordered by a principal auditor, a treasury officer shall not permit withdrawal for any purpose not specified to class (a) of this order.
 - 16 I'vept as provided in orders 23 and 24 below, a treasure officer sha'l not perturb withdrawal for any purpose unless the claim for a withdrawal is presented by such person and in such form, and has been satisfactority submitted by the treasure officer to such checks, as the Governor in Council, with the concurrance of the Auditor General, may specify.
 - 17. A treasmy officer shall not honour a claim which he considers to be disputible. He shall require the claim in to exfect it to the principal auditor re-possible to the math of the propent.
 - 18. Except under the general or special orders of the Governor in Council, payment shall be made in the desiret in which the claim univer-

- 19 The leng salary of a greetled Government servant, who draws has leave salary in India, in the print in my district in India. The leng salary of a congrectled Government servant may be paid in that district only in which his now could be drawn if he were on duty.
 - 20 Pensions payable in India may be paid in any district in India
- 21 No withdrawd shall be permitted in order to meet the pay, leave salary or a provinces of a grattled Government scraint or a reward or honorarium pay the to a grattled Government servant, or any person payable from general recenues, until an audit officer has intimated the rate at which payment should be made, provided that the Governor Governal Gouncel may, for special reasons and with the concurrence of the Auditor General, relax the provisions of this order
- 22 No withdrawed shall be permitted in order to meet the first of any series of payments in a distinct of pay or allowances to a Government servant other it as a terior newly appointed to Government service, unless the claim be supported by obast pay certificate in such toim as may be presented by the Auditor General
- 23 In case of urgent necessity, a Collector may require a treasury officer to make a parameter to continuous of order 16, 17, 18–10–21 or 22 above, 4 months the Collector records an order in writing and immediately sends a copy of the cider, together with an explanation of the circumstances which rendered it necessity, to the principal auditor who will andit the payment. The treasury officer also shall intuiting the payment to the principal auditor
- 24 A treasury officer may correct an arithmetical innecuracy or an obvious a stale in any bill presented to his for parament, provided that he intimates to the diawing officer the correction which he halles
- 25 Instructions to driving officers A Concernment extract who is unfollowed to withdraw moners by means of chaques of all notify to the treasure officer to the local officials of the Bank, as the case may be the numbers of the degree brokes which from time to time he proposes to use and of the cheques when they contain
- 26 When a Government servant who is authorised to draw or counters and draws or bills payable at a treasury of the Buil makes over charge of ma office conduct, he must send a spreamen of the relaxing Government servant servant special time to the treasury officer of the local officials of the Bank as the case may be

Section IX -Responsibility for moneys withdrawn

- 27 (a) A Government servant supplied with funds for expenditure shall be responsible for such funds until an account of them but be in real "at to the satisfaction of the principal auditor the Mithry Accountin Gene it, or the Controller of Mixtry Accounts concerned. In cases in which the acquisitances of its actual payees are not suff for multi the Government servant supplied with finds shall be 1 (d) personally resonable for "coing that payments are 1 ide to the pressure antified to receive them.
- (b) If any doubt arises as to the identity of the Government servant by whom arecount of such funds shall be rendered, it shall be decided by the Governor in Connect.

28 A treasury officer receiving an int bave been incorrectly withdrawn and th a diawing officer must effect the recov

No. 24.

Page 196, Appendix 8 C, Treasury Order 29=

For the words " at the time when the f of this Order substitute the following -

" in accordance with the provisions of 1934, and the agreement made between the L he Reserve Bank of India under Section 21 of Act, 1934,"

[C A. Code, Vol. I, Sib Lan (2nd Rep.), No 2.

eference to the retrenchment epay the sum by such method beeption

on from an audit officer that moneys

an sum should be recovered from

elas and without regard to any

out the sonction of the Governor ferred upon him by these orders as Government business any responsi take at the time when they order Sec S 24

ank in their official capacity

may permit his Privete or posit of funds under the per

e statutory authority in their application application to central transactions they sued by the Governor General in Coun il (see paragraph 1 or the antroductors soles to this Code)

APPENDIX A.

I The public account is the account maintained of moneys which have passed into the custody of Government It does not cover moneys pail to a Government servant in an official or any other capacity unless such mon va have been paid by such Government servant into the Government account at a Treasury or the Bank

II (a) Except as provided in clause (b) of this rule every Government servant shall without undue delay pre into the public arcount all moneys received by him as dues of Givernment or for deposit in the custody of Government, and as Government civant shall deposit in a hank money withdrawn from the public account

(b) (c) Accounts with a bank may be opened without restriction by the following classes of Government servants -

An Administrator General

An Official Trustee, Assignee or Receiver

A Sheriff

The Solicitors to the Government of India and the Government of Madras An Accountant General of a High Court or the Account Officer of a High

Court on the Original Side (a) To avoid risk of loss from Military treasure chests, Officers Commanding Units, and others concerned anti-stream of public funds in the stratum of public funds in the

No. 25.

Page 16, Appendix 8 C-

Appendix A to the Treasury Orders.

Imperial Bay of India an account may be opened with the Pos

he opened with the Bank, For aragraph III of the Appendix substitute the following "necount may be opened in the local Government with III All accounts opened under these rules must be opened office of th Reserve Bank of India or with a branch of the Imperit India accoling to the convenience of the officer opening the Where there's no office of the Pererve Bank of India or branch

Savings Ranior, with the previous approval of the Local Government any other Bar

C A cde, Vol I. Stc. Fdn. (2nd Pep.), No 25, dated the let April 1935.

APPENDIX 8 D

(SEE CHAPTER I. ASSTICLE 33 B)

Rules regarding the destruction of Accounts records in offices rendering

accounts to Audit Officers The destruction of records (including correspondence) connected accounts is governed by the following rules and such other subsidiary rules consistent therewith as may be prescribed by the local Government with the corcurrence of the Accountant General -

(a) The following should on no account be destroyed -Records connected with expenditure which is within the statute of limitation

Records connected with expenditure on projects schemes or works not completed although beyond the period of limitation

Record connected with claims to service and personal matters affecting

persons in the service Orders and sanctions of a permanent character

(b) The following should

No 168.

28 197 198, Appendix 8 D. Clause (b)—
(1) In-the-eleventh-entry suger, the words "(other than these mentioned Pages 197 198, Appendix 8 D, Clause (b)in the next entry)" after the words "Government-servants" at the words "for whom no service rolls are maintained "at the

No 2054 age 197, Appendix 8 D, Clause (b)-

In line 3 of the description of the eleventh entry (as amended by correcnon No 168, dated the 2nd January 1937) after the words "service hooks" idd " or service rolls".

IC A. Code, Vol I, 8th Edn (2od Rep). No 205, dated the 1st December 193"]

(4) In Note 2 states the books in both the lines 2 and 2 after the words "service books in both the lines 2 and 2 [O A. Code, Vol I, 8th Edn (2nd Rep), No 168, dated the 2nd January 1997] a atter death re.ire-

ment Cases in Which invalid pensions have been sanctioned 25 3 Other pension cases 5 after retire-

ment Statement of monthly progressive expenditure and corresponden Appendix 8 D , Clause (b)-

rt the following as a new entry ufter the eleventh entry below the head. scription of Records" -

11 - . Palle where these are maintained separately e vol 3 ts under the administrative control of

o pay and allowances (other than travelling allowance) when maintained acparately (see notes 1 and 2 below) Note 1 -- Establishment pay bills and acquittante rolls up to and for the year 1928 should continue to be preserved for a period of 25 years.

5-100 Stoleohle .

Note 2 —Before any pay bills are destroyed, the periods of temporary and officiating service, as recorded in the service books of the Government service for certain, should be recorded under proper attestation in the savice books. It regard to return broad before the fact of the office from the fact of the office should also y mean by give a crossary particulars with reference to Articles 370 and 371 of the Civil Service Regulations with a view to enable the Audit Office to decide later with preference much to such particulars whether the temporary or difficulting service will qualify for pension or not. For example in the case of officiating service the nature of the vacancy in which the Government servant officiated and in the case of temporary service, whether the temporary post was subsequently made permanent, should be stated.

NOTE ? - The periods of preservation of account records in Public Works Offices are prescribed separately by the Government of India

- (c) Where a minimum period after which any record may be destroyed has been prescribed, Heads of Departments and Divisional or District Officers may order in writing the destruction of such record in their own and subordinate offices on the expiry of that period counting from the last day of the latest official year covered by the record
- (d) Heads of Departments are competent to sanction the destruction of such other records in their our and subordinate offices as may be considered useless, but a list of such records as properly apportunte the necounts audited by the Indian Audit Department should be forwarded to the Accountant General for his concurrence in their destruction before the destruction is ordered by the Head of Department
- (e) Full details should be maintained permanently, in each office, of all records destroyed from time to time

APPENDIX 8 E

(SEE CHAPTER 9 ARRICLE 155, NOTE 2)

- Instructions laying down the procedure to be followed in dealing with applications for advances for the construction, purchase or repair of houses
- (1) On receipt of an application for an advance, the head of the office for fire for the District Superintendent of Police, Dissional Forest Officer or In spector of Schools) should inspect the land or the house personally and satisfy nimedif by local inquiry that the amount of the advance applied for Les not been over estimated He should then direct one of his responsible subordinates (e.g., Superintendent or Assistant Superintendent, Nazir or Accountant) to eximine the records of the Registration Office and satisfy himself that the property has been free from encumbrances during the past 12 years. The hand of it is office should then forward the application with his report thereon to the head of his department for sanction.
- (2) Under rule VII of the rules in Article 155 (a), the sanctioning authority has to satisfy himself regarding the applicant's clear title to the property If the head of the department decides to sanction the advance, and if funds for making the advance are available, he should forward the application to the Deputy Commissioner of the district concerned for verifying the applicant's t the to the property.
- (3) The Deputy Commissioner or one of his assistants should personally inspect the land or the house, examine the applicant, and require him to produce title deed, if any, in his possession. The vendor should next be examined, and I e also should he required to produce his title deeds. If the site or hou e has changed hands more than once, as often happens, then all the predicessors in title of the present vendor should be examined with their title deeds. When the 1101 erty lies in a municipal area, the Secretary of the Vunnieral Committee should then be asked to report, after reference to his records, what prison or persons have been in actual possession of the house or the land concerned during the prist 12 years.
- (4) The application should then he forwarded by the Deputy Commissioner to the Legal Remembrancer to Government with the investigating officer's report thereon for further examination of the title
- (5) The Legal Remembrancer will examine the applicant's title to the property and will forward the application to the head of the department vith his opinion.
- (6) If the reports of the Depnty Commissioner and the Legal Remembroncer show that the applicant has a clear title to the property, the advance will be sanctioned by the head of the department
 - (7) Rule III of the rules in Article 155, requires that an advance for the construction of a house should be paid in instalments, the amount of each instal ment being such as is likely to be required for expenditure in the next three months,

APPENDIX B.T.

and that satisfactory evidence should be produced by the applicant to show that the amount of the previous instalment has been actually utilised for the purposs for which it was drawn before the rest instituent is paid. The head of the office or a responsible assistant should verify by personal local inspection that the conditions laid down in the rule have been fulfilled.

Note.—The above instructions should be followed with due regard to any modulications necessary with reference to the local procedure prescribed by the local Gor erament in sanctioning bouse building advances to the others under their administrative control.

APPENDIX 8-F.

(SEF CHAPTER 15-A, ALTICLE 259-I)

Contracts and agreements involving liabilities on the part of the State.

The following rules are laid down to regulate the powers of the Government of India and of local Governments and Administrations to enter into or sinction contracts and agreements involving liabilities on the part of the State --

Statutory Rules

The following prorusons and restrictions are prescribed by the Secretary of State in Chauchi, in exercise of the power reserved to him by Statutes 22 and 23 Vict. Cap 41, section I, and shall apply to all concessions, grants, leases, and continets (except such as man be made, under any special legislative spection) made or entered into by the Government of India, or by a local Government of Administration or other authority in India, to or which has applied for the same for mining, milling or may other industrial or manufacturing purposes or for the purpose of any railwar, trainway, water works or other undertaking of a like nature, not being for ordinary agracultural or settlement purposes or for the purpose of securing the exploitation of forest produce from State forests

I —No concession, grant, or lease of land, of mineral or forest rights, or of right to water power, or of right of way or othere easement, or of any purvilege in respect of land, of mineral or forest rights, of right to water power, or of an easement, and no contract involving the execution or maintenance by Government of works, shall be made or entered into by the Government of India to, with or in favour of any person, firm, syndicate, company, memorphility or other public body for any of the purposes note memorical without the express sention of the Secretary of Stato in Conneil,—

- if such concession, grant lease, or contract
 - (a) is intended to endure for a period exceeding ten yours and is not necome panied by an unconditional power of rerocation or cancelment by the Government of India at any time during such period on the expiry of six months' notice to that effect, and imposes on the revenue; of India an annual liability in excess of fifty thousand rupees, or
 - (b) imposes on such revenues a charge or expenditure or liability to damages in excess of twelve likhs of tupees, or
 - (e) involves the cession of property or rights of which the estimated value exceeds twelve lakks of rupecs

II.—No concession, grant, or lease of land, of mineral or forest rights, or of right to water power, or of right of way or other easement, or of any privilege in repect of land, of mineral or forest rights, of right to water power, or of an easement, and no contract undvinug the execution or maintenance by Government of vocks, that be made or entered into by any local Government or Administration or other authority in India to, with or in favour of any person, firm, company, syndriett, pruncipality, or other public body for any of the purposes above mentioned without the express sanction of the Government of India and of the Secretary of State in Council,—

- if such concession, grant, lease, or contract
 - (a) is intended to endure for a period exceeding ten years and is not necompanied by an unconditional power of revocation or cancelment by the Government of India at any time during such period on the cypity of six months' notice to that effect, and imposes on the revenues of India an animal liability in excess of fifty thousand rupees, or
- (b) imposes on such revenues a charge or expenditure or hability to damages in excess of twelve lakks of rupees; or

- (c) involves the cossion of property or rights of which the estimated value exceeds twelve likks of rujees
- III -- No such concession, grant, leve, or contract shall be made by any local Coverment or Administration or other authority in India to, with or in Calour of any person, firm company, minisciplity, or other public body for any of the purposes above mentioned without the express exaction of the Government of India-

if such con ces on, grant, leave, or contract

- (a) is intended to endute for a period exceeding five years and is not accompiumally an unconflictual power of respection by the Government at any time during such period on the expire, of six months' notice to that effect and imposes on the revenues of India ar annual liability in excess of the thousand runes, or
- (b) unpos s on such revenues a charge or expenditure or liability to damages in excess of one like of supers, or
- (c) insulves the resum of property or rights of which the estimated value exercise one lash of rupees

Il -Deleted

V-No transfer of any such concession, grant, kase, or contract, or of any part thereof of any interest thereon or any underletting shall be recognized as suild except it be made with the express assent of-

- (a) the becretary of State in Council in cases falling within Rule I or II,
- (b) the Government of India in cases falling nithin Rule III . and
- (c) the local Government or Administration in any other cases

And the Recretary of State in Connect and the Government of India, as the case may be may in his or their absolute discretion refuse such assent

II —In the every uniting intended to express any concession, grant, lease, or entered which falls within these rules it shall be expressly deshired that such concession grant history contricts exprained on made subject to them.

VI II—When the assent of the Sectetary of State in Council is rendered by these views necessary to the validity of any concession, grant, level, or contract, or to the transfer thereof, it shall be signified under the hand of an Under Secretary of State; and when the naving of the Government of India is so required, it shall be signified under the hand of a Secretary of that Government.

111 ... The foregoing Rules I to 111, inclusive, shall not upply to any concession, grant, leave, or contract for any of the purposes mentioned in Rule I, if reade under any second rule, issued or approved, by the Secretary of State on Council.

Supplementary Pules

RULY A.—In cases where it is considered expedient to grant concessions or to make agreements, such as those contemplated in the Stitutory Rules, the deed of concession or the agreements, if the rights under it are transferable must be so framed that it will be broad the power of the grouters or contractees to trunsfer their rights or was just of them, except with the sanction of the Government of India, or of local footraments and Administrations in every coming within this requirement.

B.—All such concessions and agreements with further be subject to any special provisions made 1.) Government to meet particular excess or particular classes of eases C.—Before any concession or agreement of the class referred to be submitted for

C.—Before any concession or agreement of the class referred to is submitted for the approval of the Government of India ats terms, shoult be considered in the Judicial Department of the local Government and by the highest legal advisor to that Government

D-The foregoing rules shall not apply to aur concession, grant, tense or contract for any of the japones mentioned in the bituitore Rules if made under any special rules issued or approved by the Secretary of State an Council.

APPENDIX 8 G

(SEE CHAPTER 15 A, ARTICLE 259 I)

Classes of deeds, contracts and other Instruments authorised by the Governor General in Council to be executed by the various authorities of the Civil Department

(A B -- Fatract from Government of Inlia Home Department Resolution No

713-734 Jud einl, dated 2nd June 1913 as corrected from time to time)

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 2 of the Fast India Contracts Act, 1870 (33 and 34 Viet, Cap 50) and of all other powers enabling him in this behalf. the Governor General in Council is pleased in supersession of existing orders, to ---- anther mate ments No. 182.

Page 203, Appendix 8 G-

In Part A of this Appendix for the entry in the second column relating to item I, substitute the following -

"By a Secretary to the Government of India or, in the case of the Imperial Council of Agricultural Research Department, by the Vice Chauman "

[C A Code, Vol. I, 8th Edition (2nd Reprint), No 182, dated the 1st June 1937]

No 148.

Page 203, Appen lix 8 G-

In Part D of this Appendix in the entries in the first column relating to stems 2 and 3 for the words " Mortgage deeds" substitute ' Security Bonds or mortgage deeds"

[C A Code Vol I, 8th Lin (2nd Rep.) No 148 detection last September 1936]

me camp againette or incapaters Cashiers or Clerks in Account Offices charged with the disbursement of money or the custody and handling of securities

4 Instruments relating to the re assignment of insurance policies which are assigned to the as defined in the rules of the fund Secretary of State for India in accordance with the rules regulating the General Provi dent Fund

5 Deeds of re conveyance of security given by Shroffs in District and Sub District Trea SULTES

6 Government securities .

By the Account Officer of the Fund.

By Collectors or Deputy Commis-Sioners of Districts.

The Controller of the Currency and in the case of securities issued from Madras and Bombay, the Deputy Controllers of the Currency, Madras and Bombay, respectively

7 Deeds of transfers of shares held by the Socrotary of State in Council and endorsements of dividend warrants relating to such shares

By the Controller of the Currency

8 Contracts for the supply of remittance boxes, the conveyance of note and treasure boxes and the provision of store and labour in

By Currency Officers and Deputy Con trollers of the Currency

connection with the Currency Department

DD -In the case of the Income tax Department -Contracts and other instruments relating to By Commissioners of Income tax

the Income tax Department E .- In the case of the Public Works Department (subject to any limit fixed by De

partmental orders) --I All instruments relating to purchase

- supply and convey once or carriage of mate rials, stores machinery etc
- 2 All instruments relating to the execution of works of all kinds, connected with build ings, bridges, roads canals, tani s, reservoirs docks and harbours and embankments, and also instruments relating to the construction of water works senage norks the erection of machinery, and the norbing of coal mines
- 3 Bonds of auctioneers and security bonds for the due performance and completion of works
- 4 Security bonds for the due performance of their duties by Government servants whom the officers specified have power to appoint
- 5 Leases for grazing cattle on canal banks or road sides, for fishing in canals, for the cultivation of land under the Irrigation Department , leases of water for irrigation other purposes, and leaves of water power, and instruments relating to the sale of grass, trees or other produces on road sides or in plan tations
- 6 Leases of houses, land or other immoveable property, provided that the sent reserved shall not exceed Rs 5 000 a month
- 7 All instruments connected with the reconveyance of property given as accounty
- 8 Agreements for the recovery of fines on account of drift wood or other timber passing into a canal
- 9 Instruments connected with the collection or framing of tolls at bridges or ferries or other means of communication provided by the local Government

- By Secretary to Government, Chuf Inguicers, Superintending Engineer, Electrical Ungineer to the Government of Bombay, Consulting Architect to the Government of Bombay Superintendents of Works D vi ional Officers Sub-Divi sional Officers, Assistant or Assistant Executive Engineers the Military Secre tary to His Excellence the Vicerov, the Superintend at of the Viceregal Estates, Military Secretary to His Excellency the Governor of Bengal Superintendent of the Governors Estate, Bengal, the Chief Engineer Public Health Depart Bengal, the ment Bengal Superintending Engineers and Executive Engineers of the Public Health Department, United Provinces Chief Engineer Roads and Buildings Kashmir Electric Inspector to Govern ment, United Provinces and the Flectric Inspector, Bihar and Orissa
- By Chief Engineers Superintending Engineers, Superintendents of Works, and Divisional Officers and in Bengal and Bihar and Orissa by Sub Divisional Officers of the Irrigation Branch and in Madras by Sub Divisional Officers of the Public Works Department
- By Chief Engineers, Superintending Engineers Electrical Engineer to the Government of Bombay. Consulting Architect to the Government of Bombay, Superintendents of Works and Divisional Officers
- By Chief Engineers Superintending Engineers, Electrical Engineer to the Government of Bombay, Consulting Architect to the Government of Bom bay, Superintendents of Works, Divi seenal Officers and the Assistant Com missioner, Coorg

APPENDIX 8 G

15, Appendix 8 Us—
Part E of this Appendix for the entry in the first column relating to
substitute the following—
Agreements for extering contracts in hostels and tiffin rooms and for
Agreements for extering contracts in hostels are tiffin public build
of conveyances belonging to the staff working in public build

FF -In the cave of the Foreign and Political Department -

1 Agreements with members of the estab-

2 Agreements with members of the staff of

No 183

Page 205, Appendix 8 G-

In Part FFF of this Appendix for the entry in the second column relating to item 2, substitute the following

"By the Engineer in Chief, Lighthouse Department and Chief Inspector of Lighthouses in British India, and the Superintendents of Lighthouses corned."

[C A Code, Vol. I 5th Fdition (2nd Reprint) No 183 dated the let June 193

Insert the following as item 3 under Part FFF in this Appendix -

3 Contract for repairs to and apply of tool store persisons etc for, too p fot ressels of the Bengal Phot Services etc., too p fot ressels of the Bengal Phot Services etc., too p fot ressels of the Bengal Phot Services etc.

AV A (ode, Vol 1 8th Ldn (2nd Rep.) No 11 dated 1st April 1905]

No 58

Page 205, Appendix 8 G-

Substitute the following for the entry in the second column in Part
GG of this Appendix — Second Station Directors of the In han

1 Rep). No 58, dated the lat July 1865 ?

By Ris Majesty's Minuster at Kabul

APPENDIX 8 G

- 8 Contracts for the supply of remutance boxes the conveyance of note and treasure boxes and the provision of store and labour in
- trollers of the Currency connection with the Currency Department
 - DD -In the case of the Income tax Department -
- Contracts and other instruments relating to By Commissioners of Income tax the Income tax Department
- E .- In the case of the Public Works Department (subject to any limit fixed by De partmental orders) ---
- 1 All instruments relating to purchase supply and conveyance or carriage of materials, stores maclinery etc
- 2 All instruments relating to the execution of works of all kinds connected with build ings bridges roads canals tanks reservoirs docks and harbours and embankments also instruments relating to the construction of water worl's sewage works the crection of machinery and the working of coal mines
- 3 Bonds of auct oneers and scenrity bonds for the due performance and completion of works
- 4 Security bonds for the due performance of their dities by Government servants whom the officers specified have power to appo nt
- 5 Leases for grazing cattle on canal banks or road sides, for fshing in canals for the cultivation of land under the Irr gation De partment leases of water for irrigation ather arrenges and lesses of water nower
- By Secretary to Government Ch ! Engineers Superintending Figureers Electrical Engineer to the Government of Bombay Consulting Architect to the Government of Bombay Superintendents of Works D vs tonal Officers Sub Divi sional Officers Asstant or Assistant Frecutive Engineers the Military Secre tary to His Excellency the Vicercy the Superintend at of the Viceregal Estates Military Secretary to His Excellency the Governor of Bengal Superintendent of the Governors Estates Bengal the Chief Fugmer Public Realth Depart ment Bengal Superintending Engineers and Executive Engineers of the Public Health Department United Provinces Chief Engineer Roads and Buildings Kashour Electric Inspector to Govern ment United Provinces and the Electric Inspector Bihar and Onssa

By Currency Officers and Deputy Con

By Chici Engineers Superintending Engineers, Superintendents of Works and Divisional Officers and in Bengal and Bihar and Orisea by Sub Division Officers of the Irrigation Branch and

205, Appendix 8 Gr. 205, Appendix 8 Gr. n Part E of this Appendix for the entry in the first column relating to 11, substitute the following.

11, substitute the following contracts in bostels and tiffin rooms and for Agreements for catering contracts in bostels and tiffin rooms and for protection of conveyances belonging to the stall norking in public build

FF -- In the case of the Foreign and Political Department --

1 Agreements with members of the establishment of the British Legation, Kabul

2 Agreements with members of the stall of

By His Majesty's Minuster at Kabul

No 183

Page 205, Appendix 8 G-

In Past FFF of this Appendix for the entry in the second column relating to item 2, substitute the following —
"By the Engineer in Chief. I - 1.41 F

of Lighthouses in British India, oerned".

i sector

- umster at Jeddah

[C A Code, Vol I, 8th Fditton (2nd Reprint) No 183 dated the 1st June 193 ge 200, Appendix 8 G-

Insert the following as item 3 under Part FFF in this Appendix:—
3 Contract for regard to and supply of coal, stores
p obstone etc for, the pilot reacts of the Bengal
Pilot Service

Contract Office of the Contract of the Bengal
College of the Contract of the Bengal
College of the College of

In this Appendix:—
By the Principal Officer Mer
cantile Marine Department
Calcutts

Stations at

[C A Code, Val I 8th Edo (2od Pep), No 11, dated let April 1955]

No 58

Page 205, Appendix 8 G-

Substitute the following for the entry in the second column in Part GG of this Appendix -

"By the Controller of Broadcasting and Station Directors of the Inlian State Broadcasting Service"

[(A Code Vol I, Sth I dn (2nd I'ep), No 68, dated the lat July 1935] to (a) house-building advances and (b) advances for the purchase of motor cars

2 Agreement or leases for lure of buildings required for the Survey of India for periods not exceeding one year

3 All instruments relating to purchase supply and conveyance or carriage of materials stores mad meri etc and repairs of some

4 All instruments relating to execution of works of all kinds connected with buildings and estates in the charge of the department. By Directors

By Surveyor General Directors and Superintendent Mathematical Instrument Office

By Surveyor General and Directors,

- 5 Security bonds for the due performance of their duties by Government'scrvants whom the officers specified have power to appoint
- J —In the case of the Torest Department Contracts and other instruments in matters connected with the administration and work ing of forests and with the business of the

By Surveyor General and Directors

By Chief Conservators, Conservators, Collectors of Districts, Deputy Assistant, Extra Deputy, and Extra Assistant Conservators of Ferests to such extent and within such limits as the local Gov ernment may prescribe by notification in the Official Gazette

By the Chief Controller of Stores, the

Director of Purchase, Deputy Directors of Purchase, Controllers of Purchase,

Assistant Directors of Purchase and

Assistant Controllers of Purchase

Forest Department generally

JJ -In the case of the Indian Stores Department -I All contracts and instruments relating to purchase, supply and conveyance, or carriage

- of materials, stores, machinery, etc. 2 Security bonds for the due performance
- and completion of work 3 All instruments connected with the re
- conveyance of property given as security 4 Security bonds for the due performance
- of their duties by Government servants 5 Leases of houses, land, or other immove able property, provided that the rent reserved
- shall not exceed Rs 5,000 a month 6 All instruments relating to the execution of works of all kinds connected with the additions and alterations to buildings and with foundations and housing of machinery and

By the Chief Controller of Stores

electric and sanitary installations JJJ -In the case of the Civil Aviation Directorate --

1 All contracts and instruments relating to By Director of Civil Aviation in India. subsidies to flying clubs, loan of aeroplanes, equipment or other Government property to flying clubs and aircraft operators

2 All instruments relating to purchase, supply and converance or carriage of materials, stores, machinery, etc.

- 3 All instruments relating to the execution of works of all kinds connected with acrodice mes and air routes including buildings, roads, electric and water installations, fences earth works the erection and maintenance of machinery, lighting apparatus and other requipment.
- 4. Security bonds for the due perfermance and completion of works in respect of civil aviation
- 5. Leases for houses, buildings, rooms and plots of land on civil acrodromes and landing grounds, for grazing cattles on aerodromes for febing rights on civil aviation lands, for the cultivation of civil aviation land and instru ments relating to the sale of grass, trees or other produce on civil aviation lands

By Director and Deputy of Director of Civil Aviation in India, the Officer in charge, Karachi Air Port, and aerodrome officers in the Civil Aviation Directorate

Page 207, Appendix 8-G-

In Part K of this Appendix, after item 2 insert the following as item 3 :--

3 Contracts relating to the execution of minor works and repairs connected with the buildings of the Ferms Press, Aligarh

By the Manager, Forms Press, Aligarh, where the value of the work does not exceed Rs 1,000, and by the Controller of Frinting and Stationers, where the docs not exceed Rs 2,500

C. A Code, Vol 1, 8th Edn (2nd Rep.), No 127, dated the 1st February 1936 1 Northern India Solt Revenue Department

No. 112.

Page 207, Appendix 8.G .-

In Part KK of this Appendix for items 1(a) and (b) substitute the following :-

- 1 (a) All contracts, deeds or other metru ... other like engagement temting to the business of the Northern India Salt Revenue Department
- By the Commussioner, Northern India Salt Revenue, or the General Manager, Raj puters Balt Scurres Division, Sambhar or the Chief Mining Engineer, Khewna or the Superinterding Electrical and Me-chanical Engineer, Khewm or the Ad-ministrative Officer, Salt Range Division. Khewra or an Assistant Commusioner in charge of a Division
- (b) Contracts for the lease of land in the control of the Northern India Salt Bevenue Department where such lease is otherwise permissible
- By the Commusioner, Northern Ird a Salt Resenue, or the Gereral Marager, Rejeutare Salt Sculets Division, Sambhar or the Administrative Officer, Salt Range Division, Khewm or an Assistant Com-

[C A Code, Vol I, 8th Edn. (2nd Rep), No. 112, dated the 2rd Pecember 1438] any other like engagements relating to the salt revenue, or the business of the Salt De partment within their respective jurisdictions and within the limit of value of Rs 5,000

By Assistant Commissioners of Salt.

(d) Leases of land for salt manufacture in

No. 160

Page 207, Appendix 8-G-

In Part K of this Appendix after item 3 insert the following items :-

- 4 Contracts relating to the disposal of waste paper and the purchase of local
- stores, etc 5 Contracts for cleurance handling con
- veyance and delivery of consignments and supply of labour, etc
- By the Manager of the Press : the Head of the Branch concern ed
- 6. Contracts for the periodical inspection By the Deputy Controller, Station and upkeep of typewriters, account- ery, Calcutta. ing machines, etc.
- with the Advertisement Agent for Government of India Publications.
 - By the Controller of Printing an Stationery, India.
 - [C A Code, Vol I, 8th Edn (and R

Burma Salt Revenue Department

- 4 All contracts, deeds or other instruments relating to Salt revenue or to the business of the Burma Salt Revenue D partment, or to any land buildings or other property in the contro of the Salt Department
- 5 All contracts, deeds or other instruments relating to the execution of salk works, the supply of labour, stores building materials of e, and contracts for petty construction and repairs and for public works of every description which are executed by the Salt D. partment
 - AAA -In the cree of the Customs Department -
- (a) Security bonds executed by clerk shroffs at outports in the Madras Presidency
- (b) All contracts deeds and other metra ments relating to the business of the Customs Department other than those specified in clause (a)
 - KAKA -In the case of the Opsum Department -
- (a) Contracts and other instruments for the purchase supply and conveyance or carriage of building materials and stores and contracts for potts construction and repairs and for public works of every description which are not executed by the Public Works Department.
- (b) Contracts for the supply of weighment articles and leaves of agricultural land attach ed to opium buildings within the jurisdiction of District Opium Officers
- (c) Contracts for (i) Uscellaneous atores (in) mango wood chests plants and stantlars for the prekang of opum (in) the disposal of unserviceable left and trask and accumula tions of cinders and ashes and (ir) leases of agricultural land attached to the Opum Factory, Ghazquer
- (d) Contracts and other in-fruments relating to the business of the Opama Department of the those specified in clauses (a) (b)

By the Commissioner of Salt Revenue, Burms.

By the Collector of Salt Revenue, Burms

- By Inspectors of the respective Cus
 - toms Circles

By Collectors of Customs.

By the Factory Superintendent Opium Factory Ghazipur, for contracts relating to that Factory and by District Opium Officers for contracts relating to their dissions

By District Opium Officers

By the Factory Superintendent, Opium Factory, Ghazipur

By the Opium Agent

te case of the Accounts Department -

to the execution of works By the Accountant General, Panjab

intenance of buildings in

General, Punjab Imperial Departments —

r instruments relat lyances, and advances or cars By houds of Impored Departments, other than the by Department, in respect of which the procedure preceded in Pay and Allowance Regulations for the Army in India, Part II, shall be observed.

Page 209, Appendix 8 G-

Part L, Item 2 (as revised by correction shp No. 113, dated the 2n I Decema-

- (i) Substitute the following for the entry in the second column relating to clause (b) —
- "By the Deputy Administrative Officer and Truffic Manager, Viraga patam"
- (ii) Substitute the words "Deputy Administrative Officer and Traffic Manager" for the words "Traffic Manager" in the entries in the second column relating to clauses (c) and (c)
- (iii) Insert the following as clause (c) relettering the existing clauses (c), (d), (e) and (f) as (d), (e), (f) and (g) respectively
 - (c) All contracts, deeds and instruments not exceeding Rs 25 000 in value for the exceeding Rs 25 000 in value for the exceeding the contract of Depresentation Fund and Rs 5 000 in the case of
- the Port

 (1) Substitute the words 'Leases of Harbour Land Storago Sheds,
 Godowns and other Buildings 'for the words Leases of Harbour Land" in
 the entry in the first column relating to item (d) as so relettored

works chargeable to the Revenue Funds of

[C A Code Vol I 8th Edition (2nd Reprint) No 18t dated the 1st June 1937]

lakh in value g Ref 1 patem Port

- (e) All contracts for the hand may of goods By the Traffle Manager of the Vizagaputam and merchanduse not exceeding Fort
- (f) All contracts deeds and instrum nts not b reinhifore sp c fied

By the Secretary to the Railway Board in the case of contracts, deeds unstruments, etc relating to the works connected with the first construction of the Port and by the Secretary to the Government of India in the Department of Commerce in other cases

[C 4 Cole Vol I, 8th Elm (211 Rap) Yo 113 dated the 2nd December 1935]

As regards contracts etc. Not etc att

W-(1) In the territories under the administration of the Government of the North West Frontier Province as regards contracts etc. not hereinbefore specified.—

- 1 All deeds and instruments relating to matters otler than those specified in heads 2 to 7
- 2 Contracts and other instruments for the supply of stores clothing etc
- 3 Contracts and other instruments relating to matters connected with their respective Departments.

By a Secretary 10 Government

By Heads of Departments concerne t

By all Heads of Departments

4 Contracts and other instruments connected with the leave or sale of land, or where by Innd is mortgaged to Government arcunty for a loan, and contracts and instru ments relating to any matter falling within their ordinary purediction including the execution of civil works not under the Public Works Department

- 5 Sanada-
 - (a) containing or conferring exemption from payment of land revenue.
 - (b) containing or confirming any pension or grant of money connected with the land revenue .
 - (c) contracts and instruments relating to any matter falling within the jurisdic tion of the Settlement Department
- 6 Agreements for the recovery of advances under the Land Improvement Louis Act. All of 1883, and the Agriculturists' Loans Act. XII of 1884
- 7 Contracts and other instruments relating to house building advances
- W -(n) In the territories under the relatical control of the Agent to the Governor General in the North West I contier as regards contracts etc , not I cremi clore erecified --
- l All deeds and instruments relating to matters other than those specifed in I cade 2 and 7
- 2 Contracts and other instruments for the supply of stores, clothing etc
- 3 Contracts and other instruments relating to matters connected with their respective Departments
- 4 Contracts and other instruments connected with the lease or rate of land, or where by land is mortgaged to Government in secu. rits for a losn, and contracts an I instruments relating to any matter falling within their ords nary jurisdiction including the execution of civil works not under the Public Works De partment.
 - 5 Sanade-
 - (a) containing or conferring exemption from payment of land revenue,
 - or grant of money connected with the lan la venue.
 - (c) contracts and instruments relating to any matter falling within the jurisdic tion of the Settlement Department.

By Deputy Commissioners.

By the Revenue and Divisional Commissioner

By Deputy Commissioners

By the authorsties granting the advances

By a Secretary to the Agent to the

By Heads of Departments concerned.

By all Heads of Departments

Governor General

By Political Agents or Deputy Com mesioners

(b) containing or confirming any pension . By the Revenue and Divisional Com missioner

6 Agreements for the recovery of advances un ler the Land Improvement Loans Act, XIX of 1883 and the Agriculturists' Loans Act, XII of 1884

By Political Agents or Deputy Commissioners

7 Contracts and other instruments relating to house building advances

By the authorities granting the ad Vances

A -In the territories under the eliministration of the Chief Commissioner of Delhi, as regards contracts, etc., not hereinbefore specified -

I In the case of the Chief Commissioner

All deeds and instruments relating to matters other than those specified in heads 2 to 5 and 7 and 8 10

By the Chief Commissioner

- 2 Contracts and other instruments connected with ferries, dues for grazing cattle on places other than canal hanks fisheries. nazul buillings, spontaneous products and minerals execution of minor works not under the Public Works D partmeet, and the supply of necessaries for denots
- 3 Contracts and other instruments matters connected with the lease or sale of land.
- relating to any matter 4 Contracts falling within his ordioary jurisdiction
- 5 (a) Instruments of free grant of prietary right 10 laod
- (b) Instruments wherehy property mortgaged to the Government as security for a loan.
 - (c) Instruments of exchange of land
- 6 Contracts for the supply of clothing, etc , for the police

By Heads of Departments con

By the Chief Commissioner

By the Deputy Commissioner

No 185 age 211. Appendix 8 G. Part X-

- (i) In the entry in the first column relating to item 1 for the figures " 7 and 8" substitute "7 to 10".
- (ss) Insert the following as items 9 and 10 -9 Contracts and other instruments for the supply of
- stores clothing etc. cerned 10 Contracts and other instruments relating to matters By all Reads of Departments. connected with their respective Departments (in cluding mining leases)
 - [C A Code Vol I 8th Fdition (2nd Reprint) No 185, dated the 1st June 1937 1

REFERENCE TABLE LINKING UP THE 7TH AND 8TH EDITIONS.

the m Ve	ence to article clume I, Edition	Correspond- ing article in the 7th Edition.	I,EATEE2	Reference to the article in Volume 1, 8th Edition	age article in	Remarks
				100	IVA D	
	101	89		128	113-D	
	705	38	1	122	ns-E	
	103	83		130	113 F	
	101	83		131	113-G	
	103	91		132	498	
	106	02		133	501	
	107	98 & Appendix		134		Based on Articles 114 and 115.
	103	BBBB,		135	116	
	103-A		New.	140	122	
	109	94		141	٠.,	New.
	110	95		142	123	
	111	96		143	124	
	112	97		144	125	
	113	109		145	126	
	114	100		146	127	·
	115	101		147	129	
	116	102		149	130	
-	117	103	1	149	131	
	118	104		150	132	
	119	105		151	133	
	120	106	1		(last sen- tence).	
	121	107		152	134	
	122	108		153	135	1
	123	109		154 '	::	Notes 1 and 2
	124	110			J.	under this Arti-
	125	113 A	1			from Article 135(a)
	126	113.B	1	155	136	
	127	113 C		156	137(1)	

REFERENCE TABLE LINKING UP THE 7TH AND STH EDITIONS.

Reference to	l				in the state of th							
in Volume I, 8th Edition	Correspond- ing article in the 7th Edition.	REMARKS.	Reference to the article in Volume-1. 5th Pdition	ing article in	Remades							
157	137(j)		184	152								
158	137 (1) (11)		Annexure A to Chapter	Annexure B								
159	137 (a) to (h)		10.	153								
160	[]	New,	186	154								
161	123		187	155								
162	Rulo 2 under Art. 124.		188		New							
163	124		1907									
164	139		191	153 to 160								
165	140	}	102									
166	141		193	161								
167	142	ì	104	152								
163	143	t	195(a)	245								
169	143 A	[195(8)	\ . '	Based on Note to							
170	143 B	ì	ì	ì	Art. 440 and Art. 355 and							
171	143-0	t		1	the Note there- under.							
172	143.D	i	106	'	New.							
173	143-E	1	197	246								
174	143.F	1	193	247								
175	143.0	1	202	248	1							
176	144	[200	249	ĺ							
177	146	į.	201(a)	250	Ì							
177-A		New.	201 (6) &	٠. ا	Based on Art.							
178	146	1	the note,	1	472(a) and the Note there- under.							
179	147	}	202	251	under.							
180	148		203	252								
181	149		204	253	1							
182	150		203	251								
183	151		206	255								

REPERENCE TABLE LINKING UP THE 7TH AND 8TH EDITIONS.

Reference to the article in Volume I, 8th Edition	Correspond ing article in the 7th Edition	Remares	Reference to the article m Volume I, 8th Edition	Correspond is g article in the 7th Edition	Remarks.
			600.1		New
207	256		230-A		New
208	256 A		53)	277 111 (9 A) -Note	
209	257		232		New.
210	258		2.13	293	
211	259		233 A	1	New.
212	260		2347		10.00
213	261		235		New
214	262		2367	}	[
215	263				
216	264		237		
217	358		238	1	Based on the re-
218	256		239		Chapter 28.
219	Bule 1 under	•	210)		
	Art 272		51)	559-A	
220	271		242	559	
220 A		New	243		Based on Art. 549(c).
221	Rule 2 under Art 272		214	665-ID	1
	Rule 3 under		245	565 A(c)	
Art 321	Art. 272		216	558	
222	275		247	565 C	
223	273		248		Based on Art. 553.
223 A		1/ea.			
224	276	•	249	554	1
225		Yea	250	555 & 556	1
227	279		251		
228		Based on Ar 279 A	}	560(8)	
2297	Rules 2 and		253	862	Based on the
230}	3 of Art 281		254		Note under Art

REFERENCE TABLE LINKING UP THE 7TH AND 8TH EDITIONS

Reference to the article in Volume I, 8th Edition	Corresponding article in the 7th	Revarks	Reference to the article in Volume I, 8th Edition	Correspond ing article in the 7th Edition	REMARKS
255			Appendix 5	Appendix BBBB	
		n1	Appendix 6	95	
257 }	•	Based on 1rt 565 E	Appendix 7	Appendix C	
258			Appendix 8	Article 137(A) and Appen dix CC	
259 A to D		New		dix CC	
Appendix 1	Appendix A		Appendix 8 A		Appendix to the CSR
Appendix 2	1	New	Appendix 8 B		G I F D Reso
Appendix 4	h I				lution No 3378 A, dated 27th March 1925
Appendix 4 A	}	The old rules are contained in clause (1) of Ap	Appendix 8 C		New
pp	ľ	pendry BBBB	Appendix 8 D		Vem

FORMS.

No.	Description.		
*1	Pay Bill of Gazetted Officers.		
*1-A	Pay Bill (for Residency payments).		
*1-B	Claum for the payment of overseas pay in England.		
*1-C	Certificate for House Allowance		
*I-D	Cortificate of Transfer of Charge		
*2	Travelling Allowance Bill of Gazetted Officers.		
*2-A	Form of Leave Application		
*2-B	Form of application for passages.		
*3	Detailed (annual) Statement of Permanent Establishment.		
*4	Detailed (annual) Statement of new names, leave, etc.		
*5	Statement of Proposition for Revision of Establishment.		
8	Statement of Proposition for Revision of Establishment (when full details of Form 5 are not necessary).		
is—	No. 6. No. 6. to Form No. 9. th Edn. (2nd Rep.), No. 6, dated 1st April 19.		
a.b	Acquittance roll		
0-G	Acquittance roll Service Rolls		
0-C	Service Rolls		
0-C	Service Rolls (Outer and inner) Travelling Allowance Bill of Establishment.		
0-C 1 12	Service Rolls (Outer and inner) Travelling Allowance Bill of Establishment. Travelling Allowance Bill of Public Works Establishment.		
0-C 1 12 13	Service Rolls (Outer and inner) Travelling Allowance Bill of Establishment. Travelling Allowance Bill of Public Works Establishment. Abstract Travelling Allowance Bill of Public Works Establishment.		

FORMS.

	PORIIS.				
No.	Description.				
*15-A *15 B	Detailed Bill of Contingencies countersigned after payment Detailed Bill of Contingencies countersigned before payment.				
	TACCHACL Bull of Contingences Countersigned Decore payment.				
	, No. 72.				
Page 221,	List of Forms-				
cription of	elete the words "for special Political expenditure" from the des- Form No. 18.				
(2) In	sert the following as a new item ;—				
18-A.	[C. A. Code, Vol. I, 8th Edn. (2nd Rep.), No. 72, dated 1st August 1935.]				
20	Form of Acreement to be executed at the time of drawing an advance for the purchase of land on which to construct a house or of a house ready made				
20-A	Form of mortgage deed to be executed in connection with an advance for the nurchan of land on which to construct a house				
	No. 33.				
Page 221, L	ist of Forms				
Prefix and 24 A.	an ast risk (*) mark to stems Nos. 20, 20-A, 21, c				
נכ	. A Code Vol 1, 8th Elu (2nd Rep.), No 33, dated the lat Ju				
24	Form of Agreement to be executed at the time of drawing an advance for the				
	No. 153.				
Page 221	List of Forms-				
Insert the following as a new item in its proper place — "*24-B. Letter intimating to the Insurance Company the Secretar.					
county's interest in inquirance policies of blotor Cars, etc.					
[C	A. Code, Vol. I, 8th Edn. (2nd Rep.), No 153, dated the 1st October 1936				
*25	Form of Statement to accompany application for Reappropriation.				
26	Reguter of Repayments of Deposits				
	l <u>'</u>				

No	Description
*1	Pay Bill of Gazetied Officers
*1 A	Pay Bill (for Residency payments).
*I B	Claim for the payment of eversess pay in England
*I C	Certificate for House Allowanes
	No. 78.
Page 220, La	st of Forms-
*1-EI allo per	following as a new item in its appropriate place: Form of Bond of Indemnity for drawing arrears of pay and wances or pensions of deceased Government servants or moners. C. A Code, Vol I, 8th Fdn (2nd Rep.) No. 76, dated the 2nd Sep. 1935.] Price anna I or 14d Statement of Proposition for Revision of Establishment (when full details of Form 5 are not necessary) Poletical.
tim 1/e /	to Form No. 9. Eds. (2nd Rep.), No 8, dated 1st April 19. Acquittance roll Servi o Rolls
*11	(Outer and mner) Traveling Allowance Bill of Establishment
*12	Travelling Allowance Bill of Public Works Establishment
*13	Abstract Trivelling Allowance Bill of Public Works Establishment.
*14	Register of Contingent Charges
*14 A	Contingent bill for service stamps
*15	Abstract Confungent Bill

		·
	No.	Description
	*15-A	Detailed Bill of Cont ngenera countersigned after payment
	*15-B	Detailed Bill of C numerices countersigned before payment.
		/ No. 72.
Pa	ge 221	List of Forms—
	(1) De	lete the words "for special Political expenditure" from the des. Form No. 18,
	(2) In-	sert the following as a new item :
	18-A.	C. A. Code, Vol. I, 8th Edn. (2nd Rep.), No. 72, dated 1st August 1935.]
	20	Form of Agreement to be executed at the time of drawing an advance for the purchage of land on which to construct a house or of a house ready made
	20-A	Form of mortgage deed to be executed in connection with an advance for the nurchaes of land on which to construct a house.
		No. 33.
Pag	e 221, L	ist of Forms
and	Prefix a	an astrisk (*) mark to stems Nos. 20, 20-A, 21, e
	ίς	A Code Vol 1, 8th Elin (2nd Rep.), No 33, dated the lat fu
	24	Form of Agreement to be executed at the time of drawing an advance in the No. 153.
	Page 221	, List of Forms
	T22.80	et the following as a new item in its project film!
	"	*24-B. Letter intimating to the Insurance Charlet by the first of State's interest in insurance pullified at Middle 1991
	ίc	of State's interest in instraint pairies in Missing 1 11 11 A. Code, Vol I, 8th Edn. (2nd Rep.), No. 114, Astronomy 111 111
	*25	Form of Statement to accompany application for Passers as
	26	Register of Repayments of Deposits
		<u> </u>

Form 1

(See Chapter 4, Art 47.)

Note -Government accepts no responsibility for any fraud or misappropriation in respect of money on cheques or lills made over to a messenger

hame of Gazetted Government Servant-

District-

-					,
P	Α.	r	iξl	ш	ı

	PAY BILL			
Audit No	Head of Service (To be entered by drawing officer)	Foucher for-	list of po	yments
		Monthly ra	te An	nount
Received for the month of— My substantive pay as—		Rs	z Ks	a
Less—Fund deductions as I C. S Provident Fur Postal Insurance and Bengal Uncovenanted Bombay Family Pens	nd		_	

No 48.

Pages 223-224, Form 1.

- (1) Substitute the words "as detailed in the separate schedule attached" for the words "as detailed on the reverse" occurring at the end of the description of some of the Funds.
- (2) Delete the portion headed " The details signed on the reverse.
- (3) Substitute "showing particulars of all fund deductions" for the themselves" in lines 24 of the words " regarding.. footnote on the reverse

[C A Code, Vol. I, 8th Edn (2nd Rep), No 46, dated the lat June 1935]

Net amount Please pay	to be written in word	a) Rupees		<u> </u>
The	193	Signature	(S	ignature of Officer)
Admitted Re	For use in Audit Office		For use in Tr ay Rupees (reasury
Objected Ra		Inco	Accountant porated in Sadar	Treasury Officer
Auditor	Sewar Ace		saury Account	Accountant

Form 1.

DIRECTIONS FOR NOTE

- 1 A pay bill may be presented at a District Treasury two days before the last worlding divior the month by the labour of which the pay is carned
- 2 A pay lull may, if desired, he call need for payment to a Banker or Agent and submitted for collection through such Bunler or Agent, this will obviate the neer att of the officer attendance in person or his me sengers, as payment may then be made direct to the Banker or Agent
 - When exemption is claimed in respect of new amount paid to an Insu rance Company, the original terest of the Company for the amount paid or an attested copy thereof should be attached to the probabl. The receipt will
 - 1 The period for which a sub-cription to a Tund is due should be specified be returned with the cheque when it differs from the Jeriod for which pay is driven
 - 5 The Pund deductions of a Covenanted Civil Servant are taken upon his allow acces before deductions on account of Civil Service Provident Fund
 - f The Government of Irdia exercits no supervision over the management of the Rindu Family Annuty Fund the General Family Pension Fund and the Bergel Christian Family Pension Fund and is in no way responsible for their -oh ener
 - ? In the case of officers entitled to Sterling Over-cas Par, fund deductions are insed in the Rupce pay plus the rupe equivalent of the Sterling Oversens Pas
 - . When the deduction on account of meome for shown in the bill includes tax calculated on Steeling Occasions Pas the details of the calculation, on which the deduction is be ed min be given at the foot of the bill or, if there is no spece at the first in some other suitable place, the total being brought into the beds of the bill in the all presented place and the two entries connected with letter mark or otherwise Overseas Pay no also its rupee equivalent

the Superior Family Pens on Regulations

Services (In'is) Parity Penuin Fund and Indian Military Wilcons' and Orphans' Find and two t wer commune one for rates in stelling and another for payments in rupe a should be printed fore. These details should be signed

"torr delications perrepared by

No. 3.

7 6

Page 224, Form 1-Number the existing note at the bottom of this page as Note 1 and meet the following as Note 2 .hors ?- Ratecubers to the Sterling Branch should note on the bill and in Fund

of ideatiached to the bill that the recoveries relate to the Sharling Branch. [C A. Cole, Vel I, S h Lin. (201 1 v.) Soc 3 dated Let April 1995.]

Form 1-A.

(See Chapter 4, Art 47) (To be prated on feetscap folio)

Norz —Government accepts no responsibility for any fraud or musappropriation in respect of money or cheques or bills made over the a messenger

Name of Officer

PAY BILL (for Prendency payments) for the month of TOKEN NO 102 Head of Sereice No at tuli) No I mechan Monthly Amount rate D. 17. My substantive ray as-GROSS CLAIM Less Fund Deductions as follows -. .

No 42

Page 225 Form 1-A.

Checked

- (1) Substitute the words "as detailed in the separate schedule atcheed" for the words "as detailed on the reverse" occurring at the end of the description of some of the funds.
 - (2) Delete the tabular statement of details on the reverse of the form
 - (3) Insert the following two footnotes on the reverse of the form :-

Norm I -- Audit Officers should see that all compulsory deductions including the e for the I C S Provident Fund are daly made and the schedules showing particulars of all fund deductions are attrached to the pay bills

Norr 2 -Subscribers to the Sterling Branch should note on the bill and in Fund Schedule attrached to the bill that the recoveries relate to the Sterling Branch

[C. A. Code, Vol. I. Sth. Fdn. (2nd Rech.), No.42, Joseph Laborator Inne 1096.)

The	(Signature of Officer)
For use in Accountant General's Office Pay (Rs) Rupees	To be filled up and signed if the bill i made payable to a Banker of Agent—Se Note 4 on the reverse
In liter Cheque No Asett	Cheques to be made provable to the order of-
Dated the 193 For Final Post Abdit in the Sudit Sector	

Auditor

(Signature.)

No	1	1	

FORMS

Form 1 C

(See Chapter 4 Article 50 A)

(To be printed on foolscap quarto)

Certified that the rent paid by me for unfurnished accommodation for the month of

Certificate for House Allowance

	193	13 Rs ()
and that none of the	he accommodation	13 sublet	or occupied normally by adults other than

Signature _____

Designation -

Form 1 D

(See Chapter 4 Articles 52 and 937)

(To be printed on foolscap folio)

(Obverse)

Form 1-D .-- concluded

(Reverse.) Details of Treasury Balances.

	Detail	S OI II	leasury 1	Jamies.		
	Description		Under double locks	With Treasurer	*In Tahsils,	Total.
	ecurities held in safo dit of Depositor, Rs					
Government Currency Notes	At Ra 10,000 " 1,000 " 500 " 100 " 50 " 10 " 2½ " 1					
Silver .	Whole Rupees Half ", Quarter ", Eighth ", Uncurrent coins Half Rupees Quarter ", Eighth ", One anna pieces	: :				
Copper and Bronze	Double pice Single " Half ", Pie pieces					
Stamps .				•		
Opium, ma R T. R Fo Supply Bill Chequo For	rms (Number Forms (Do	} :				

^{*} The total of the cash balance reported in the latest daily sheets received from sultreasures without any details of notes or coin, etc. need only be shown in this column Station.—

Station.—

Relaxed

Relieving Government Servant

Form 1-D.—concluded (Reverse) Details of Treasury Balances

	Detail	of T	revinty 1	Balances.		
	Description		l [†] nder doulde locks	With Treasurer	*In Tahuls,	Tor
Covernments Palamonater	ecuritien held in nafo dit of Depentor, Ita	cuntody 				
Overlanent Cattenay Isales	At Re 10,000 1,000 500 100 50 10 10 10 10 10 10 11					
filter .	Whole Rupeer Half "Quarter "I jobth "Uncurrent coins Half Rupees Quarter "Dighth "One anna pieces	<i>:</i> :				
Copper and lironzo,	Double pice bangle " Half " Pas pieces					
Opnum, ma R. T. R. Fo Supply Bill Cheque For	rms (Number Forms (Do.					

^{*} The total of the cash balance reported in the latest daily sheets t treasures without any details of notes or coin, etc., need only be shout a

Reli ig.

Government against all Claims to the amount so due as aforesaid to before the said sum can the said (d) be paid to the Claiment NOW THE CONDITION of this bood is such that if after payment has been made to the Claimant the Claimant or the surety sureties shall in the event of a claim being made by ony other person against Government with respect to the aforesaid refund to Government the sum of Runeea eum of Ra.

and shall otherwise indemnify and save Government harmless from all liability in respect of the aforessid sum and all cost incurred in consequence of any claim thereto THEN tha above written bond or obligation shall be void but otherwise the same shell comein in full force and virtue.

IN WITNESS to the above written bond and the condition therafor we

and and '

have herenote set our hands this

day of

* ** - C - 1 F - - 4 1095 7

No. 179. Pages 231-233. Form No. C. A. C. 2-

(i) Insert the following as item 8 in tha "Instructions for praparing travelling allowance bills" on the front page of this form:—

"S. A travelling allowance bill may, if desired, be enfaced for payment to a Banker or Agent and submitted for collection through such Banker or Agent; this will obviate the necessity of the officer's attendance in person or by messenger, as payment may then be made direct to the Banker or Agent ".

(2) Substitute the following for the words "Contents received" on the last page of this form :--

.. Contents received

Please pay to

fC. A. Code, Vol. I, 8th Edition (2nd Reprint), No. 179, dated the 1st June 1937.]

FOR USE IN ACCOUNTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE

Head of service chargeable-Admitted for R Objected to Rs. Reason of objection

Senior Accountant.

0.0

LTAGO

Page 230-

Insert the following as Form 1-E --

Form I E

[Sec Art. 39 (b) Notel

Form of Bond of Indemnity for drawing arrears of pay and allowances or peasions of deceased Government servants or peosioners

KNOW ALL MEN by these presents that I. (a) mordant of

o nd

ſb the widow/the sea of

and T/wo (n)

surcties on her/his behalf are held and firmly bound to the Secretary of State for India in Coancil in the sum of Runees to be paid to the said Secretary of

State or his successors or assigns FOR WHICH payment to he well and truly made each of us severally bind(s) himself and his heirs, executors administrators and assigns and overy two and all of us jointly bind ourselves and our heirs executors administrators and assigns firmly by these presents

As witness our hands this

day of

WHEREAS (d)

was at the time of his death

in the employment of Government or was receiving a pension of Rupees

from Government AND WHEREAS the said died on the

day of

19

and there was then due to him

the sum of Rupees

(for pay and allowances ta Rя respect of his said office) or (in respect of his said pension) AND theremafter called WHEREAS the above boandea (a) "the Claimant") claims to be entitled to the said suin as heir of the but has not obtained letters of administration htas

of or a succession certificate to the property and effects of the said (d) AND WHEREAS the Claimant bas satisfied the (e)

(officer concerned) that he/she is entitled to the aforesaid snm and that it would cause undue delay and bardship if the Claimant were required to produce letters of administration of or a succession tificate to the property and effects of the said (d) AND WHEREAS Government desire to pay the said sum to the claimsnt hut under Governm at rules and orders it is necessary that the claimant

should first execute a boad with one snrety/two sureties to indemnify

⁽a) Full name of claimant with place of residence

⁽b) State relat onship to the deceased

⁽c) Full name or names of sureties

⁽d) Name of the deceased

⁽e) Title of the officer responsible for the payment

Government against all Claims to the at the said (d) be paid to the Claimant NOW THE CO that if after payment has been made or the surcet/sureties shall in the even any other person against Government aum of Ra refund to and shall Government harmless from all liability is and all cost incurred in consequence of ahove written bond or obligation shall shall remain in full force and virtue	before the said sum can NDITION of this bond is such to the Claimant the Claimant the fact and the sum of the claim being made by with respect to the aforesaid Government the sum of Rupees otherwise indemnify and save a respect of the aforesaid sum any claim thereto THEN the
IN WITNESS to the above written for we and and	bond and the condition there
have herennte set our hands this	day of
No 179	T A-3 Q-4-100c 7
Pages 231-233, Form No C A C 2-	
(i) Insert the following as item 8 is travelling allowance bills "on the front p	Bago of this form -
"8 A travelling allowance hill may, if a Banker or Agent and submitted for collect- this will obviste the necessity of the of messenger, as payment may then be made	desired, he enfaced for payment to a ion through such Banker or Agent, beers attendance in person or hy direct to the Banker or Agent."
(2) Substitute the following for the wor page of this form —	ds . Contents received " on the last.
"Contents received	
Please pay to	•
[C A Code, Vol I, 8th Edition (2nd Reprint	No 179 dated the 1st June 1937 ?
FOR USE IN ACCOUNTAN	NT GENERAL'S OFFICE
Head of service chargeable-)
v	Admitted for Ra
	Ohjected to Rs
	Reason of objection-
	Server Accountant G.O.
	0.0.
L2AGO	

Page 230-

Insert the following as Form 1-E -

Form 1 T

[See Art 39 (b) Noto]

Form of Bond of Indemnity for drawing arrears of pay and allowances or pensions of deceased Government servants or pensioners

KNOW ALL MEN by these presents that I, (a) maident of

hna th)

the widow/the son of and I/wo. (a)

surcties on her/his behalf are held and firmly hound to the Secretary of State for India in Council in

the sum of Runees to be paid to the said Secretary of R.a

State or his successors or assigns FOR WHICH payment to be well and truly made, each of us severally bind(s) himself and his heirs, executors, administrators and assigns and overy two and all of us jointly hind ourselves and our heirs executors, administrators and assigns firmly hy these presents

As witness our hands this

day of

WHEREAS (d)

10

was at the time of his death in the employment of Government or was receiving a pension of Rupees

from Government AND WHERCAS the said

died on the

day of and there was then due to him

the sum of Rupees

(for pay and allowances in respect of his said office) or (in respect of his said pension) AND WHEREAS the above hounden, (a) (heremafter called "the Claimant") claims to he entitled to the eard eum as heir of the hut has not obtained letters of administration

bran (d) of or a succession certificate to the property and effects of the eard (d) AND WHEREAS the Claimant has satisfied the (e)

(officer concerned) that he/she is entitled to the aforesaid sum and that it would cause undue delay and hardship if the Claimant were required to produce letters of administration of or a euocession cer tificate to the property and effects of the eard (d)

AND WHEREAS Government desire to pay the eard cum to the claimant hut under Government rules and orders it is necessary that the claimant should first execute a hond with one surety/two eureties to indemnify

⁽a) Full name of claimant with place of residence

⁽b) State relationship to the deceased,

⁽c) Full name or names of sureties (d) Name of the deceased

⁽e) Title of the officer responsible for the payment

Government against all Claims to the a the said (d) he paid to the Claimant NOW THE CO that if after payment has been made; or the surcty/sinceties shall in the even any other person against Government sum of Rs Government harmless from all hability is and all cost incurred in coosequence a shove written hond or obligation shall be shall remain in full force and virtue.	NDITION of this bond is such to the Claimant the Claimant to Gammant to Gammant to Gammant to Government the sum of Rupees otherwise indemnify and save in respect of the aforesaid sum any claim thereto THEN the						
IN WITNESS to the above written for we and	bond and the condition there-						
have herennto set our hands this	day of						
No. 179	7						
Pages 231-233, Form No C A C 2-							
(i) Insert the fellowing as item 8 in the "Instructions for preparing travelling allowance bills" on the front page of this form —							
"8 A travelling allowance hill may, if of Banker or Agent and submitted for collect this will obviate the necessity of the messenger, as payment may then be made	Micer's attendance in person or hy direct to the Banker or Agent."						
(2) Substitute the fellowing for the wor	rds "Contents received" on the last						
"Contents received							
Please pay to							
[C A Code, Vol I, 8th Edition (2nd Reprint). No 179, dated the 1st June 1937 }						
FOR USE IN ACCOUNTANT	NT GENERAL'S OFFICE						
Head of service chargeable-							
	Admitted for Re						
	Objected to Rs						
	Reason of objection-						
i							

Emior Accountant

Tranclling Allowance Bill. · Form 2-continued.

Servants.)
d Government
(Gazetted
_

Voucher No. Month of

Head of Service chargeable.

gration

District

Headquarters	gration	<u> </u>						Voucher No.	7	list o	f paymer 19 .	list of payments 19
PARTICULARS OF JC HAL	(15.00)		Rulway fare.	• į	DISTANCE TRAVE LLED BY ROAD OR BY TROLLY.	HSTANCE TRAVE LLED BY ROAD OR BY TROLLY.	म गार्म म	ACTUAL EXPENSES.	ENSES.	10 A00		1
Derarran. Page 232, Fc Substitut columns 8— dieb).	And of Jours 1, and (mail or passes steamer, road's or	. Class. α	o No. of fares.	Janount 5	Teambio = 1 to the first state of the first state o	The control of the co	Administration 1 to 1 days for the allowator claimed.	Particulars.	, Junoail 5	Purpose of Jour	July Jesi lo o'al 🐹	5 Remarks.
Traveling by road includes traveling by eas or river in a steam launch or in any reasol other than a steam r, and traveling by earsal. (The refugite kind should be specified in the left)	lurg by sca be bul)	or river	11.58	(cam la	anch or in a	ny vessel	other tho	n a steam'r, and	travelling	- ly ca	- -	원

In cases where the steamer company has two rates of fare, one inclusive and one exclusive of diet, the word " fam " should be beld to mean "fare exclusive of diet."

Form 2-concluded

- W	4	R	Contents received	
Railway and Steamer fare (column 10) Roa I m feege— Miles at (column 11) Miles at (column 12)			Stamp	
-days for which daily allowance is claimed (column 14) as Actual expenses (column 16)			Signature of the officer who travelled	
Тотав	L	_	MENO .	
Data [June] P. T. A for (Supplementary In 1th of Transcript In 1th In 1t			Appropriation for 19	
Net claim	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	Dalance	
Passed for Rupees ()			Corteding Officer	L'cer.
Poy Pupees ()			Treauty Offices	firer
5	CERTH ICATES	ICAT	LIS .	

Parm 9.A

(See Chapter 4, Article 59-A.)

(To be printed on foolscap folio.)

Application for leave.

North- Items I to 7 must be filled in by all applicants, whether caretted or non-Catalian. RA POOL

Pages 231-235, Form C. A. C. 2-A-Page 234-

Insert the following as item 4-A:-

4.A -House allowance. Conveyance allowance, or other compensate allowances drawn in the present post.

Page 235-

Put an asterisk on item 12 and insert the following footnote :-

* If the applicant is drawing any compensators allowance the sanctinuing authors should state whether on the expury of leave he is likely to return to the same post or another post carrying a similar allowance.

[C. A. Code, Vol. I, 8th Edn. (2nd Rep.), No. 200, dated the 1st December 193

Dele

Expedience of applicant.

8. Remarks recommendation of the controlling officer

Surature.

Designation...

Doled

	Form	2 A concluded		
9 Report of	the Audit officer			
		Sı	gnature	
		De	engnation	
10 Statemen	at of leave granted to	applicant previous	to this application.	
Natur	o of leave	In current year	During past vear	Total.
Cesual				
Privilege			} }	
On average pay		1	1	
On average pay o	n M C	[[
On half average p	ay	}		
On half average p	ayon M C		1	
On quarter averag	se pay	ĺ	ĺ	
On quarter averag	ge рау ол M. С	}	ļ	
Extraordinary les	Ve .		Į	
	TOTAL			
	that leave on 193 to	average pay fo	months	and
days from under Rule		_	s successions	
		Sign	ature	
		Den	gnation	
Date				
12 Orders of	the sanctioning author	-	sture	

Form 2 B

(See Chapter 4, Article 59 B)

(To be printed on foolscap folio)

Form B

From

Servico.

Τo

The Accountant General.

Sir.

I have the honour to inform you that I intend to

India by (bore state line and also the class of necommodation in which the officer or his family proposes to travel) and to request that you will kindly furnish me with the neces gary certificate to enable me to engage the following passages from with the (name of Steamship Company and of the Agent of that Company or of the Passen gor Agent if the passages are to be engaged through such Agent) Total passage for-

Self

Wife (name) Child (Do 10.

Page 236, Fort

Place an s and sex! ".

tC A

(here state age and sex)

of your leave? ...

turn to India of the members of your family?

Signature

Designation

Station

Page 236, Form 2 R.

Insert the following Note at foot of this form -

Norz — Applications made to the High Commissioner for India for passage concession must be supported by a certificate from the Auditating the position of the relevant passage amount. If therefore off their families proceed oversoas have any reason a subseptate that further is the state of the Terran State of the Auditation of the Audi

A Code, Vol I, 8th Edn (2nd Rep.), No 139, dated th

PURTOR

(See Chapter 6, Article 62)

- as it stood on 1st April 193 . (To be printed brendthways on foolscap size) Detailed Statement of the Permanent Establishment of the-

_			
	REMARKS	(including note of efficiency bar where applicable).	
	-300	myzani tzan lo otaU	
		Pay of present forum ent and total of each section	
		Maximum.	
	PAY OF POST.	Rate of periodical increment, wheller annual, biennial, etc	
	D XVZ	Минтога	
,		Namo of Lacumbent,	
'	-1 u 10	Serial number of app	
1	tind (s'tnodmnonI lo otaG oldresoq sa taon sa)	
1		Namo of section and post	
,	VCUM.	Promotion to pre- sent pay.	
	PRESTATIVEOM. BENT, DATE OF	Appointment to present post or of commence meet on present the commence to present time scale.	
	od:	Orders of competent flority creating past	

Signature of the Head of Office.

At foot of the return should be detailed all tems of Establishment sanctioned, but not yet incurred.

Compared with service books and found cornect

The rule about entry of orders of competent authority may be stated generally thus; the general order is to be entered once only, any other order will be entered spatiatorery entry which it supports. A personal my about he stated on a separate line immediately below the pay of the officer who retelved 14, the orders of competent authority sanctioning it being quoted in the first column. Further instructions for filing up the form are contained in Article 62

(See Chapter 5, Article 52) Form 4

pension state whether rom and to what date Note -In cases of aus Description and period of leave or suspension he suspension period anil count towards sension.) a ho have been on aspen ton dunna leave or under Gost versants Non grzetted the sear Detailed Statement of new names, leave, etc cased to be borne From what date on the establish ment, an luchy Names of non gazetted Govt servants which previous year but are now omitted were in Perm 3 of from what Office and on what dato transferred, or with what bell the health and ago certi ficates wero fur nushed * New names of non garetted Govern ment servants

* If the Covernment servant has been transferred more than once in the preceding year, the name of each office (and post) in which he N B —This form should either accompany Form 3 or be punted at foot of that form Was employed during the west should be mantioned with Jetes

(See Chapter 5 Article 63) Form 6

Gardemant of Decreesison for Research of Establishment

				FORMS		[No	5
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Estac		Pasx	Increase per month	10110007	•		ruction
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Kentsı			otosed grale	mum xeld	•		mms pard to t
Statement of Proposition for Kevision of Establishment		PROPOSED SCALE		Increment	•		ion should be pard
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	NATURE OF CHARGES			Des Enetion			Nors — In proparing this Statement particular attention abould be past to the instructions in Article 63 Civil Account Code
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		2		Tottan 3:290I			Not
	ļ		1	Namber		1	

Form 6 (See Chapter 5, Article 63)

Coed Chapter by Exercise of Stablishms

				FORMS.	
	B Approximate extra- cost involved by thesa propossly				be given in lump vincial scale should be given f with the proposed
	*	* Arfus] present	cost of establish ments affected		s siliceted should sat of the whole Pro stablishment should shown in column
of Establishment	3	RATES OF PAY	Proposed (b)		* In the use of clutter of automount statistication of the brobe extraktivane or extraktive stretch should be given in lump best details and no to case of extilctivities the stretch is fixed for the value for extraktivities the teach of which is fixed for the trowness as which, the value of the value for extraktivities and the confident teach about of extend and the strength of the value of the value for extra the confidence is extracted to a strategie establishment, the buylo of the extraktive cost this trainible provident is the confidence in colourne 2 (2), 2(c) and 4 and have decked the extra cost above in colourne 2 (c), 2(c), 2(c) and 4 and have decked the extra cost above in colourne 2 (vi) and and it to be correct
thon for Reusson		RATES	Present (a)		f the whole establess h is fixed for the Provint, the whole of the (a) and 4 and have of d it to be correct
Statement of Proposition for Reusson of Establishment	20	NUMBER IN PACH CLASS	Proposed (b)		bjishments the cost o ents the scale of whe existing establishme es in columns 2(a), 3 12(b) and 3(b) and his
25		NUMBER IN	Present (a)		net or divisional esta ne case of establishms we class is added to an e examined the figura
	-	The state of	nation of Government servants affected		In the seas of district of registration for the first of the beloe excludiblement of recived should be given in lump without details and not occur clearly the state of which is fixed for the Promese as whole, the red to the whole Process as whole, the red to the whole Process as whole, the red to the whole Process as whole, the red the whole where the whole of the exaking read of the properties and existing the exaking read of the exaking read of the properties and existing an external neclennar \$\frac{1}{2}\fra

Accountant General,

FORMS.

°Form 7.

Deleted.

(8.9 Chapter 5, Article 55)
Absence Blatement

e mad.

					FORMS.
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		To be filed up by Andri	•	24	
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Mora.—I. In column 4 shoold be sated "full (half or quarter) severe, a pay" " withen 1997" " after day; " (propt 2 columns and columns are columns and columns and columns and columns are columns are columns are columns and columns are Byputere and designation of Dissuring Offices.

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2, The externectability of the verticus corresponding to vertical in the hill only these arrangements allering coal pertion being shown together

3 When the bere estay noted incolours 8 differentiations that have not terrind proposed that and make the performance of the first for the first first first first for the first fir the admission broken my drawn colods the offers white the sector, reserve as a measures or the first masser, m western should she begiven.

4. All charges in the wood of the primared establishment for the forman as, involve, dails, and consequent may experiments and involve and derived and the formal properties of the formal propertin

Hond of Office

an aggregato b be availed No. 7. Vol. I, 8th Edn. (2nd Rep), No. 7, dated 1st April 1935.] A. C. (aheats on principe leave) has, during a period of duty without interruption (immediately proceding the himself of leave) eleven times as long as the leave, been employed dun danng which he drow an aggregate t a month R a month. : : s tp (1) In an office paid from the Central or Provincial Revenues from the satary of ${\bf R}$

to the

A. C.'s allowances during the privilege leave are to be charged to-

Central Revenues

The Local Fund

(2) In an effice paid from a Local Fund from the

(See footnote, Form 8.) Form 9.

3 aggregatio

age 243, Form 9-Delete this form. [C. A. Code,

> has danng has survice for . . . Jears immediately proceding the late on which heavailed himself of for first
>
> 6. B. (whose now absent on furlough for the second time, and was proviously absent on furlough from the time of the time of the contract of the contrac dunng which he drow an aggre to the (1) In an office paid from the Central or Provincial Revenues from the to the A. B.'s allowances during the furlough are to be charged to-(2) In an effice paid from a Local Fund from the nalary of R.

Central or Provinces Revenues

The Local Fund

dung

No. 4.

Page 244-247, Form 10

(1) Insert the sign & against the words "G. P. Fund" i classification on the first page and add the following footnote:

"§The deduct entires relating to Provident Funds should be posted the Sterling and Ordinary Branches."

(2) Insert a dagger (†) against the words "G. P. Fond" in c. the second page and in the abstract on the fourth page of the form the following feetneds on the second and fourth pages:—

† In respect of subveribers to the Sterling Branch it should be noted on ' in the Fund Schedule attached to the bill that the recoveries relate to Branch

[C. A. Code, Vol. I, 8th Edn (2nd Rep.), No 4, dated Price anna 1 or 11d. app intments which and no place in the Increments from res blacket fa C. A. C.) E. A re line should be drawn risht across he sheet after each as ne outablishments and un les it the totals of column (4), (5) and (7), for Section should be shown in red ink. In cases where the amount of leave safary is based on average this and in Lip on Quarter Average Postal Life Insumnee Pay. On other date Last Pay Certificate Louve Salary Subsitence Grunt Bab Gn to a pay bill. s relating to ca

(FOR THE USC OF THE ACCOUNTANT GEN.
Admitted Rs.
Objected Rs.

Auditor.

[No 10.

Bernal num ber of poets.	Section of estab lishment and Name of Incom bents.	Substantive pay. (Personal pay or Sprenal pay, if any, should also he shown in the scol imm as a sepa- rate entry below sub- stantive pay)	Leave miary.	Official- ing pay	Compensatory allowance,	Total.	For use in Andit Office	General Provident Fond.	
1	2	3	4		6	7	8		
	3								

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	<u></u>			<u>.</u>	,	

Total (Column 7)	ita a	Received contents and certified that I have sat fied myself that all emoluments included in bit I month?
Deduct-Undisbursed pay as	Ì,	drawn 2 months provious to this date, with the
Deduct-General Provident Fund (column 9).		exception of those detailed below (of which the total has been refunded by deductions from the bill, have been distoursed to the proper persons and that their acquittances have been taken and I led a
Deduct-P. L. L premia and other Fund deductions (column 10)		my office with ficult atamps duly cancelled fo every payment in excess of Rs 20
Deduct-Income-tax (column 12)	ì	* One line to be used and the others scored out.
Deduct—In adjustment of advances recover able as detailed in		2 Certified that no person in superior service has been absent either on other duty or suspens on with e without leave (except on casual leave) during the month of
(attached)		NormWhen an absentee statement see mpagies the b ii this Certificate should be struck out
Deduct-Recoveries on account of house	1	
rent etc as detail (column ed in statement 13)		
(attached).	ļ	ļ , ' .
1		· ·
		direce Books and leave accounts under my attests too
Total Deductions	-	4. Certified that all appointments and substantive promotions at lead of the objecting promotions at leave to be eithered in the Service Books as per columns in the Standard form No F R 10 have been entered a the Service Book of the persons concerned under my attestation
Net amount required for payment (in words) Rupees		
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Psy to me	-	\ `
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		l i .
	1	2 5
•	ì	3 6
		8. Certifed that no leave salary for any Covernmen servant (except the following in whose Servic Books snote regarding allocation has been recorded drawn so the bill for is debitable to any Covernment, etc., other than the Central Certific Covernment —
	1	1 1
		2 8
	l	

LEAGO

FORM 10-concluded.

DETAILS OF PAY OF ABSENTEES REFUNDED.

Section of estab- lishment.	Name of in- cumbent.	Parad.	Amount.			
			Ra.	A.		
	} 				_	
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		ļ				
	Ì					
		1				
	·	Sig	nature			_
	Design	tion of the	Drawi:	ıg Of	icer {	
Station						
Dated-	193					
	Pay Rs		-		follows:—	
					sh Rs.	
D	educt—by transfer	redst to P	isgoera		osita Ra.	
Examined and						
Treasury I	lecountant.					
	Dated	193	•		Treasury Officer.	

No. 207.

Page 249, Form 10-A-

For the heading "date of last increment or of appointment to present post" of column 5 substitute "date from which present pay is drawn"

[C A. Code, Vol I, 8th I'dition (2nd Reprint), No 207, date 1 the 1st 1 1 mirry 1918]

prescribed periodical increments from the date cited in column 0, having been the incumbents of the posts specified for not 1 ss than year from the date in column 5, after deducting periods of suspension for inlaconduct and absence on leave without pay and in the cray of those holdling

the posts in officiating capacity, all other kinds of leave

(2) Certified that the Government servants named below have carned periodical increments from the date cited, for reasons stated in the explainatory means attached hereto

Name of Incumbent	Whether and stantive or officiating	Scale of pay of post	t pay	tte of last increment or of ap- pointment to present post	Date of present merement	pay	Sustraded for Mis conduct	LEAVE WITHOUT FAY AND IN THE GASE OF THOSE HOLD ING THE FOSTS HE OFFICIATING GAFACITY, ALL OTHER EINDS OF LEAVE		
	Whoth	Scale o	Present pay	Date of last pointment	Date	Fature pay	From	70	From	Т0
1	2	3	_4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11

Norz 1 -- When the increment claimed is the first to carry an 4th A.

columns 5 6 and 7 should be filled up in red ink

Note 2 — The figure (1) or (2) should be placed against each figure (1) or (2) supplies

The explanatory memo should be submitted in figure applies

Form 10 B.

(See Chapter 5, Article 70.) ACQUITTANCE ROLL

Acquittance Roll of Permanent/Temporary Establishment of the for Pay/Travelling Allowances for the month of

193 .

Item No.	Names.	Designation.	Net Amount payable.		Dated signature (with stamp where necessary), unpud items to be noted as such and attested,		
	}	}					
	}						
	1,	p 10			Totel Vaperd Re.		
	!	Total .					
_		Rs. (figures		ords)) on the authority of the		

Cashier.

Drawing Officer.

Certified that a proper quittance has been taken in respect of each amount paid in this roll from the person entitled to receive it.

Form 10 C

(See Chapter 5, Article 74 A)

(To be printed on foolscap with fly leaves)

[1st page] SERVICE ROLL

[For						e constabulary		those
	super	ior servai	nts for wh	om no serv	rice bo	oks are maint:	atned I	

- 1 Name-
- 2 Race, sect and casto-
- 3 Native place [with name of District, Village, Thana, and Post Office-
- 4 Father's name and residence-
- 5 Date of birth by Christian era as nearly as can be ascertained-
 - 6. Exact height by measurement-
 - 7. Personal marks for identification-
- 8 Signature or mark of Government servant (with date)— 9 Signature with date and year and designation of the attesting officer-
- Note -The above entries should be renewed or relattested at least every five years and the signature in lines 8 and 9 should be dated.

Left hand thumb and finger impressions.

Thumb	T'ere finger	Middle finger.	Ring finger.	Littlo Gøger.	Signature and designation of officer before whom impression is taken	Date

Note.

To avoid trouble about pension, take great care, in the following circumstances, that the Service Roll clearly answers the following questions -Questions.

Circumstances.

- (1) When sub-tantive inferior servants (eg), Dufteres Jemadars etc. are appointed to act in the superpor grade on pay exceed ng Ps. 10 (2) When service commences as-
 - (a) 'scting",
 - (b) "on probat on".
 - (r) "acting in a temporary appointment"
 - (3) Upon reinstatement after suspension. (4) During all leave other than leave on average
- What is the nature of vacancy ' Is there a full vacancy, or does any oil or offeer count il e san e time for pension in the same appointment? (Ar icle 571, C. S. R.) Ditto ditto ditto
- Is at in a probationers appointment specially allotted 7 (Article 3"3, C. b. P.).
- Is the temporary appointment eventually do permanent? (Article 30 C. S. P.).
- Is the period entered to count for leave and Dension I What rate of knye salary was drawn?

Page 252, Form 10-C.—
Delete the words "(where required)" from the heading prescribed for the fourth page of this form.

[C.

[C. A.	. Code, Vol. I, 8th Edn. (2nd Rep.), No. 169, dated the 2nd January 1937.)
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Form 10-C.—concluded.	Integrate to actionize the state of Jacobs of Jacobs of Jacobs
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	ego-1 no of appoint- resett and glabitaneout-

*Form 11 (See Chapter 5 Article 75)

Instructions for preparing Travelling Allowance Bills

Voucher No of list of pay ments for 19

- 1 Journeys of different kinds and journeys and halts should not be entered on the same line. Only one kind of allowance should therefore be filled in on the same I we and its amount carried out reparately into the last movey column.
- Permanent travelling conveyance and borse allowances should be drawn along with the pay of the Government servant and not in Travelling Allowance Bills
- 3 Fractions of a mile in the total of a bill for any one journey for each person should not be charged for
- 4 When the first item of a travelling allowance bill is a halt the date of commeucement of that halt should be stated in the Remarks column
- 5 If daily allowance is claimed in respect of a road journey the number of miles travelled should be entered in column 14 and the daily allowance in columns 17 to 19
- 6 Journey performed beyond British territory should be indicated separately and the distance travelled should be stated in each case
- 7 When travelling allowance is claimed in respect of a journey to or from a hill station it should be mentioued in the Remarks column whether or not the halt has exceeded ten days

(Space for Pre-audit enfacements in respect of bills submitted for pre-audit)

For use in Accountant General s Office

	T 44 4	
Head of service chargeable—	Admitted for Rs -	
	Objected to Ra ——	
	Reason of Objection -	
	[
	Senior Accountant	0 0

*Form 11-continued.

THE LINES ä : = -2.5 ٤ 11100 į 2.3 Traviling Allowance Bill of the Establishment of193 Total of can't lund. Ω , Purpose of Journey. Dayso-Unlabored Travelle; Coverentaniol as detailed on the return ACTURAL PT 4 • • DALLY AT LOW-Ľ Ŀ المددا باعراء Net rom regulard for payment ROAD OR TRUE annoth v 2 asi m la act FARE RAILWAY 1 *Aul 10 .0% 2 journey by mail or ,siste. (steamer, or trull). 1917 (m) 1918/19 1919/1918 pury PARTICULARS OF IOUR NEYS AND HALTS Aucil. Anjra Date noninis .noli Departure, Dries Statlen vetual pay. 4 Meadquartera. Name Pand Jeans

* Transling by road for lades transling by sea or street a steem bear a or be any town other twan earlier to the fact of the f f in cases where the strange company has two reter of force, one for fooden and overestraines of leg, the wash "than the force of the search force that we defect the way of the search force that we desired the search of the se (d) Il there is a combined appropriated for the relating advances of greated and so as a very site condition of a regarding as a regarding to Head of Office. Contents received. -(In words.) Dated....,193 Station

Form 11-concluded

CERTIFICATES

1 Certified that I have satisfied myself that the amounts included in bills drawn 7 month

2 months or previous to this date, with the exception of those detaile?

3 months

helow (of which the total amount has been refunded by deduction from this bill) have been disbursed to the Government servants therein named and their receipts taken in acquittance rolls filed in my office, with receipt stamp dury cancelled for every payment in excess of Rs 20 to Also that the journeys for which mileage has been claimed under Supple

mentary Rule 77 for non gazetted ministerial or inferior Government servants, were made by public or hired conveyance under my orders

t3 Also that it was necessary for the Government servants for whom halting allowance at headquarters is drawn to keep up the whole or part of their camp compage during such halt, and that the expense incurred on this necount was not less than the halting allowance drawn (Supplementary Rule 91)

Details of Travelling Allowance refunded

Section of

ostablisb ment	Name	Period	Amount	ectabl sh ment	Name	Period	Λm	oun
								
Passed for			-193	<u> </u>		d of Of	-	<u> </u>
Pay Rupe	ca (~)		(Control	ling Offic	cer)	

-Snb Treasnry

Examined and entered

Treasury Officer

.1c.ountant

Dated-

Section of

Sub Treasury Officer

Incorporated in the District Accounts on-

Accountant

^{*}One lie to be used and the others scored out

[†]Clause 2 sl ould be scored out with a pen when no mileage is claimed under Supple mentary Rule 77, and clause 3 wien there is no claim under Supplementary Rule 91.

tTo be filled up when payable from a sub Treasury

				FC	orus.			[No. 12.
_		{		KRETHEU			-	ffcer. (The
E	•	\cdot	*90	Total of each lu		**		Controlling Officer. arelling by canal. (The
4	1	-193	.eg.	rupose of 10ur	1			rollır 1g by should
1	yapıd		S.Y.	запошА.				Cont
4.44	[Not payable at the attender.		ACTUAL EV. PENSES	Particulaza			ture)	Dated
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		the m	DAILY ALLOW.	otall				other t
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tinued.		1	MUERGE BY ROAD OR OT TROLLY	Amount		_	bees (Dated- or in any
Form 12-continued.			AD OR VOLLY	etall	1		Passed for Rupees	launch
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F-4			Įaur.	Amount		_]		i i
		1	STEANER FALE	soral lo oM	/	Total Lite		Jul 1
	1.	-101	STE	6587			_,	*
	nent]	Travelling Allowance Journal-	Je ot pà 1217	nor 12 Ar Seed Age				
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	orks	rellu.	m.o	Part Bart				g by r should where tusive
	d des	F.	57, F	Read "Particula delete the word obtain 4.				cd-Travelling leular kind si f In cases wi f faro exclus. (In words.)
	For Public Works Establishment]	Actual pay—	Page 257, Form 12.	Read "Particuls and delete the word of column 4.			Station-	Dated.————————————————————————————————————
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CCRMB.

Porm 12-concluded

Instructions for preparing Travelling Allowance claims.

- I downeys of different land, and journeys and helts should not be entered on the same line. Only one land of allowance should, therefore, be filled in on the same line and its critical earts of our separately into the last money column.
- 2 Permanent traveling, conveyance and lorse allowances should be drawn along with the 150 of the Government servant and 15t in travellegation mediate.
- 1 Practions of a rule in the total for any one justicey should not be charged for,
- When the first item of a travelling allowance claim is a laft, the date of commencement of that helt should be stated in the "Return's" culumn
- 5 If daily allowance is claused in respect of a read journey, the number of miles travelled should be entered in column 11 and the daily allowance in columns 11 to 16
- 6 Journey performed beyond British territory about to Indicated separately and the distance travelled should be stated in each case

For	Public	Works	Establishment]

Vouch	r No	of
	list of pa	yments
fer		19

I OLI	13
(See Chapter 5	Article 77)
	_
CERTIFIC	
1 Certified that I have satisfied my 1 month	self that the amounts included in hill
J months	ate, with the exception of those detail-
ed belov (of which the total amount b this hill) have been disbursed to the G beir icceipts taken in the Acquittance R	overmment servonts therein named ond
2 Certified that in support of each panies this bill, a duly completed trav- by the proper authority has been placed	
	(Head of Office)
Date-19 .	
† One line to be used	and the others scored out
Pay Rupees ()———	
11 rom-Sub Treasury	
Examined and entered	
Accountant	
	Treasury Officer
	Sub Treasury Officer
	Incorporated in the District Accounts
	On
	Accountant.
‡ To be filled up when payable from a Sub T	reasury
(Space for pre audit enfacements in re-	peet of bills submitted for pre-audit)
For use in Account	ant General's Office
Head of service chargeable	Admitted for Ra
	Objected to Rs
	Reason of objection———
	Senior Accountant. 0 0

193 for the month of Form 13-concluded Abstract Travelliny Allowance Bill of the Establishment of

(a) If there is a combined appropriation for traveling allowance of greetted and non paretted Cottinett eristly the cerlind appropriation about be aboven in this column REAL VRKS Fapenditure including this bill fug Poucher accompany Total for each cla Total for each person setual expen oste איים (TEMS OF CHARGE wolls Yd egaelilf To bac trolly Steamer fare oral Tawkasi Particulars of charge Total Actual pay Mame and rank Section of Establish

Executive Engineer Supernitend ng Lingineer

Divisional Accountant

Contents received

. 61

Statron-

			FORMS.				[No. 14
——Distrid, 193		Subdividue of detabled besits may be convenient. If the grant be not ordinarily alloited among the subdivision of detabled back, they hould be lacked by a brace and the amount placed below. Each of these spaces represent a money column.				REMARKS.	
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r Article 91.) open royal.) —Department of the	SOFB	urads of it.	ļ		"Ilid a'r	trom dos	o lo latoT
cle 94. 1 roya epartn	III				Pont a battact	arta oo d oe	Totalofe
(See Chapter 6, Article 94.) (To be printed on open royal.)	DETAILED HEADS OF BUDGET.	s as may be cold beed, they dents a money					Amount,
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Register of Co Left hand page		To whom paid.	Appropriation for	Right hand page.	DETALLED HEADS.	Sub-divisions of detailed beads.	
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Form 1f Λ.

(See Chapter 6, Article 68)

(To be prived on feet rap fet)

(Obverse)

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Form	14 A -concluded
	(Reverse)

		ļ	Rs.	a	p.
Account of contingent Appropriation	and Expenditure	.			
Amount of Appropriation			Ì		
				1.	
		Amouot.			
Deduct Expenditure—			ĺ	Ĥ	
Total of present bill		1 11	ļ		
Total or provious bill as shown in bill No	۵.		ĺ	H	
•		l	<u></u>	 	-
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by transfer	r credit to Post		asury Offi		
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For use in Account	ant General's	office			-
Head of service chargeable-	Audit Re	ustor pago			_
	Admitted	Rs			_
•	Objected (to Rs			_
	Reason of	objection—			
	Auditor.	Sentor	Account	ınt.	
I.ZAGO					

Form 15

(See Chapter 6, Article 103)

Abstract Contingent Bill No -

Detailed bill will be sent for countersignature on-Month in wlich presented for payment at Treasury B Il for contingent charges of --19 . District. Voucler No -----of Head of Service rayments of List -10 . Amount Detailed hea I of charge (with description where necessary) and Details of numbers of quotation of authority for charges requiring special sanction sub vouchers Rz Pa Carried over

A B-14a Treasury Officer will only payments on this form as often as required, but the driver should be carried to include in the detailed contingent bill of a month only the amount of all abstracts entashed at the Trassury during that month.

Form 15-concluded

Nos of Details of Eub vouchers	Detailed I end of charge (with descript on where necessary) and quotation of authority for charges requiring special sanction	Amo	nr1	t .]_
		Rs		þ
	Brought forward		l	l
			l	l
	1 111		l	l
			l	l
	<u> </u>		-	ľ
	Total Pupces			
	Ded et-Amount disallowed by the Controlling Officer in bil to disted for Rs Act amount payable			

Note —The Covernment servant drawing this bilt is responsible for baying in tialled the date of each jury entity of Contingent Register. The Register is required to be sent up with bills and Sub vouchers for this purpose. [Art els $O(O,C) \cap C$]

Received contents

Pated	Drawing Officer
Pay Pupees ()—	
Exam red and entered	
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Space for pre nacht enfacement	t in respect of pills submitted for the sum;
Space for pre unditentacement	tin respect of bills submitted for free suchs
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	tan respect of hills submitted for pre audit
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Post om Account	tast Gree at a Office Objected in full Fending recept of detailed

Form 15 A.

(See Chapter C, Article 101)

Detailed Counterstaned Contingent Bill No.

Note —Government servants whose bills are Counteragnet thing Officer should use form No C. A. (

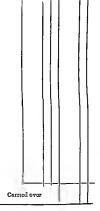
Not payable at the Treasury

Sent to Controlling Officer on

Accoontant General on

District— Monthly detailed bil of Contingent for the month of

Dota is of numbers of where special sanction is necessary sub-vouchers



Form 15 A-continued.

Deta ls of numbers of aub vouchers	Description of charge and number and date of authority where special sanction is necessary	Amount
	Brought forward	
	Brought forward	
•	Carried over	

Form 15 A-continued.

Description of charge and number and date of authority where a possal sanction is necessary. Amount. Description of charge and number and date of authority where a possal sanction is necessary. Amount.		Form 15 A-continued,
	Details of numbers of sub conclusion	Description of charge and number and date of authority where a recal sanction is necessary. Amount.
	{	Drought forward
Carned over .		
		Carried over .

Form 15 A-concluded

n unbers of sub-vouchers		nd number and date af a laanetion is necessary	uthority	Amon
		Breught f	o-ward .	
	Total Ropces			
In this bill could interest of the jear of	that all the articles detailed attached to the bill and in imposseo hava been account	Ditto Ditto Ditto Add—Amount of from bil ha refunded by deduct tangent bil ha and re allowed as I	d sa'lowance dated on from Con dated eer - this bill Supples	Con
that the rates possessed and the accepted and the able notes as pay against the inder provent double p	ud are natin excess of the smarket rates and that aut- ment have been recorded ats and rayonces cancerned to ayments		Services	tingen
are required ta	For use of	store accounts of mater: Cantrolling Officer	als and stores p	urchased
Disallowed from Ditto Ditto Passed for Rupe	,	Tatal at	th.s bill	
			:	· "·
ment All work	, bills are also appended	(Signature of the C	ountereigning ((Ficer)

No 15]

Form 15-B (See Chapter 6, Article 103 A.)

ace Caspier o, Afficie

Note —This form should be used in the case of bills countersized by the controlling offices before payment

DISTRICT OF	Detailed Bill of Contingent Charges of for the month of	Voucher No. of	List
	Head of Service	of payments	19 ,
Number of Eub voucher	Description of charge and number and date all charges requiring special san	of authority for	Ammot.
		Carried over .	

Form 15 B-concluded	Form	15 B-concl	uded
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_		1 01111 10 15-	-concinues		
Number of Sub To cher	Description of c	harge and num harges requirin	ber and date of aut g special sanction	Lority for	Amount,
			Brought	forward	
	6				
	Total Rupres			<u> </u>	
caunot be used *(?) Certifi	aga n ed that all the arti	eles detailed in	the vonchers attac	thed to the bi	ll and in thos
Received cont	tents			Sulptes and Services	Con tingen
		Expenditure	n for current year including this hill ock bills annexed		
ing off			lanco available		
re required to	be maintained		ROLLING OFFICE		ea purchased
•	•	-			
bilis are also aj	ppended			(S geate	>
Dated	19		Controlling Office	er {(Des gna	
Pay Rupees (Lxamined and e Accountant	ntered Treasury D	ated the	19 00	ficer in Charg	e Trenaury

Space for I re and t enfacement in respect of bills submitted for pre and t For use in Acco ntant General & Office Head of Service chargeable-

Adm tted for ROl jected to RReasons for objection-Auditor Senior Accountant

Form 16.

* (See Chapter 6, Article 101)

	FULLY VOUCHED CONTINGENT	T BILL .	N) —		
District of	Detailed Bi'l of Cortingent charges	of	Vouch	r No.	
	for the month of	10 .	of		list of
			Lalmer	et•	for
	Head of Service		the	month	of 19 ,
Number of Sub- voucher	Description of charge and number all charges requiring spa	and date	of author	ity for	Amount
		Ce	rried over		

Amount.

Form 16—concluded.
Description of charge and number and date of authority for all charges requiring special sanction.

Number of

Toneber.

			Brought (forward .	
	Total Rupees.				
					11
	o us are auneacu				
retained in my of	d that all the article: See bave been accou that the purchases l	nted for in the St	ock Register.		
		No. 131.			opted
273, Form	16				, and the
	sting certificate	(4) on this for	m		
[C A Co	de, Vol I, 8th Edn	propriation for th	o current year	se lat June 16 and Services.	036.]n. tingen- cies.
	Am	enditure including	annexed .		
Signature and de Drawing t		Balan	coavailable .	1 111	11
Pay Rupees (ficate is required wh	en proper store s	crounts of mate	rials and afore	s purchase
Examined. Accountant.	Treasu	ry, dated the	19 .	Treasury C	ficer.
Space f	or Pre audit enfacem	ent in respect of t	lits submitted for	r pre audit	
	Far use	la Accountant Ge	neral's office		
Head of ser	vico chargeable—	Admitted for l Objected to li- Reason of obje	·———	=_	
		Andder.		Senior Ac	countant.

Ferra 17.

-	-				
			od or served referred	E .	(F 1/772 1220)
		(har)	Hame of Payer		Drumsenslar
[See Chapter 7, Article 113 and Chapter 12, Annua 120 v. 12	REFUNDS OF REVENUE.	Defect-REFUNDS (Name of Perence brul)	Trust Office's irrary offices of restant of of Trust end t.		(1) Designed that this order of refined has been regioned and revel and reve pictory in the Departmental account under the angles and and ground such partments of the formation of the formation of the partment under the formation of the partment under the formation of the partment of t
3 223 C24955 42	REFUNDS	Deser-REFUN	America reference for reference reference	c.	e façum the ong a
7, Arriels 11.			Drivet pro- menting Treaty		free and and an
[See Chapter			Amous real and Brinch pro-	e e	(1) Designed that this order of referral has been regioned and reveal and reveal and reveal and person order for fear of the same warm has not been unred (2) Passed for payment moder tackings given in (3) Sanctioned and passed for payment. Nower — (2) or (3) the strength of a required flactuated Progress.
	Dramatice C.F.	Heal of serve charge the	Or what account in-		Derighed that this order to the previous order for the Saced for payment took and passed of the series of the seri
	1	Hest of ter	In whose name On what screduled contributed contributed contributed controls		(1) Couling

najierzech auch Uzer

Claimant's suppainte.

Pay Bayers

In case when refer to fine any primited to be made d'res from Teverra et Sabdraners o'de than thou it who it who is the little and printed the made of the Teversy o'Sabdraners o'de than thou it who it who it is not be the of the Teversy o'Sabdraners in which any mit was emplode and colour o'the little op by the Teversy Office of the headquarter (see Sab) Teversy. For ween Accounted Generals Office. Refund noted in Fine Statement. Adrii ed. Objected. Anduce

Page 275, Form O. A. O. 18-

(See Chapter I, Rule 1 of Annexure B and Chapter 7, Article 124.) Cash Book. 4 FORM 18. (1) Substitute the following for this form :-

Payments.

Month of

Contingen.

Receipts.

Office of

	.coltastification.	
	,latoT	
	Aliscellaneous.	
Contingen. eles.	Out of money drawn in anticipation of pay- ments,	
Conti	-ba tasamant o tao -ba tasamant o tao	
	Allowances.	
	Pay.	
	дир-коперен Мок.	
	Date.	

Classification. Total,

Miscellaneous

Allowances, Pay. Particulars.

duanted sonsybA

No. of receipt where mecessary.

(2) Introduce the following as a new form 18-A :--

FORM 18-A.

RECEIPT FORM.

(See Chapter 1, Rule 4 of Annexure B.)

Printed in "S" series as S-110

				-			e, V	oî. I	I , 8t	h F	dn	(2n	d R	ep },	No	73,	date	d Ist	Augu	
		01-10	2	Numbe radicati	of charge				8 11	11 10	22	11 10	11 3	11	10(4)		(6)	•		
		ļ	PAYMENTS			1	ģ	급	-		_	_	_	=	=			≒	11	
	(See Chapter 7, Article 124.)	lo umam		Particulars		Parofom	Rent for March 10	Officer in charry	od in March 19	Magne Scratce	Tleyed buildes on	dary pillars at boun	postine for	postage	skiel villages for local	Compensation for da	strine Purchase of	Presentation to	Roza to the Dan Malilis Closing balance	Total
	Aff.		10	nteecuti o of Vo	2	~	61	**	, ,	13	•	,	- 8	-		<u> </u>			_	
	ter 7, Arti			Date	T	3rd April	;	-	-:	-	-	-	-				=	ء _	:	1
١	apte.	-	+		1	Ĕ.	:	•	:		3 00	1516	2025	2011		:				1
	(See C)			Amount	Be a p	6. 0 200	25,000 0 0		1000		_	0 00		100 0 001	370 0 0		0 0 0		27 438 6 9	
	Cash Book of the		Prom whom			Peaker	Treasury		707		244	r		Charge of	Chi Carply	Port Officer	والمرود والم		12	
	Cash		Particulars				Fractioned Ponditure	No dated ment	C for hiro of camela	ete Things to officers	mais to advance	with the 'r starting	9	_	of rations suplified to		<u> </u>	•	- John	
			Date			udv a		\$13				-		fcıs .		Sth .				

Form 19.

(See Chap. 7, Art. 124.)

		Statement.			
Date of purchase	Voucher number in which charged.	Number of articles.	Description.	Price.	D spread and date.
				n	
				į	
	}		-		
			}	}	
		-	-		

Form 19 A

(See Chapter 11, Article 186 A)

(To be printed on foolscap folio)

Department or Office

Statement of details of provision proposed for pay of Officers for the year 193

	form	Sanc	tioned to post	pay of	your a	due	2 car Mithra	f. tot	Į	
Name and designation	of Estimate	(a)	(6)	novern e on 1st 🖱	column 3 (c)	(a)	(b)	out for 3	r 11 0 3 tar, 1	
į	Reforence to page of Estimate form	Мант	Maximum	Actual pay of the Covern ment Servant due on 1st 3 April novt year	Amount of provision for the year the rate in column 3 (c)	Dato of incromont	Rate of increment	Amount of incromont for a	Total provision for il o year, s.e., tota of columns 4 and 5 (c)	Remarks
									!	

Note 1 - loted and Non Voted stoms should be separately shown

Nort 2 -In the case of temperary establishment authority under which they are entertained should be quoted.

Noru 3 - Numbers and amount of provision should agree with the entries in the estimate form

Nort 4 — Names need not be given in the case of officers whose names are emitted from pay bits

Signature of Officer Designation of Officer

193

278 No. 19.] ronsis Amount recommend. Thance Depart Tent. Department. Notes fa for 13 Amount freem. rended by Ad. ministrative Department. (See Chapter 11, Article 186-A.) (To be printed on foolscap folio.) Amount propord Grounds for expondit-by Local two or reference to Officer. com spindents firmon, Form 19-B. Statement of new forms of expenditure for inclusion in Budget Belimiter of •

Partiming of

Major beat, minor lead, sub beat and detailed head,

No.

Form 20

(LATE FORM S-151)

[See " Note" under Rule X of clause (a) and "Note 3" under clause (h) of Article 165]

Form of Agreement to be executed at the time of drawing an advance for the purchase of land on which to construct a house or of a house ready-made. AN AGREEMENT MADE——day of——one thousand nue hundred and——BETWEEN——of—— (hereinafter called the Borrower, which expression shall include his legal representatives and assigns) of the one part and THE SECRETARY OF STATE INDIA IN COUNCIL (heremafter called the Secretary of State) WHEREAS the Borrower his agreed to purchase of the other part for the purpose of erecting a house thereon the piece of land situated ina house
in the registration district of Suh district thana
more or less and hounded on the
more or less and hounded on the
more or less and hounded on the a house North hyon the South by on the East hy -and on the West hy-for the snm of Rupees AND WHEREAS the Borrower has under the provisions of the Civil Account Code (heremafter referred to as the said Code which expression shall include any graendments thereof for the time being in force) applied to the Scoretary of State for a loan of Rupecsto enable him to purchase the said piece of land and the Secretary of State has agreed to lend the said sum of Rupeesthe Borrower on the terms and conditions bereinafter contained NOW IT IS HEREBY AGREED between the parties hereto that in consideration of the sum of Rupees pand by the Secretary of State to the Borrower (the receipt of which the Borrower hereby acknowledges) the Borrower hereby agrees with the Secretary of State (1) to repay the Secretary of State the said amount with interest calculated according to the said Code by monthly deduc tions from his salary as provided for by the said Code and hereby authori es the Secretary of State to make such deductions and (2) within one month from the date of these presents to expend the full amount of the said loan in the purchase of the said piece of lind and if the actual price pull is less than the loan house to repay the difference to the Secretary of State forthwith and (3) to execute a document mortgaging the said house and the house to be crected thereon to the Secretary of State as security for the amount lent to the Borrower

as aforesaid and interest in the form provided by the said Code *(AND IT IS HEREBY TURTHER (GRIFD that the Borrower shall immediately he has purchased the said piece of land commence and erect thereon a suitable re-idence for his own use) AND II IS HEREBY LASTLY AGREED AND DECLARLD that if the said Diece of land house has not been purchased and mortgaged as aforesaid

[&]quot;() To be omitted in the ease of purchase of a house.

No. 20]

FORMS

within one month from the date of these presents or if the Borrower within that period becomes insolvent or quits the service of Government or dies the whole amount of the loan and interest accrued thereon shall immediately become duo and payable

IN WITNESS whereof the Borrower has hereunto set his hand the day and year first before written

SIGNED by the said in the presence of

Form 20 A

(LATE FORM S 152)

[See "Note" under Rule X of Article 155 (a)]

Form of Mortagae Deed to be executed in connection with an advance for

the purchase of land on which to construct a house
THIS INDFNTURF made the day of BFTWDE
Civil Officer of
(heremeter culled the mortgager which term shall where not repugnant to it context include his heirs, executors and administrators and assigns) of the object and THE SECRETAIL OF STATE FOR INDIA IN COUNCIL (hereinfler referred to as the mortgager which term shall where not repugnant to the context include his steepes ors and assigns) of the other part. WHERFAS by an Agreement dated the day of and made between the mortgager of the one part and the mortgager of the other part. The mortgager of the other part the mortgager advanced and lent to the mortgage the sum of Rupres—for the purpose of purchasing it pieces of Jand hereunalter described and intended to be hereby transferred and a sured and as security for such long the mortgager agreed to execute mortgage in favour of the mortgager in the form of these presents AND WHERI
AS the mortgagor on the day of ———————————————————————————————————
expenses of erecting of the sud piece of hind a suitable residence for his ow use AND WHITREAS under the provisions contained in Article 155 of the Civil Account Code Volume I ilerenaliter referred to as the sud Code whice expression shall where the context so admits include any amendment thereof of addition thereto for the time heing in force and shall be deemed to form part of these presents) the mortgager his agreed to a hance to the mortgager the enfurther sum of Rupees———————————————————————————————————
NOW THIS INDENTURE WITNESSETH that in consideration of the

sud advances of Rupecs-- and Ruper-- making a total of Rupees-

so advanced as aforestud and in pursuance of the said agreement the mortgagor doth hereby covenant with the mortgagee to par to the mortgagee the sud sun of Rupees—

(rnd unch further sums as shall leventler be paid by him to the mortgager pursuant to the herenbefore rec ted payment agreement in that behalf) and interest thereon calculated according to the said not to day of _____next and if the insta Code on the282

FORMS.

No. 20] For

lorn shall not be repaid on that data will pay interest in accordance with the said Code

AND THE INDENTURE ALSO WITNESSLIH that for the consideration aforesaid the mortgagor doth hereby transfer ussign and assure unto the mortgagee together with the dwelling louse and the out-offices, stables, cook rooms and outbuildings and all kinds used or intended to be used with the said dwelling house (creeted ar hereafter to be erected on the said piece of land) together with all rights easements and appurtenances to the same or any of them belonging TO HOLD the said premises including all creetians and buildings bereafter creeted on the said land (hereinafter referred to us the said premises) unto and to the use af the mortgagee absolutely subject to the provisa for redemption hereinafter contained PROVIDED ALWAYS that if and as soon as the said advance of Rupces -----(and of such further sums as may have been paul as aforesaid) made upon the security of these presents and interest thereon calculated according to the said Code shall have been repaid by the deduction of monthly instalments af the salars of the mortgager as in the said Code mentioned or by any other means whatsoever then and in such case the mortgagee will upon the request and at the cost of the mortgagor re canvey, re transfer ar re-assure the said premises nate and to the use of the mortgagor AND the mortgagor hereby corenaats with the mortgagee that he the martgager naw hath good right to transfer the said premises unto the mortgagee free from incumbrances AND FURTHER that he the mortgagor and nil other persons having or lawfully claiming any estate or interest in the said primises or any part thereof shall and will from time to time and at all times hereafter at his or their awn cost do and execute or cause to be done and executed all such acts decus and things for further and more perfectly assuring the said premises unto the mortgagee in manner aforesaid as shall ar may be reasonably required PROVIDED ALWAYS and it is hereby agreed and declared that if there shall be any breach by the martgagor of the covenants an his part herein contained or if he shall die or quit the service at any time before all sums due or parable to the mortgagee on the security of these pre ents shall have been fully paid off then and in any af soch cases it shall be lawful for the mort gagee to sell the said premises or buildings standing thereon or any part thereof either together or in pareels and either by public auction or by private contract with power to buy in or to resemd any contract for sale and to re sell without being responsible for any loss which may be occasioned thereby or to let the same for any term or period and to do and execute all such acts and assurances for effectuating any such sale or letting as the mortgagee shall think fit AND If IS HERLBY DECLARED that the recept of the mortgagee for the purchase money of the premises sold or any part thereof shall effectually discharge the purchaser or purchasers therefrom AND IT IS HERFBY DECLARED that the mortgagee shall hold any rents, profits, premiums, salami ar moneys arising from the premises or from any such letting or sale as aforesaid UPON trust in the first place thereout to pay all expenses attending such sale or otherwise incurred in relation to this security and in the next place to apply such moneys in or towards satisfaction of

the moneys for the time being owing on the security of these presents and then to

pay the surplus if any to the mortgagor AND IT IS HEREBY DECLARED that no lease made by the mortgagor of the said premises or any part thereof during the continuance of this security shall have effect unless the mortgages shall consent thereto in writing

IN WITNESS whereof the mortgagor, bath berennto set his hand the day and year first above written

SIGNED BY the said (mortgager)

in the presence of

1st Witness

Address

Occupation.

282

ronus.

No. 20]

loan shall not be repaid on that date will pay interest in accordance with the said Code

AND THE INDESTURE ALSO WITNESSETH that for the consideration afore said the martgager doth hereby transfer assign and assure unto the mortgages by on the South by on the Fast his---- und on the West latogether with the duelling touse and the out offices, stables, cook rooms and outlauldings and all kinds used or intended to be used with the said dicelling house (erected or harafter to be erected on the said piece of land) together with all rights ensements and appartenuers to the same or any of them belonging TO HOLD the said premiers melading all creettons and haddings becenfter creeted on the said land (heremafter referred to as the said premises) unto and to the use of the mortgages absolutely subject to the provise for redemption ben mafter contained PROVIDED ALWAYS that if and as soon as the said phance of Rupres ---- (and of such further sums as may have been paid as aforesaid) made muon the security of these presents and interest thereon calculated according to the said Code shall have been repeal by the deduction of monthly instalments of the salars of the mortgagor as in the said Code mentioned or hy any other means whatsoever then and in such ease the mortgages will upon the request and at the cost of the mortgager re convey, re-transfer or re-assure the said premises auto and to the use of the mortgagor AND the mortgagor hereby covenants with the marteagee that he tile mortgagor now both good right to transfer tile said premises unto the mortrage free from meumbrances AND FURTILER that he the mortgagor and all other persons having or lawfully claiming any estate or interest in the said premises or not part thereof shall and will from line to time and at all times hereafter at his or their own or t do and execute or cause to be done and executed all such acts decis and things for further and more perfectly assuring the said oremises unto the mortgagee in manner aforesaid as shall or may be reasonably required PROVIDED ALWAYS and it is herely agreed and declared that if there shall be ions breach by the mortgagor of the commants on his part herein contained or if he shall die or quit the service at any time before all show the or paralle to the mortgagee on the scenarity of these pre ents shall have been fully pand off then and m any of such easies it shall be lanful for the mortgagee to sell the said premises or buildings standing thereon or any part thereof either together or in parcels and either by puttic auction or by private contract with power to buy in or to reseind any contract for sale and to re sell without being responsible for any loss which may be occasioned thereby or to let the same for any term or period and to do and execute all such acts and assurances for effectuating any such sale or letting as the mortgagee shaft think fit AND IT IS HERPTY Di CLARFD that the recept of the mortgages for the purchase money of the premises sold or any part thereof shalt effectualty discharge the purchaser or purchasers therefrom AND IT IS HEREBY DECLARED that the mortgages shall hold any rents, profits, premiums, salami or moneys arising from the premises or from any such letting or sale as aforesaid UPON trust in the first place thereout to pay all expenses attending such sale or otherwise mearred in relation to this scennity and in the next place to apply such moneys in or towards entisfaction of the moneys for the time being owing on the security of these presents and then to

pay the surplus if any to the mortgagor AND IT IS HEREBY DECLARED that no lease made by the mortgagor of the said premises or any part thereof during the continuance of this security shall have effect unless the mortgagee shall consent thereto in writing

IN WITNESS whereof the mortgagor, hath hereunto set his hand the day and year first above written

SIGNED BY the said (mortgagor)

in the presence of

1st Witness

Address

Occupation.

Address

Occupation.

Form 21

(LATE FORM S-126)

(See Chapter 9, Artlele 155)

Form of Mortgage

THIS INDINTURE made theday ofOne
thousand nine hundred and Brylin of
a Civil Officer of-
(heremafter referred to as the mortga-or which term shall where the context so
admits include his herr, executors, administrators and a igns) of the
one part and THE SECRETARY OF STATE FOR INDIA IN COUNCIL (Excematter re-
ferred to as the mortgages which term shall where the context so a limits include
his succe sors and as igns) of the other part

WHEREAS the morigagor is alsolutely seized and possessed of or otherwise well entitled to the land laredituments and premises, hereinafter described and expressed to be hereby convived transferred and assured (hereinafter referred to as a search hereditaments).

the sum of Responses to defray the expenses the

a suitable residence for lus own use

NOW THIS INDENTURE WITNESSITH that in pursuance of the said greement and in consideration of the sum of Rs—paul on or store the execution of these presents to the mortgager hy the mortgage (the early where the mortgager doth hereby telenoming) for the purpose of early where the mortgager doth hereby telenomings for the purpose of nibiling the mortgager to defray the hereinheloner received expenses the mort agor hereby covenants with the mortgages to repay to the mortgages the said um of Rs— [and such further sames as shall hereafter he raid by him to be mortgager pursuant to the hereinhelore received agreement in that behalf] and interest thereon calculated according to the said Code on the—lay of —uext¹ and if the loan shall not be repaid on that date all pay interest in accordinace with the said Code App 2718 INDENTURE ALSO APP ESSIFIED that for the consideration afforcessed the mortgager doth hereby onive transfer and assure into the mortgage all that piece of land situate in the —uext¹ and the mortgager all that piece of land situate in the —sub-registration district of — registration district of — containing midel on the —more or less now in the occupation of the mortgager and

nunded on the North.by—on the South by—together it le East by—and on the West by—together with the dwelling house and the out-offices, stables, cook rooms and out buildings

now erceted or hereafter to be erected on the said piece of land together with all rights, casements and appurtenances to the said hereditaments or any of them belonging TO HOLD the said bereditaments with their appurtenances includ ing all erections and huildings hereafter creeted and huilt on the said piece of land unto and to the use of the mortgagee absolutely subject to the proviso tor redemption her inafter continued Provided Always that if and as the said all once of rupees --- | and of such further sums as may have been paid a politicary as foresaid 11 made upon the scennity of these pre ents shall have been in crotchete it repaid and interest thereon calculated according to the and Code by the advance is not reduction of monthly instalments of the salary of the mortgagor as in to be by instal the said Code mentioned or by any other means whatsoever then and in such case the mortgagee will upon the request and at the cost of the mortgagor re-convey, re-transfer or re assure the said bereditaments unto and to the use of the mortgagor or as he may direct and it is hereby agreed and declared that if there shall he any breach by the mortgagor of the ceremants on his part herein contained or if he shall die or quit the service hefore the said sum of rupees---[and any further sum as muy have been pail as aforesaid] and interest thereon calculated according to the said Code shall have been fully paid off then and in any of such cases it shall be inwful for the mortgages to sell the said hereditaments or any part thereof either together or in parcels and either by public auction or by private contract with power to buy in or rescind any contract for sale and to re-sell without being responsible for any loss which may he occasioned thereby AND to do and execute all such acts and assurances for effectnating any such sale as the mortgagee shall think fit and it is hereby declared that the receipt of the mortgagee for the purchase money of tha premises sold or any part thereof shall effectually discharge the purchaser or purchasers therefrom AND it is hereby declared that the mortgagec shall hold the moneys to arise from any sale in pursuance of the aforesaid power upos maner in the first place thereout to pay all the expenses incurred on such sale and in the next place to apply such moneys in or towar a atisfaction of the moneys for the time heing owing on the security of these presidts and their to pay the surplus (if any) to the mortgagor and it is berehy a reed and declared that the said Code shall he deemed and taken to be part of these presents.

The mortgagor hereby covenants with the mortgagee that he the mortgagor will during the continuance of this security observe and perform all the provisions and conditions of the said Code on his part to be observed and performed in respect of these presents and the said hereditanents

IN WITNESS whereof the morigagor, bath hereunto set his hand the day and year first nhove written.

Signed by the said (Mortgagor)

in the presence of

1st witness

Address

Occupation

2nd witness

Address

Ocenpation

(The deed should be registered)

NOTE.-There must be two witnesses to a mortgage.

Form 22

(LATE FORM S 127)

[See Chapter 9, Articla 155 (a) Rule VII, Note]

Form of Mortgage for House Building Advances granted to officers who do not possess full mornelary rights in the land upon which they intend to build a house

Retwell
of
a Civil Officer of
(hereinafter called the mortgagor which term il all where not repugnant to the con
text include his heirs, executors and administrators and essigns) of the one part one
THE SECRETARY OF STATE FOR INDIA IN COUNCIL (hereinafter referred to as the
mortgagee which term shall where not repugnant to the context include his successors and assigns) of the other part

WHLREAS the mortgagor is cutified to the piece of land, hereditaments and premiess hereinafter described under a lense fromduted for a term of years expiring!

subject to a rental of Its

AND WHLREAS the mortgager has applied to the mortgages for an admee of the sum of rupees—for the purpose of enabling him to defray that the purpose of α as a suitable sidence for his own use

AND WHEREAS under the provisions contained in Article 155 of the Civil with t Code Volume I (hereinafter referred to as the said Code which expires an shall where the context so admits include any amendment thereof or addition thereto for the time being in force and shall be deemed to form part of these exents) the mortgagee has agreed to advance to the mortgager the said sum Rs [payable as follows that is to say the sum of Rs

Rs (payable as follows that is to say the sum of Rs of or before the execution of these pre ents and the balance (unless and until e power of sale applicable hearto shall have become everessable) by unal instalments payable quarterly the first of such instalments to be payable on the day of

AND THE INDENTURE ALSO WITNESSETH that for the consideration cresaid the mortgager doth hereby demise let and transfer unto the mortgages

ALL THAT piece of land situate inremstration district ofsub district than a more or less and bounded on the North by -on the South by--on the East hy and on the West hy together with the awelling house and the out offices, stables, cook rooms and out buildings and all kinds used or or benefits intended to be used with the said dwelling house (lately erected) together with all to be rected rights easements and appurtenances to the same or any of them belonging to note erected and the said premises including all erections and buildings hereafter erected on the case may be said land unto the mortgagee his successors and assigns for all the residue now unexpired of the said term of years ghanted by the said lease except the last day of the said term Provinen ALWAYS that if and as soon as the said advance of Rs - [and of such further sums as may have been paid as aforesaid] made anon the security of these presents and interest thereon calculated accord ing to the said Code shall have been repaid by the deduction of monthly instalments of the salary of the mortgagor as in the said Code mentioned or by any other means whatsoever the demise hereby made shall he void ann the mortgagor hereby covenants with the mortgagee that the least creating the term or state for which the said land is held by the mortgogor is now n good, valid and effectual leaso and is in full force, unforfeited and unsurrendered and free from encum honnees and in nowise become void or suidable and that all the rents reserved thereby and all the covenants, conditions and agreements continued therein and on his part to he paid observed and performed have been paid, observed and per formed up to the date of these presents and also that the mortragor will at all times so long as any money remains due on the security of these presents pay, observe and perform or cause to be paid, observed and performed all the said rents covenants conditions and agreements and will keep the mortgageo indemnified against all actions, proceedings, costs, charges claims and demands, if any, to be incurred or sustained by the mortgagee by reason of the non payment of the said rents or the non observance or non performance of such covenants, con ditions or agreements or any of them and also that the mortgagor now has good right and full powers to demise the said premises to the mortgagee in manner aforesaid Ann that it shall be lawful for the mortgages to enter into and pron and to hold and enjoy the said demised premises during the terms hereby granted without any interruption or disturbance by the mortgagor or any person claiming through or in trust for him, and that the mortgagor at the request at any time bereafter of the mortgagee will at his own cost excente and do all such assurances and things as may be necessary or proper for more effectually vesting the said premises in the mortgages in manner aforesaid as may by the mortgages be reasonably required PROVIDER ALWAYS and it is hereby agreed and declared that if there shall be any breach by the mortgagor of the covenants on his part herein contained or if he shall die or quit the service at any time before all sums due or pavable to the mortgagee on the scennty of these presents shall have been fully paid off then and in any of such cases it shall be lawful for the mortgagee to sell the said premises or huldings or any part thereof either together or in parcels and either by public anction or by private contract with power to buy in or to reseind any contract for sale and to re-sell without being responsible for any loss which may be occasioned thereby or to let the same for any term or period and to do and execute all such acts and assurances for effectuating any such sale or letting as

Form 22 A

(LAT: FORM \$ 127-A)

[See Chapter 9 Article 155 (a), Rule VII, Note 3]

Form of Agreement for House Building Advances granted to Government screams to build houses on plots leased from Government in New Delhi

THE BUILDING

thousand mine hundred and BETWEEN the SECRETARY OF STATE FOR INDIA IN COUNCIL (teremeter called the Lender which expression shall include his successors in office and a s.ms) of the one part and————of their infter called the Bor ower who i expression shall include his heirs, a centros administrators legal representatives and permitted a signs) of the other part WHFRI Vs by an agreement for lease dated the date of the council of the other part WHFRI Vs by an agreement for lease dated the date of the council of the other part which is the council of the other
the same parties as these presents. Registered at on
numbered (heremafter called the agreement for lease) the Borrower agreed to
erect building, of the nature stated therein on the piece of find being plot and therein more particularly described
within a period of 36 months from theday of
and Lender agreed that on fullilment of the agreement for lease the Lender would
demise to the Borrower the and piece of land and huldings in perpetuity at the
rent end on the terms and conditions therein specified AND WHFREAS the Borrower has applied to the Lender for an advance of Rsto
enable him to construct and finish the said buildings. AND WHEREAS under
the provisions of Article of the Civil Account Code, Volume I
(hereinafter referred to as the Code which expression shall where the context so admits include any amendment thereof or addition thereto for the time being in
force) which shall be deemed to form part of the e presents the Lender has agreed
to advance the Borrower the said sain of Rssubject and payable
as follows :

- An instalment of its—on or before the execution of these presents and the halance (if the Agreement for Lease has been duly observed and performed by the Borrower and is still in force) in instalments as provided for in the said Code NOW THESE PRESENTS WITNESSETH that in pursuance of the said agreement and in consideration of the premises the Borrower hereby covenants with the Lender—
 - (1) to repay the Lender the said sum of Rs—and any further sums he may have received from the Lender under the hereinhefore received agreement in that behalf with interest thereon calculated according to the said Code by the—day of as provided in the said Code and if the loan shall not be repaid on that date to pay interest in accordance with the said Code
 - (11) To observe and perform the terms and conditions of the Agree ment Lease.

(iii) To obtain a leave in accordance with the Agreement for Leres at soon, as the is emitted to some and to execute a mortgane of his truncumbered interest therein her in favor if it. Lerber in the form prescribed by the said Or be to see it only principal and interest fill owing indeptition present.

IN WITNISS WIII III OF the P retwee Fast become set his land the day and year first above written

Signed by the said (Borrower)

in the presence of

1st witness

Address -

Occupation

2nd wilness

Address

Occupation

(The deed should be regulated)

hore.-There must be two witnesses to an agreement.

Form £3 (LATE FORM S 128)

[See Chapter 9 Article 155 (a) Rule VI, Note] Form of Re-contenance for House building Advances

THIS INDENTURE made the day at -(here rafter called the Secretary of State) of the one part and ----- a Civil there nafter called the mortgagor) of the other part i supplemental to an Industrie of mortgage. da'ed the _____day of _____lo and rade newers the mortgagor of the one part and the Secretary or State of the other part and regurered at---Volume ______to___as __

-- (heremafter called the PRINCIPAL INDENTURE) WHEREAS all moneys due and owing on the scentity of the Principal Indextrar have been fully paid and sati-fied and the Secretary of State has accordingly at the rome t of the mortgagor agreed to execute such re-conversance of the mortgaged pressues in the within written Indiative comprised as is hereinafter contained Now This INDESTCRE WITNES, ETH that in pur-nance of the said agreement and in considera t on of the premises the Secretary of State doth hereby grant as ign and recenter unto the mortragor his heir executors, administrators and assigns and river the piece of land situate in the containing more or less hounded on the North by--on the South ly

-on the East br-

on the Wet 13 -to-ether with the dwelling-house and out-offices, stables, cook rooms and out haildings the ron AND ALL and singular other the premises in the Personal Ispesione comprised or expressed to be thereby assured or which now are by any means vested in the Secretary of State subject to redemption under or by virtue of the PRINCIPAL INDENTURE with their rights exements and appurtenances as in the PRINCIPAL INDENTURE expressed and all the extates right title interest property claim and demand whatsoever of the Secretary of State into out of or upon them same premi co by virtue of the Pathciput Indexreps to have and to hold the premises hereinbefore expressed to he hereby granted assigned and reconveyed unto and to the u.e of the mortgagor his lears excentors administrators and ass one for ever freed and discourged from all moneys intended to be secured hy the Personal Expensions and from all actions, suits, accounts, claims and demands for, or, in respect of, the saul moneys or any part thereof or, for, or in respect of, the PRINCIPAL INDENTURE or of anything relating to the premises AND the Secretary of State hereby covenants with the mortgagor his heirs, executors, administrators and assigns that Secretary of State has not done or knowing y suffered or been parts or prive to anothing whereby the seed premises or any part thereof, are, is or can be imperched incumbered or affe t d in title estate or otherwise howsnever is nitress whereof the parties here's have herenate set their hands and scale the day and year first above written

Signed scaled and delivered byfor and on behalf of the Governor General of India in Council acting in the premises for and on behalf of the Secretary of State for India in Council in the presence of

Form 21

(LAT FORM S I2)

(See Article 165, Note 2.)

Form of Agreement to be executed at the time of drowing on add in a for

the purchase of a Material.

State has expect to lend the said amount to the Bornwer on the terms and conditions hereinafter contained SOW IT IS HPRPD AGRET D between the particular to the Bornwer (the recept of which the Bornwer berby acknowledges) the Bornwer from a green with the Secretary of State to the Bornwer from agrees with the Secretary of State the said amount with interest calculated according to the said Code by monthly deductions from his salary as provided for by the said Cod and hardy authorises the Secretary of State to rack such deductions and (2) with one month from the date of these presents to expend the full arount of the said

loan in the purchase of a motor total or if the sectoral price part is less than the early loan to repay the difference to the Secretary of State forthwith and (3) to execute

a document hypothecating the said motor lost to the Secretary of State as security

for the amount lent to the Borrower as afore-aid and reterest in the furm provided by the said Code AND IT IS HPHFBY LASTLY AGRUFD AND DEC-

LARED that if the motor took has not been purchased and hypothecated as

aforesaid within one month from the date of these presents or if the Borrower within that period becomes insolvent or quits the service of Covernment or dies the whole are until of the loan and interest accrued thereon stall immediately become due and payable

IN WITNI'SS whereof the Borrower has herennto set his hand the day and year first before written

Signed by the said

in the presence of

Car

Substitute the following for this form -

FORM 24-A

(Late form S-129)

(See Chapter 9, Article 156, Note 2)

Form of Mortgage Bond for Motor Boat advance

Cycle
THIS INDENTURE made thusday of . One
thousand mine hundred a
inafter called "the Borroy
STATE FOR INDIA IN merchant the decretary of
State") of the other part
WHEREAS the Borrower spphed for and has been granted an advance
of Rupees to purchase a Motor Boat on the terms of Article
156 of Volume I of the Civil Account Code [therem-fier referred to as " the
i o 1, the little at processor shall anolude ent amendment incledt of addition
therete for the time being in force) AND WHEREAS one of the conditions
thereto in the time the har been and to the Remove is at at
upon which the sud sdvanco has been granted to the Borrower is that
the Borrower would by pothecate the said Motor Boat to the Secretary
of State as security for the amount lent to the Borrower AND WHEREAS
the Borrower has purchased with or partly with the amount so advanced as
Car
afore-aid the Motor Boat particulars whereof are set out in the Schedule
hereunder written
NOW THIS IN o said agreement and for core-nant to pay to the or the
agreement and for core-
nant to pay to the or the
balance thereof ret
ments of Rs each on the first day of every month and will pay
interest on the sum for the time being remaining due and owing calculated
according to the said Code and the Borrower doth agree that such payments
according to the said code and the notioner doth agree that such payments

may be recovered by monthly deductions from his salary in the manner provided by the said Code, and in further pursuance of the said agreement the Borrower doth hereby assign and transfer unto the Secretary of State the



or made in mannaming defending or realising his rights here in 1 r and shall pay over the surplus if any to the Borrower his executors administrators or personal representatives PROVIDED 1 URTHER that the aforested power of	
taking possession or selling of the sail Moto. Boat shall not projudice the right	
of the Se retary of State to see the Borrower or his personal representatives for the sail balance remaining due and interest or in the case of the Motor Car.	
that being sold the amount by which the net sale proceeds fall short.	
of the amount owing AND the Borrower herely further agrees that so long as any moneys are remaining due and owing to the Secretary of State he, Car	
the Borrower will insure and keep insured the said Motor Boat against	
loss or damage by fire theft, or needent with an Insurance Company to be	

loss or damage by fire theft, or needent with an Insurance Company to be approved by the Accounts officer concerned and will produce evidence to the actisfication of the Accounts Officer that the Motor Insurance Company with Car

whom the said Motor Bost to insured have received notice that the Secretary of State is interested in the Policy AND the Borrower hereby further agrees that he will not permit or suffer the said Motor Soyle to be destroyed or injured or to deteriorate in a greater degree than it would deteriorate by reasonable wear and tear thereof AND further that in the event of any damage or accident happening to the said Motor Soyle Bost the Borrower will forthwith

have the same repaired and made good

(Borrower) hath hereunto set his hand the day and the year first above written

THE SCHEDULE

Description of Motor Boat Cycle

Maker s Name Description No of Cylinders

No. 126.

Page 293, Form 24 A (as introduced by correction slip No. 109, dated the 1st November 1935)—

In the Schedule attached to this form, insert the words "Cost price" below the words "Chassis No"

Dated the 1st November 1935 Auditor General in India

GIPE--332 AGDelh: 31 12 35-12,000



Form 21 A

(Latt I ma S 122)

(6re Chapter 9 Article 156, Note 2)

Form of Mortgage Band for Motor Ton Advance
Upile
THIS INDINTIBL made thus

remarker called the horrower) of the one part and the Secretary or Statt from the other part.

WHEREAS the permowen has applied for an advance to purchase the motor—

-described in the Schedule hereto on the terms of Article $\frac{15}{157}$ of Volume I the Civil Account Code theremafter referred to as the said Code which expression all where the context so admits include any amendment thereof or addition therefor the time being in force) Now this INDENTURE WITNESSETH that in conleration of the sum of Rs ----on or before the execution of these presents ad by the Sceretary of State to the borrower (the receipt whereof the borrower reby acknowledges) be the borrower doth hereby assign and transfer unto the eretary of State all that motor --- more particularly described in the schedul reunder written by way of security for the said sum of Ra - and interest ereon calculated according to the said Code AND the borrower doth further ree and declare that he will duly pay to the Secretary of State the sum of s ____aforeand or the balance thereof as shall not have been repaid at a date of these presents by equal payments of Rs ----each on the first y of every month after the date of these presents and will pay interest on the m owing calculated according to the said Code in the manner provided by the id Code And the borrower doth further agree and declare that he has not edged and will not so long as any monies remain payable to the Secretary of ---sell pledge or ate in respect of the said motorirt with the property in or possession of the said motor-OVIDED ALWAYS and it is hereby agreed and declared that if the borrower shall any time make default in the payment of any of the said instalments for the rood of 10 days after the time bereinbefore provided for payment thereof or if e horrower shall die or otherwise cease to be in the service of the Secretary of ate or if the borrower shall sell or pledge or part with the property in or essession of the said motoror become insolvent or ake any composition or airangement with his creditors or if any one shall take occedings in execution of any decree or judgment against the horrower the whole the said principal sum which shall for the time being remain unpaid together th interest thereon calculated according to the SAID CODE shall forthwith becon e syable and it is hereby agreed and declared that the Sceretary of State may on e happening of any of the events hereinbefore mentioned seize and take possesof the said motor——and either remain in possession thereof without re-public auction or private contract and may out of the sale moneys retain the neupal sum aforesaid or so much thereof as may for the time being remain unincipal sum attressed thereon calculated according to the said Code and all

No 24]

costs, charges expenses a taming, defending or realism, of any, to the borrower PROVIDED FURTHER the of the said car shall not precase of the car heing sold it of the amount own, AND the Secretary of state that to be destroyed or inpured deteriorate by reasonable we will be seen the said or determined the said or determined the said large the said.	g his rights h has exect at the afores pudice the rig presentatives he amount by the borrowe he will not p or to detern ar and tear t orated forthw	ereunder and shall pay stors, adamystrators of rad power of taking pe ght of the Secretary of for the amount of th y which the nett sale 1 y the HIRREN PUTTITE ermit or suffer the said rate or a greater deg thereof and will whene rith repair and make g ed against loss or of	over the surpus, or representatives or representatives oversenon or selling. State, to sue the us Bond or in the proceeds fall short. AGREES with a motor—ree than it would neer the said motor tood the said motor tood the said motor tood the said motor.
	No.	154.	- Marie
Page 294, Form 24-B -			orrower)
Insert the following as	a now form	24-B —	1
		in 24 B	
(See Cl	napter 9, Ari	tielo 156, Noto 3)	
[Letter intimating to interest in insurance police	the Insura	non Compoundly C.	!
From			
To			•
(Through the Account	ant General	······· ·· ·· · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•
DEAR STR.	Tricoffee		٫,
•	ha4 4h 4 0. am	-t CCL	
Cur/Coat/Uvele Insurance	Police No.	ctary of State is intere	
and to request that you a	all kindly m	ako a note of the fact	in the
the Company	•		na ento
Place -		Yours fo	uthfully,
	• •	-	•
Date	<u>.</u> .	••	
Forwarded Tho r It is also requested tha any claim is paid under cally for renewal	t the unders	o letter may kindly igned may kindly be i ill also if the premium	nformed
Place		1	
Date	•		ant Gene
)	ptroller
IU A Unda Vol I.	oth Edn (2n)	(Pen) No. 154 dated at	ha let One

In the presence of

Major head

Minor head

Form 25.

(See Chapter 11, Article 191.)

Form of statement to accompany all applications for sanction to expenditure not provided for in the Budget

of (a)	í °	a account Sub	head ailed head.
Amount proposed to be spent durn Amount proposed to be spent durn Proposed re-appro	ig futuro years	n	
1 Heads of estimate affected by the proposal (b),	Actual expen- date of the proposal (ex.)	Amounts as in the estimata passed by Government.	Amount as they will stand after re-appropria- tion.
†(1) Heads under which the proposed ex- penditure will fall.	Rs	Rs	Ra,

No 39

Page 295 Form 25.

Expenditure proposed to be provided for :-

Place a dagger (f) before item (2) in column 1 of the tabular statement (C. A. Code Vol. 1, 8 h Edn. (2nd Rep.), No 39 dat d the lat June 1915]

priation and the Department, or Office, or Officer concerned.

(b) The same detail must be about as in the printed estimates of the Goren ment (or the sanctoned estimate), as the re-appropriation has to be effected by transfer of the figures shown therein

NOTE 1 -- Any further explanation should be given on reverse, where, also if no reappropriation is possible, the urgency and necessity for the expenditure should be fully explained

NOTE 2.—When the application is submitted for the sanction of a local Government, the form may be mediated in any may the local Government thinks fit, precided that the fore indicate distinctly in the order issued that the new penditure is to be met by reappropriation from satisfacted savings under the same grant.

Norn S -The estimates referred to are the Badget and not the Revised estimates.

The Revised estimates must never be referred to in this application.

† Norr 4 -When the figures of more than one grant are involved, the names of the grants should be noted in manuscript above the major heads.

LAAGO

Form 26 (See Chapter 12, Article 201)
(To be printed on foolscap hreadthways)

-Treasury -Deposits at-Register of Repayments of-

КЕМАВКЭ, Treasury carried to Dauly total īş. ıng officer. INTITALS OF Accountant By transfer. AMOUNT REPAID. å In cash. ź To whom repaid. No of repay-ment voucher. prosent repay-ment Date of Amount or balance of deposit B3, DETAIL OF ORIGINAL DEPOSIT. No. as per register of receipt receipt, Date of

[No 27.

27 Note 1 (4) and 202, Note] ,	0/	VOUCHER NO - OF LIST OF PAYENTS	Name of Amount originally Depositor Rupoes Rupoes	n of Rupec	Annas being the amount payable second above on account of the decrease decreased above	Claimant's Signature }	Stamp if required	Passed for payment	Judge, Magnstrate or Collector,
Form 27 [8ee Chapter 12, Articles 198, Note 1 (4) and 202, Note]	Treasury, month of	ervice Deposits	Date of }	In this space a translation of the recept form into the current vernacular should be given	Examined and entered		Accountant	Trusury	Treasury Officer
		HEAD OF SERVICE CHAROEABLE	Original \	In this space at				Pay Rupees	

No. 28.]

Fern 23

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(See Chapter 12, Art.de 204, C. A. C.)

ť, decreases Transered Dalance of each deposit. 75-16 tı ż FOR L'E IN THE ACCOUNTANT GENERALS OFFICE 6, u Legar ä Treatury in the nouth of-٤, Try at a con 20 deport. 10,77 å 12 monthly when 12 m willy wilmer ratari o tarent latte fra year にいとい In the year of re--Deports at the-Amount of cach d possi 4 0 ä Extract Beginter of Receipts of-التعادي بأن بأسادا Neture of Tarmar. From a bond Ann les Date.

3.2. It is not no entry to rotal the last 3 col_man of this reguter.

Form 29 (See Chapter 12 Article 206)

Statement of Lapsed--Deposits of the-†Civil, Criminal Courts or Rovenuo Treasury, for the year 19

PARTICUL	ARS OI	DEPOS	IT	_	ror use												
Year	No	Balance lapsed		Balanco N No lapsed		No and date of Refund order			Amount Refund		and date Amount defund Refund rder sanctions				t of d Initials		REMARKS
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Form 30

(See Chapter 12, Article 208)

Refund of Lapsed Deposits

То

THE ACCOUNTANT GENERAL,

Sir,

The following refunds of Lap ed Deposits aggregating Rupees in words) have been claimed by——of whose identity and title to the money I have satisfied miself I request your sanction to the refund

	PARTICULARS OF ORIGINAL DEPOSIT				Date of						
Class of Deposits	Year	No	dited to Government		dited to lapsed		Amount			REMARKS	
			Re	3	,		Rs	100	Р		
	}		}								
	}		}								
				ĺ			{				
						{ 					
	{		}	l							

(Signature)

Schedule of deductions on account of subscript on to Postal Life Insurance for the month of.....

G Widows and Orphans Fund realised during the Remarks teloT 2 through the [C. A Code, Vol I, 8th Edn. (2nd Reprint), No 47, dated the 1st June 1935.] a sparste lists should be rendered for deductions on account of Indian Military Service Family Pensions of the old Presidencies Designation Signature å mostytemeque Daughters t Accountant betari will use this column for entering the names of the treagnies. 193 Donation gapscubrion Son S Donetton garecutrion Dielerity Bonation Tite. month of (a) Marriage Destailon Schedule of deduction on account of the 8 a Lettod of Pay bill zarn -Subscribera . For use in the Fund Section Mama Station Omce through which tail ?

(Art. 240, C A. C, Vol. 1)

Form 30 C

No. 30.]

FORMS

Form S0

Se Insura	chedule of déductions once for the month of .	n account	of subscript on	to Postal Life
No of Policy	Name of subscriber	Period of pay bill	Amount recovered	Remarks
		! !		
ų				
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			<u> </u>	
			esignation.	
	Audstor. Supdt		of Orders	Supdt

No 81]		Fonms.
ner3 in	Remarks	This information is not required in the case of penatoners
? pensio	Cause of death	
idia) ani	Length Cause of of death service	
d 40) Seruce of India) and pensioner9 in	Particulus as to propos ty (if any)	
V	Address in Fragiand of relatives (I known)	
to beading C	Particulars Place of As to fam ly buth connection	
No 40 th " in th	Place of birth	
No 40 Substrue 'doubs' for "doub" in the bearing o	Age at time of death	<u>0</u>
, II ' deaths Cole Vol	Cccupa t on attime of death	
Form titute [C A	Place of death	
Page 302, Form 31 Substitute' des [C A Cole	Date of death	
P		

Signatura and Title of Officer

(Referred to m Article 2.59 H, Rule 2)

-in Account Current with the Board of Trade for the

by the Board of

Issued

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-193

B Medrang on I or to to that the above account a just and true according to the beat of Sh powners. Sterl ng 3 Br t of Merchant Sh ps and transm it d to the Loard of By amount of B He as p remire drawn on theo n reof Correngy and bud m tred to the Ass stant Sear lary for Enrice France of Trade by per fil Sterling Travell ng Pxpenses etc. as prr Form WAGES PAID to Seamen As per Column of of Forms C C 10 and Forms C C 7 Bulnee d e to the Board of Tra le re Sonsierryce Med cal Cloth ng MISCELLANEOUS PATHENTS -PAYMINTS of Tra le B lls t wan on 1 Sl powners To amount of B listing on the owners of Br t ab Merchantable 1 s Sterl ng Correney Offer at persta ement C C " a d Macritan one Receives - The lo for wiela Biflan been ira n upon tho Ass tant Sectory fr France Fra and D prement Bored of Frade at the edge at the edge at the edge of Frade at the edge of Frade at the edge of Frade at the edge of the 6 of lorn C C 10 and Turms C C Proce da of sale of rifrets etc. of Scamen wie iave ded neinge as per Form WAGET OF DECEMBED SEAR ET (noind no proceeds of efforts) leve death oce 13 WAGER I Proceed of effects of SEAMER WAGTS OF LIVE A SEASIEN BE THE Column Press received under Section 41 M. S. "Il roiree name an it the of offer o tleanyageor a port and for 1 ver £1 Steel RECFIFTS Act 1 10d

I'M in the linkings a sirell and ears of forward to next A count the words not applicable alough. The rate of evel ange abouild always be

my knowledge and bel of

day of ______193

stated in the space frow ded when it a Account is rendered in currency

Form 31-B.

(8	eo	Append	ix	8A.,	Rul	9	2.)
(To	bo	printed	on	fool	сар	fe	he.)

ef	.he
prece	ding en
te	
	. He has been paid up to
	Particulars. Rate.
	Substantive pay
	Officiating pay
	Exchange Compensation Allowance

	Deductions.

	3. He made ever charge of the office of
en 1	heneon of
the	 Receveries are to be made from the pay of the Government servant as detailed on reverse.
88 1	 He has been paid leave salary as detailed below. Deductions have been made oted on the reverse
	Period. Rate. Amount.
	Fromtoat Rsa month.
	Fromat Rsa month.
	From to at Rs a menth.
	6. He is entitled to draw the following:-
	7. He is also entitled to joining time fordays.
of t	The details of the income tax recovered from him up to the date from the beginning the current year are noted on the reverse.
	19

(Designation).....

Form 31 B-concluded

REVERSE

Details of recoveries

Nature of recovery

Amount Ra

To be recovered in

unstalments

Deductions made from leave salary

From	to	on account of	Rs
From	to	on account of	Re
From	to	on account of	Re

Names of months.	Рау		Gratu Foe e	ity te	Fundo Dedo		- 1	Amount income t	ax	Remarks
April 19		T		П						
May 19				Ш		H				
June 19	l	1	Į	П	ļ	ΙĮ			Ш	Į
July 19	- 1		ļ	П		-				1
August 19				Н						
September 19	Į	l		Ш						
October 19		-		Ш		Ш			Ш	
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